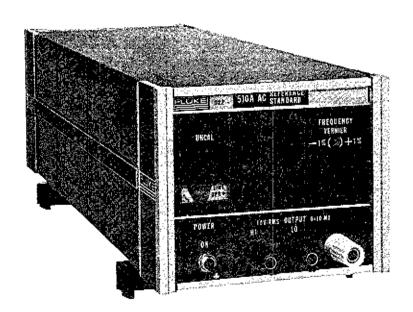
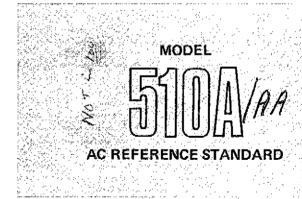
FLUKE 510A/AA

JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO., INC.

P. O. Box 7428 Seattle, Washington 98133







FOR REFERENCE PURPOSES ONLY

THIS DOCUMENT CONTROLS SPECIFICATIONS AND FABRICATION OF A SPECIAL INSTRUMENT MANUFACTURED BY THE JOHN FLUKE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INCORPORATED.

MODEL 510A/AA

	FLUKE	OHN FLUKE M O.BOX 7428,	IFG CO., INC. SEATTLE, WN.			
	SPECIFICATION CONTROL DRAWING SPECIAL PRODUCTS DIVISION					
PROJ. ENG. C. DATE 11-6-71	51	.0A/AA-130				
ENG. APPD. 6 0 200-4 DATE /1-7-7/						
	JF NO.298018	NO. OF S	REV.			

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		DOCUMENT CHANGE RECORD	
EV. TR.	PAGE	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE	
ı	5,6	Added Serial number references	10 24
	7	Added page 7 (3rd page of Documentation Index)	:
2	4	Add: Section 4.1	p-10.
	6	Delete: Item 3	104
	_		1.
3	6	Add: Item 2	
	4	Correct: OECO Transformer # from 17537 to 17584 and Dwg. # from 510A/AA-6001 to 510A/AN-600 Section 4.1	
5	4	Correct dwg. number, Sect. 4.1 from 510A/AN-6001 to 510A/AN-8001	والرام المالي
		JUNIAN OUT CO JEVAN AND OUT	
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		510A/AA-130	V PAC

- 1.0 GENERAL Similar to 510A-04 with the following exceptions:
 - 1.1 Capable of being phase locked to an external 400Hz 26V RMS reference.
 - 1.2 Provides eight separate transformer isolated outputs at 10V RMS into 100K ohms.
 - 1.3 Each output has programmable phase control of 0 or 180 degrees.
 - 1.4 Housed in 3-1/2 inch high full rack width package.
- 2.0 ELECTRICAL All electrical specifications apply with each output loaded into 100K ohms.
 - 2.1 Phase reference input: 26V RMS + 10%, 380 to 420Hz, 30K ohm input impedance.
 - 2.2 Outputs: Eight, transformer coupled, at 10V RMS ± .05%. Phase relationship to phase reference input 0 ± 1 degree or 180 ± 1 degrees programmable. Total harmonic distortion 0.15% isolation between any two outputs or input to any output: 300V DC or peak AC; 1100pf maximum capacitance.
 - 2.3 Phase programming inputs: Power required
 5V DC + 5% at 150ma per input (1.2 Amp
 maximum for all inputs paralleled). Logic
 levels for phase programming (7400 series TTL):
 Logic "O", V in < 0.8V, I in 3.2ma. Logic
 "1"; V in > 2V, I in < lma.
 On a logic "1" to logic"O" transition at
 the phase control enable input, the output
 phase will be programmed according to phase
 control input status. Logic "O" corresponds
 to 180 degrees phase logic "1" corresponds
 to 0 degrees phase with respect to phase
 reference input.</pre>

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510A/AA-130

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3

3.0 MECHANICAL

- 3.1 Chassis size 3-1/2 in. high, 19 in. wide (rack mountable), 15 /2 in. depth behind front panel.
- 3.2 Input and outputs located on rear panel. Input, binding posts on 3/4 in. centers. Outputs 8-8 terminal barrier strips.
- 3.3 Power switch and overload indicator on front panel.
- 4.0 PARTS LIST See Bills of Material and Engineering Drawings listed in Section 5.2 MFG Column.
 - 4.1 Purchased Parts(1) OECO transformer 17584 per 510A/AN-8001

5.0 DOCUMENTATION

5.1 Standard 510A Manual with 510A/AA-130 Specification Control Drawing and Drawings listed in Section 5.2 MNLS Column.

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510A/AA-130

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	5,2	OCUMENTATION INDEX	,				٨	MODEL: 51)A/A/	A
ITEM	DRAWING NUMBER	DRAWING TITLE	SHEETS	B/MT!	MFG	WINTS		Applies instrum with Se numbers	ents erial	
1	510A/AA-160	Acceptance Test Procedure			x	х		λ13	-	
2	510A/AA-1001	Schematic, 8 Output AC Ref Std	. 1		х	х		through S/N I	28	
3										
4	510A/AA-2001	Front Panel Punch	3		<u> </u> x			All		
5	510A/AA-2002	Rear panel punch	1		x			All	ú.	
6	510A/AA-2003	Front Panel scree	ned 1		x			All		
7	510A/AA-2004	Rear Panel screen	ed 1		x			All		
8	510A/AA-2005	Inner Panel LH			<u> x</u>			A11		••••
9	510A/AA-2006	Inner Panel RH	1		x			All		
10	510A/AA-2007	Bracket Xformer M	tg. 1		x			through S/N	1	
11	510A/AA-2008	Hold Down, Transf	ormer 1		х			All	·····	
12	510A/AA-2009	Pad, Transformer	Mtg. 1		x			λll		
13										
14	510A/AA-3001	Drill Detail Phase Lock PCB As	sy. 2	\perp	x			Throug S/N		
15					<u> </u>	_				
16	510A/AA-4001	Phase Lock PCB As	sy. 1	x	x	х		Throug S/N	128	
17	510A/AA-4002	Main PCB Assy. (Modifications) 1	х	X	х		Throug 5/N		
18										
19	510A/AA-4451	Front Panel Assy.	1	x	x			All		
20	510A/AA-4452	Rear Panel Assy.	1	×	x			All	,	
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			510A/	AΑ	-1	30			REV	PAG 5

	5.2	OCUMENTATION INDEX						_		DEL: 510A/AA
ITEM	DRAWING NUMBER	≱. Drawing Title		SHEETS	B/MTL		MNLS		n n	Applies to instruments with serial numbers;
1	510A/AA-5001	Final Assy.		2	х	х				Through S/N 128
2	510A/AA~6510	Power Transformer				1				
3										, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
4										
5	510A/AA	Test & Button-up		1	X.	х				A11
6										
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	Applicable Dra	vings	510	A/7	\A-	-1:	30			REV PAC

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5	5.2 D	OCUMENTATION INDEX							ODI	EL:510A/AA	_
iTEM	DRAWING NUMBER	DRAWING TITLE		SHEETS	B/MTL	_	MULS	GE	i W	applies to Instruments with serial numbers:	
1	510A/AA-1003	Schematic, 8 output AC Ref Std.		1		х	х		1	129 & on	
2	510A/AA-2010	Support		1		x		1		129 & on	
	510A/AA-2011	Support		1		х	1		:	129 & on	
5	510A/AA-2012	Support		1		Х			<u> </u>	129 & on	
6	510A/AA-2013	Support		1		Х		\parallel	-	129 & on	
8	510A/AA-3003	Drill Detail Phase Lock PCB		3		х				129 & on	
9 10	510A/AA-4003	Phase Lock PCB Ass	у.	2	x	х	x		·	129 & on	
· · · · · ·	510A/AA-4004	Main PCB Assy (rew	ork)	1.	x	x	x		_		
12		Final Assy.		2	х	x	x			129 & on	
14 15			<u>.</u>				-				
16											
17					-	-	 	ig			
18				-	+		-	H			
19				+	+	-	+		H		
20			JOHN F	LUK		MA	, N	JF A	CTU	URING CO., IN	С.
	Applicable Dr	awings	510	A/A	A-:	L 3 (0			REV F	7AC

6.0 TEST PROCEDURE - See 510A/AA-160

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A CCEPTANCE

TEST

PROCEDURE

DOCU	MENT NO:	510A/AA-160	REV. 1
TITLE:	510A/AA REFERENCE S	TANDARD (8 O	UTPUT)
	Number of Pages: 20		
PREPARED _	RJ Lewandowski (Project Engineer)	C	ATE 12-8-72
TOOL PROOF	ED		ATE
APPROVED _	(Test Supervisor) (Manufacturing Engineer)		ATE <u>/2-//-72</u> -
APPROVED _			ATE
	(Engineering Section Head)		
APPROVED _		D	ATE
	(Quality Assurance)		

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		DOCUMENT CHANGE RECORD
REV. LTR.	PAGE	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE
1	5	ADD: Sections 2.1 and 2.2
		ADD: "(S/N 001 through 128)" to Section 3.0
	13	ADD: "for instruments with S/N 001 through 128" to Section 3.4.7
	Accept. Test Record	ADD: Notation on top of page.
	14 - 20	ADD: New Section 4.0
		ADD: Additional "ACCEPTANCE TEST RECORD"
		Prepared By: Robert J. Lewandowski /2-8-72 Robert J. Lewandowski Date
		JOHN FLUKE MANUFACTURING CO., INC.
		510A/AA-160 REV PAGE 1 2

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		Document Change Record	2
		Table of Contents	3
		Reference & Test Equipment Required	4
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2.0		Scope	5
3.0		General Procedure S/N001 - 128	5
	3.1	Turn-On 510A	5
	3.2	Calibration 510Basic	7
	3.3	Operational Alignment 510A/AA	8
	3.4	Final Calibration 510A/AA	11
4,0		General Procedure S/N 129 & On	. 14
	4. l	Turn-on 510A	14
	4.2	Calibration 510A Basic	15
	4.3	Operational Alignment 510A/AA	17
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The following is a list of equipment required to test the 510A/AA.

Multimeter
Variac
AC Ammeter
AC/DC Differential
Voltmeter
Oscilloscope

Thermal Transfer Standard Fluke 540B DC Calibrator 10V and 14.

Load resistors

Continuously variable Frequency Counter Phase Reference Source RMS Voltmeter

Phase Meter Distortion Analyzer Wave Analyzer Fluke 8100A 1A Minimum 0-100ma

HP3590A

Fluke 887A
Tektronix 545 with lAl Plug in and 10X attenuator probe or equiv. Fluke 540B
10V and 14.14214 volts ± 20 ppm
@ 5ma, Fluke 343A
(1) 700 ohms, (1) 1.3K ohms,
(8) 100K ohms ± 1%, and (1) 110K ohms ± 1%.
DC Power Supply 0 to ± 10V @ 1.5 Amp. 300-400Hz with 1Hz resolution.
26V RMS, 350 to 450Hz.
Fluke 931B calibrated to ± 0.02% See 3.2.9.
Wiltron 351
HP333A or

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1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of the Test Procedure is to define requirements and procedures for production testing of the Model 510A/AA Reference Standard.

2.0 SCOPE

This procedure defines tests to be performed on all instruments.

- 2.1 Section 3 applies to instruments with serial numbers 001 through 128.
- 2.2 Section 4 applies to instruments with serial numbers above 128.
- 3.0 TEST PROCEDURE (Serial Numbers 001 through 128)

NOTE: All references to 510A are to the 510A-4001 (307869) PCB assembly. All references to the 510A/AA are to the 510A/AA-4001 PCB assembly. All measurements are made to circuit common (black binding post, TP 8 & 10 on 510A/AA or 510A shield cover) unless otherwise specified.

3.1 Turn-On - 510A Basic

NOTE: All referenced test points and adjustments are on 510A, unless otherwise noted. Referenced output terminals are TP 12 & TP 11 (common) on 510A/AA.

- Disconnect red, blue and violet leads from 510A.
 Disconnect orange and yellow leads on 510A/AA.
- 3.1.2 AC Power Input Receptacle

Verify that the AC power input receptacle is installed with the grounding pin up and that the high side of the line (pin marked L on back of receptacle) is connected to the center post of the fuse holder.

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3.1.3 Isolation Check

Set the multimeter to the 10M ohm range and measure the resistance between the rear panel WHITE and BLACK binding posts. The resistance should be infinite.

3.1.4 Output Transistor Check

Set the multimeter to the 1K ohm range. Connect the + lead to 028 base and the - lead to 028 emitter. The meter should read between 800 and 1500 ohms.

Repeat for Q25.

Connect the + lead to Q27 emitter and the - lead to Q27 base. The meter should read between 800 and 1500 ohms.

NOTE: If resistance is greater than 1500 ohms, the wrong transistors are installed.

3.1.5 Adjustment Preset

Set the 115-230V switch on the rear panel to 115V. Set R100 and R27 fully ccw and center all 9 remaining posts (including R96 at the front panel).

3.1.6 Plug In

Plug the instrument into the variable line voltage source. Monitor TP2 (+18V) with a DC voltmeter and the output with a scope (5V/cm sensitivity). Bring up the line voltage slowly. The +18V should come up but there may be no AC output depending on the setting of R90. Set the line to 115V. Input current should not exceed 50ma AC.

3.1.7 FET Bias Set

Monitor TP5 for +.6 to -6.0V and adjust R90 to produce -2.3V to -2.7V. With no output present, TP5 should be at *6.0V. If the output is >10V rms, TP5 will be approximately +3V.

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3.2 Calibration - 510A Basic

- 3.2.1 -18V Regulated Supply (TP4) -18V + .5V
- 3.2.2 <u>+18V Regulated Supply (TP2)</u> Set to +18V + .2V with R9
- 3.2.3 Reference Voltage +14.14214V (TP10)

 Measure TP10 with the 887A. Use internal circuit common (shield cover). Clip jumpers A and B per table.

V _{REF} - 14.14214V	Clip Jumper
0 to .00571	None
.00572 to .01141	A
.00142 to .01712	В
.01713 to .02182	A&В,

Next set reference with R27 to 14.14214V \pm 200uV.

This step must be preceded by 3.1.5.

- 3.2.4 <u>V3, V4, Zero Set</u>

 Use internal circuit common (shield cover)

 Monitor TP6. Set R49 to 0 ± 100uV.

 Monitor TP7. Set R72 to 0 + 100uV.
- 3.2.5 Output Stage Bias Current Set

 Short TP14 to circuit common.
 (Oscillator will stop.) Adjust R100
 for +250mV between TP4 and TP12.
 Disconnect voltmeter from TP4 and
 TP12. Remove short.
- 3.2.6 Detector Diode Bias Set

 With DC coupled scope and X10 probe,
 set R60 for + 100mV + 10mV peak at
 TP8. Use 50mV or 100mV vertical
 sensitivity.

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- 3.2.7 Amplitude Determining Resistor Balance

 Monitor output TP12 & TP11 on 510A/AA
 board with AC Diff. VM with max null
 sensitivity. Adjust R37 for "0" shift
 in output level when A252 is switched
 (adjust R37 for half the shift and
 switch A252 to check setting).
 Repeat if necessary. Set for < 50uV shift.
- 3.2.8 Uncalibrated Indicator Check

 Apply 700 ohm load to output.

 Uncalibrated indicator should come on.

 Apply 1.3K ohms. Indicator should

 not be on.
- 3.2.9 Inherent Absolute Calibration Check
 Using a 540B, perform an AC-DC transfer
 on the 510A/AA. Error should be less
 than 0.02%.

Record the error with sigh (+ or -).

NOTE: This calibrated signal level can be used as a reference for calibrating the 910B used in final output level adjustment of the 510A/AA.

3.3 Operational Alignment - 510A/AA

3.3.1 Turn Instrument OFF

Reconnect red lead to TP2 & violet lead to TP4, turn instrument on. Observe that + and - 18 volts on 510A/AA are correct. Low level of + or - 18 volts indicates excessive loading or short circuit on 510A/AA. Disconnect red and violet leads and troubleshoot. Reconnect Orn & yel leads on 510A/AA blue lead to pin near Q21 on 510A.

3.3.2 On 510A/AA set R52, R54 and R88 to mid range and R49 max ccw. Remove U1 from its socket and apply +10 volts to TP5, and TP10 (common) on 510A/AA. Monitor voltage at TP5 on 510A.

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- 3.3.3 Adjust R88 on 510A/AA for equal voltages at TP5 on 510A when polarity of 10 volt signal is reversed. R90 on 510A may have to be adjusted to maintain the voltage at TP5 on 510A between zero and -5 volts to maintain the 510A in linear operation.
- 3.3.4 Vary applied voltage at TP5 on 510A/AA from -10V through 0 to +10V while monitoring the voltage change at TP5 on the 510A. Change should be less than 2V. Adjust R90 on the 510A to center the voltage change about -2.5VDC. Remove voltmeter from TP5 on 510A.
- 3.3.5 Connect frequency counter to output TP12 and TP11 (common). With zero volts at TP5 on 510A/AA adjust R95 on 510A for 400 + 1Hz, with +10 volts at TP5 the output frequency must be greater than 435Hz; with -10 volts at TP5 outut frequency must be less than 365Hz.
- 3.3.6 Apply +3 volts to TP5 on 510A/AA and adjust R52 for 420 + 2Hz. With -3 volts at TP5 frequency should be 380 + 3Hz. Disconnect frequency counter. Monitor TP6 on \$10A/AA with oscilloscope while adjusting R54 for minimum dc shift with voltage at TP5 on 510A/AA is changed from +10V to -10V. Shift should be less than 100mV.
- 3.3.7 Remove dc supply and short TP5 to TP10 on 510A/AA. Monitor TP9 with voltmeter and adjust R49 for 4 ± .05V DC.
- 3.3.8 Trigger oscilloscope externally from output at TP12 & TP11 (common). Observe that signal at TP2 is a symmetrical square wave of approximately 10 volts peak to peak centered about 0V DC and is 1800 out of phase with the output.

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PAG	REV	510A/AA-160
	REV	510A/AA-160

- 3.3.9 Observe that the waveform at TP3 is a symmetrical square wave at 1/2 the output frequency, the amplitude should be 0V to -10V peak to peak.
- 3.3.10 Apply 26V RMS 400Hz phase reference signal to the rear panel phase reference input. Trigger oscilloscope externally from phase reference signal. Observe that signal at TP1 is a symmetrical square wave of approximately 10 volts peak to peak centered about 0 VDC and is in phase with the phase reference signal.
- 3.3.11 With power off replace Ul. Remove short from TP5 on 510A/AA. Turn power on. Monitor TP3 on 510A/AA with oscilloscope the waveform should become a symmetrical square wave within a few seconds indicating the 510A/AA is phase locked to the reference signal.
- 3.3.12 Change the reference signal frequency to 370Hz and then to 430Hz observing that the square wave signal appears at TP3 on the 510A/AA indicating phase lock.
- 3.3.13 Apply a variable 5V DC source to terminals C and D of TB1 through TB8 in parallel. Connect all terminal A's of TB1 through TB8 together, this will be a common phase control function for all outputs.
- 3.3.14 Connect the phase control buss to +5V (terminal C) and alternately connect the phase control enable input (terminal B) of TBl through TBS to ground (terminal D) to set all phases to 0 degrees.
- 3.3.15 Externally trigger an oscilloscope from the phase reference input and check each output, terminals E & F (common) observing an in-phase condition with the phase reference.

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- 3.3.16 Connect the phase control buss to Gnd, and alternately connect each phase control enable input to ground to set all phase to 180 degrees. Check each output with oscilloscope observing the 180 degree phase condition.
- 3.3.17 Reduce the voltage across terminals C & D to 4.5V. Repeat 3.3.13 to 3.3.15 above. All relays must function correctly with 4.5 volts applied.

3.4 Final Calibration 510A/AA

3.4.1 Terminate each output with 100K ohm
+ 1% load. Calibrate using a 931B RMS
Voltmeter accurate to + .02% or better
at 10VRMS \$00Hz. Set output levels
at E (high) and F (low) on TB1 through
TB8 to 10.00V RMS + .005%, using R67
through R74 respectively. See 3.2.9.

NOTE: The input impedance of the 931B is 1M ohm, this paralleled with the 100K ohm load impedance will reduce the actual load on the measured output to approximately 91K causing the indicated reading to be approximately 100 to 150 ppm low. To compensate for this error the load resistor on the measured output must be changed to 110K ohm. All outputs must be terminated into 100K ohm for proper level out of any channel due to transformer primary impedance loss with output loading.

3.4.2 Calibrate and zero phase meter for 0 degrees with resolution of 0.1 degree maximum. Connect input 1 (reference input) of phase meter to signal at phase reference input of510A/AA.

Connect input 2 (test input) to an output channel using a cable approximately the same length as on input 1. Set the phase to 0 + 0.1 degrees using R42 on 510A/AA. Reverse the input leads to the phase meter and observe the meter reads 0 + 0.1 degrees.

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- 3.4.3 Vary the phase reference input signal frequency from 380Hz to 420Hz and observe theat the phase error after settling is less than +0.5 degrees.
- 3.4.4 Check each output channel with phase meter, maximum phase difference between any two channels must be less than 0.1 degrees.

NOTE: The effects of phase meter input loading on 100K ohms loads will be insignificant for phase meter input impedances of 1M ohms or greater. Load resistor on measured output channel need not be changed to 110K ohms.

- 3.4.5 Set phase reference frequency to 400Hz. Connect distortion analyzer or wave analyzer to an output (terminals E & F). Measure total harmonic distortion less than 0.15% or using a wave analyzer the second and third harmonics should be less than 10mV (60db below the level of the fundamental). Repeat for 2 additional outputs.
 - NOTE: DC Magnetization of the output transformer can cause an increase in harmonic distortion. This may be brought about by the application of a dc current through an output winding or by recovery transients generated by the 510A when an output is repeatedly shorted. This effect is not permanent and can be reduced by applying a variable dc source to an output through a 3K ohm resistor while monitoring the distortion. By varying the voltage both positive and negative a null of distortion will be observed, if the applied voltage is removed at the time, the the null is observed the distortion shaould remain at or near the minimum level noted. Several attempts may be required to achieve a minimum level.

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- 3.4.6 Repeat 3.4.5 above for 380 Hz and 420 Hz.
- 3.4.7 Remove all test equipment, this concludes the Acceptance Test for instruments with Serial Number 001 through 128.

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4.0 TEST PROCEDURE (Serial Numbers 129 and on)

NOTE: All references to 510A are to the 510A/4001 (307868) PCB assembly. All references to the 510A/AA are to the 510A/AA-4003 PCB assembly. All measurements are made to circuit common (black binding post, TP 8 and TP 12 on 510A/AA or 510A shield cover) unless otherwise specified.

4.1 Turn-On - 510A Basic

NOTE: All referenced test points and adjustments are on 510A, unless otherwise noted. Referenced output terminals are TP 11 and TP 12 (common) on 510A/AA.

4.1.1 Disconnect red, blue and violet leads from 510A. Disconnect orange leads on 510A/AA.

4.1.2 AC Power Input Receptacle

Verify that the AC power input receptacle is installed with the grounding pin up and that the high side of the line (pin marked L on back of receptacle) is connected to the center post of the fuse holder.

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4.1.3 Isolation Check

Set the multimeter to the 10M ohm range and measure the resistance between the rear panel WHITE and BLACK binding posts. The resistance should be infinite.

4.1.4 Output Transistor Check

Set the multimeter to the 1K ohm range. Connect the + lead to Q28 base and the - lead to Q28 emitter. The meter should read between 800 and 1500 ohms.

Repeat for Q25.

Connect the + lead to Q27 emitter and the - lead to Q27 base. The meter should read between 800 and 1500 ohms.

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NOTE: If resistance is greater than 1500 ohms, the wrong transistors are installed.

4.1.5 Adjustment Preset

Set the 115-230V switch on the rear panel to 115V. Set R 100 and R 27 fully ccw and center all 8 remaining pots (including R 96 at the front panel).

4.1.6 Plug In

Plug the instrument into the variable line voltage source. Monitor TP 2 (+18V) with a DC voltmeter and the output with a scope (5 V/cm sensitivity). Bring up the line voltage slowly. The +18V should come up but there may be no AC output depending on the setting of R 90. Set the line to 115V. Input current should not exceed 50 ma AC.

4.1.7 FET Bias Set

Monitor TP 5 and adjust R90 to produce -2.3V to -2.7V. With no output present, TP 5 should be at -6.0V. If the output is > 10V rms, TP 5 will be approximately +3V.

4.2 Calibration - 510A Basic

4.2.1 -18V Regulated Supply (TP 4)

 $-18V \pm .5V$

4.2.2 +18V Regulated Supply (TP 2)

Set to + 18V + .2V with R9.

4.2.3 Reference Voltage +14.14214V (TP 10)

Measure TP 10 with 887A. Use internal circuit common (shield cover). Clip jumpers A and B per table.

v_{REF-1}	4. 14214V	Clip Jumper	-	,
0 to .0057 .00572 to .00142 to	.01141 .01712	None A B A & B		
. 01713 to		NUFACTURING CO	D., IN	1C.
	510A/AA-160		REV l	PAGE 15

Next set reference with R 27 to 14.14214V + 200 uV. This step must be preceded by 4.1.5.

4.2.4 V3, V4, Zero Set

Use internal circuit common (shield cover). Monitor TP 6. Set R 49 to 0 ± 100 uV. Monitor TP 7. Set R 72 to 0 ± 100 uV.

4.2.5 Output Stage Bias Current Set

Short TP 13 to circuit common. (Oscillator will stop). Adjust R 100 for + 25mV between TP 4 and TP 11. Disconnect voltmeter from TP 4 and TP 11. Remove short.

4.2.6 Detector Diode Bias Set

With DC coupled scope and X10 probe, set R 60 for + 100 mv ± 10 mv peak at TP 8.
Use 50 mv or 100 mv vertical sensitivity.

4, 2.7 Amplitude Determining Resistor Balance

Monitor output TP 11 and TP 12 on 510A/AA board with AC Differential Voltmeter with maximum null sensitivity. Adjust R 37 for "0" shift in output level when A 252 is switched (adjust R 37 for half the shift and switch A 252 to check setting).

Repeat if necessary. Set for < 50uV shift.

4.2.8 Uncalibrated Indicator Check

Apply 700 ohm load to output.
Uncalibrated indicator should come on.
Apply I. 3K ohms. Indicator should not be on.

4.2.9 Inherent Absolute Calibration Check

Using a 540B, perform an AC - DC transfer on the 510A/AA. Error should be less than 0.02%.

Record the error with sign (+ or -).

NOTE: This calibrated signal level can be used as a reference for calibrating the 910B used in final output level adjustment of the 510A/AA.

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4.3 Operational Alignment - 510A/AA

4.3.1 Turn Instrument OFF

Reconnect red lead to TP 2 and violet lead to TP 4, turn instrument On. Observe that + and - 18 volts on 510A/AA are correct. Low level of + or - 18 volts indicates excessive loading or short circuit on 510A/AA. Disconnect red and violet leads and troubleshoot. Reconnect orange leadson 510A/AA, blue lead to pin near Q 21 on 510A.

- 4.3.2 On 510A/AA set R 34 and R 44 to mid-range.

 Short TP 5 to TP 8. Monitor TP 7 (Hi), TP 8 (Low)

 and operate R 34 across full range. Observe voltage

 varies from > +3.8 to < -3.8.
- 4.3.3 Connect frequency counter to 510A/AA output.

 Short 510A/AA TP 5, TP 7, and TP 8.

 Adjust R 95 on 510A for 400 + 1 Hz on counter.

 Remove short from TP 8 to TP 7. Leave short between TP 5 and TP 8 connected.
- 4.3.4 Monitor voltage at 510A, TP 5, while varying 510A/AA, R 34, from one extreme to the other. Adjust the 510A/AA R 44 for equal voltages († 0.2V) at TP 5 at the extremes of R 34 adjustment. 510A R 90 may have to be adjusted to maintain the voltage at 510A TP 5 between 0 and -5V to maintain the 510A in linear operation.
- 4.3.5 Slowly vary the setting of 510A R 34 observing the voltage at 510A TP 5. The voltage change should be less than 1 volt. Adjust 510A R 90 to center the voltage range at TP 5 about -2.5 volts.
- 4.3.6 Observe output frequency with R 34 set to extremes of adjustment. The maximum frequency must be greater than 415 Hz and the minimum frequency must be less than 385 Hz. Remove short.
- 4.3.7 Monitor voltage at 510A/AA TP 7. Adjust 510A/AA R 34 for 0 + 0.1 VDC at TP 7.

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- 4.3.8 Apply 26V RMS 400 Hz phase reference signal to the rear panel phase reference input. Trigger oscilloscope externally from phase reference signal. Observe that signal at TP 1 is a symmetrical square wave of approximately 0 to +5 volts peak to peak and is in phase with the phase reference signal.
- 4.3.9 Connect oscilloscope to 510A/AA TP 2 and observe that signal is a symmetrical square wave of approximately 0 to +5 volts peak to peak and is in phase with the phase reference signal.
- 4.3.10 Change the reference signal frequency to 370 Hz and then to 430 Hz observing that the signal at 510A/AA TP 2 comes into phase with the reference signal at each extreme indicating phase locked condition.
- 4.3.11 Apply a variable 5V DC source to terminals C and D of TB 1 through TB 8 in parallel. Connect all terminal A's of TB 1 through TB 8 together. This will be a common phase control function for all outputs.
- 4.3.12 Connect the phase control buss (Term. A) to +5V (Term. C) and alternately connect the phase control enabling input (Term. B) of TB 1 through TB 8 to ground (Term. D) to set all phases to 0 degrees.
- 4.3.13 Externally trigger an oscilloscope from the phase reference input and check each output, terminals E and F (common), observing an in-phase condition with the phase reference.
- 4.3.14 Connect the phase control buss (Terminal A) to ground and alternately connect each phase control enable input to ground to set all phase to 180 degrees.

 Check each output with oscilloscope observing the 180 degrees phase condition.
- 4.3.15 Reduce the voltage across terminals C and D to 4.5V. Repeat 4.3.15 above. All relays must function correctly with 4.5 volts applied.

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4.4 Final Calibration - 510A/AA

4.4.1 Terminate each output (terminals E and F) with 100K ohm ± 1% load. Calibrate using a 931B RMS Voltmeter accurate to ± .02% or better at 10V RMS, 400 Hz. Set output levels at E (Hi) and F (Low) on TB 1 through TB 8 to 10.00V RMS ± .005% using R 48 through R 63 respectively. See 4.2.9.

NOTE: The input impedance of the 931B is 1M ohm.

This, paralleled with 100K ohm load impedance, will reduce the actual load on the measured output to approximately 91K causing the indicated reading to be approximately 150 to 250 ppm low. To compensate for this error the load resistor on the measured output must be changed to 110K ohm. All outputs must be terminated into 100K ohm for proper level out of any channel due to output impedance loss with output loading.

- 4.4.2 Calibrate and zero phase meter 0 degrees with resolution of 0.1 degree maximum. Connect input 1 (reference input) of phase meter to signal at phase reference input of 510A/AA.
 Connect input 2 (test input) to an output channel using a cable approximately the same length as on input 1.
 Set the phase to 0 ± 0.1 degrees using R 31 on 510A/AA. Reverse the input leads to the phase meter and observe the meter reads 0 ± 0.1 degrees.
- 4.4.3 Vary the phase reference input signal frequency from 380 Hz to 420 Hz and observe that the phase error after settling is less than ± 0.5 degrees.
- 4.4.4 Check each output channel with phase meter. Maximum phase difference between any two channels must be less than 0.1 degrees.

NOTE: The effects of phase meter input loading on 100K ohms loads will be insignificant for phase meter input impedance of 1M ohm or greater. Load resistor on measured output channel need not be changed to 110K ohms.

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510A/AA-160	REV	PAGE

- 4.4.5 Set phase reference frequency to 400 Hz.

 Connect distortion analyzer or wave analyzer to an output (Terminals E and F).

 Measure total harmonic distortion less than 0.15% or using a wave analyzer the second and third harmonics should be less than 10 mV (60 db below the level of the fundamental). Repeat for 2 additional outputs.
- 4.4.6 Repeat 4.4.5 above for 380 Hz and 420 Hz.
- 4.4.7 Remove all test equipment. This concludes the Acceptance Test for instrument with Serial Numbers 129 and on.

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Test Record

APPLICABLE TO SERIAL NUMBERS 129 AND ON

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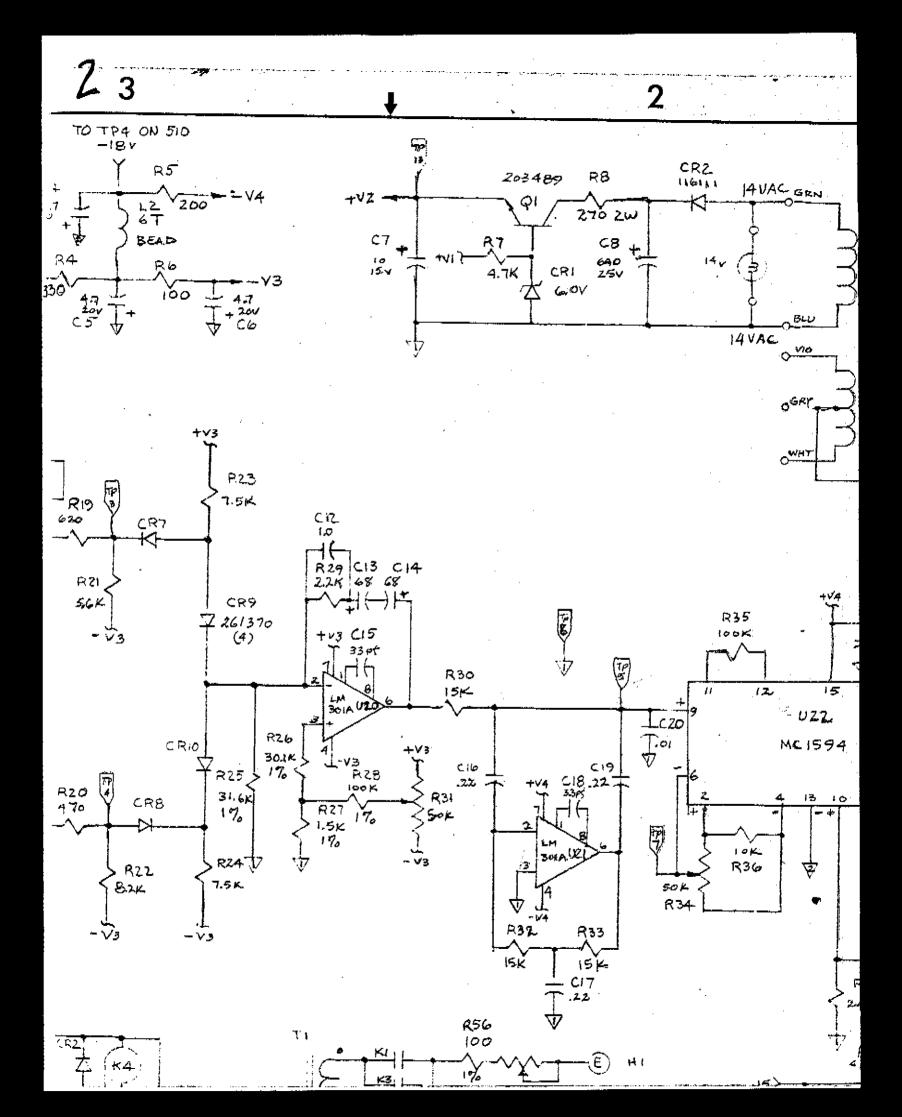
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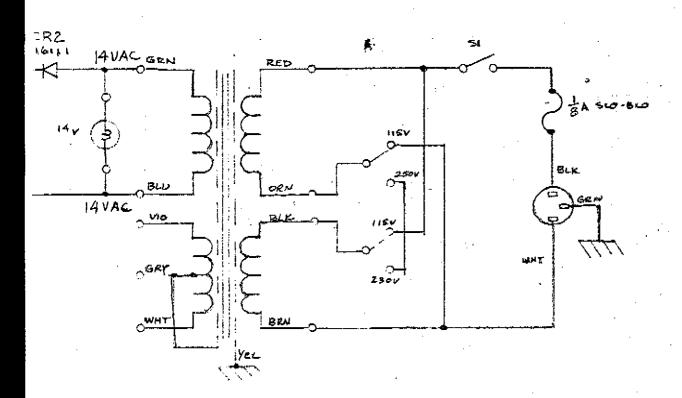
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4.2 CALIBRATION - 510A					difference		
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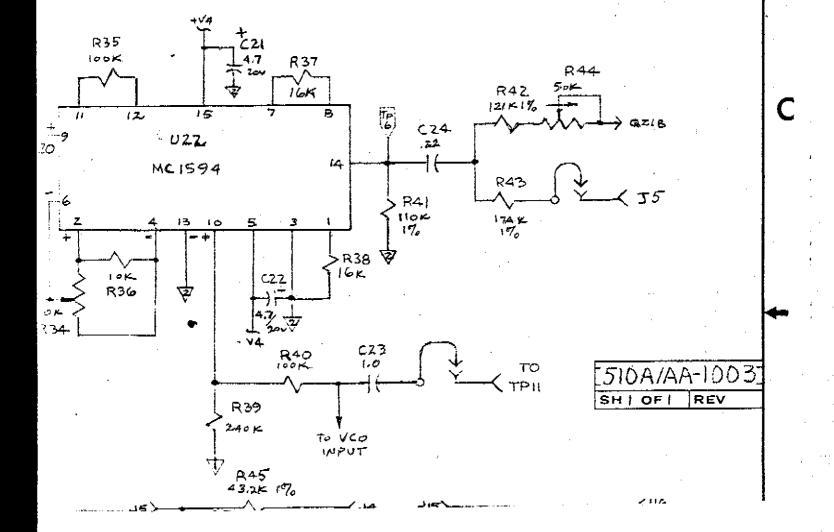
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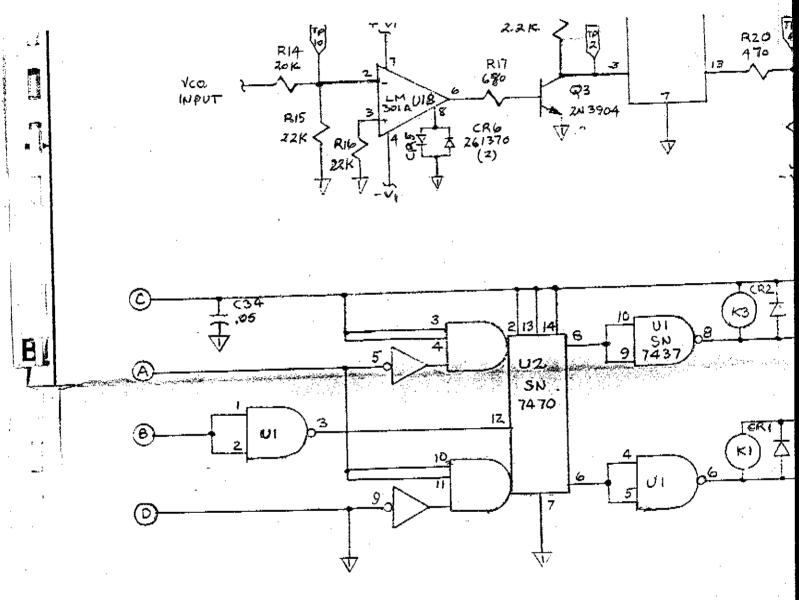
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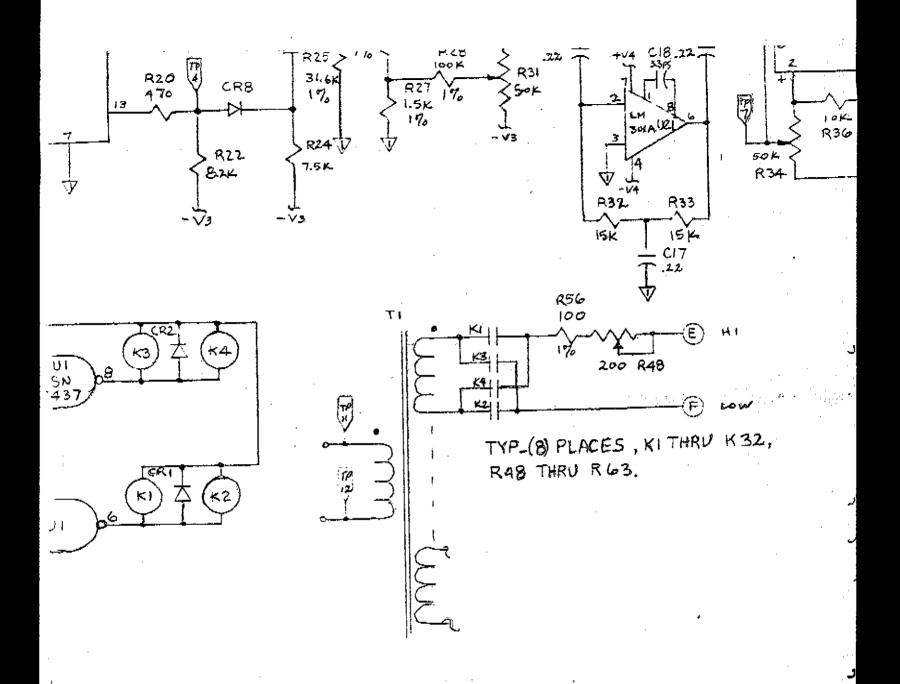
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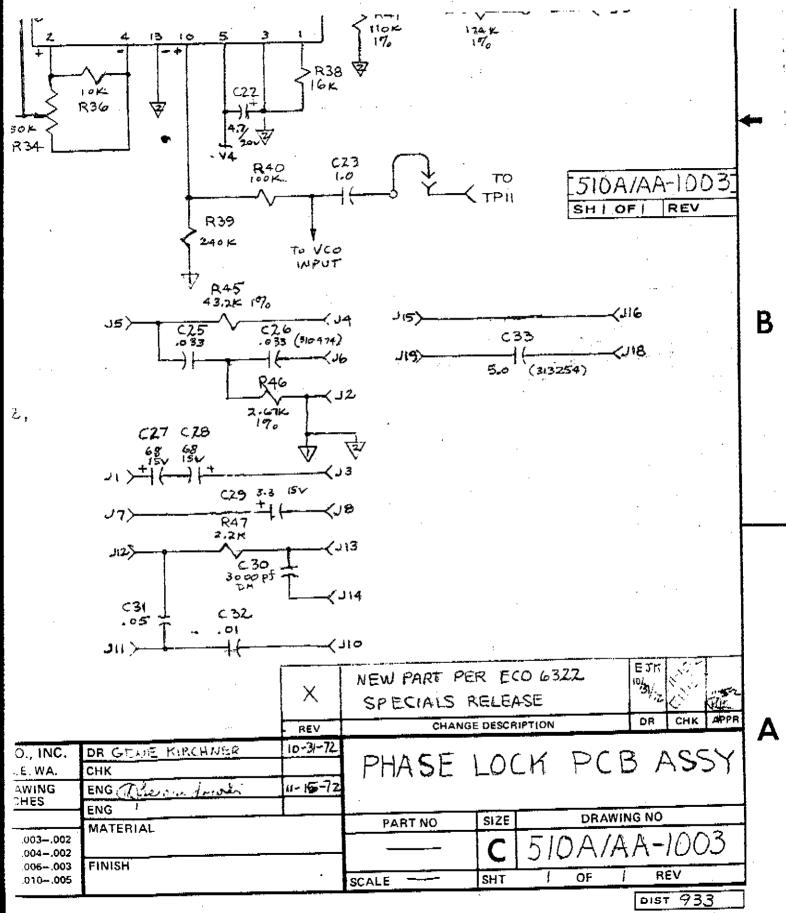
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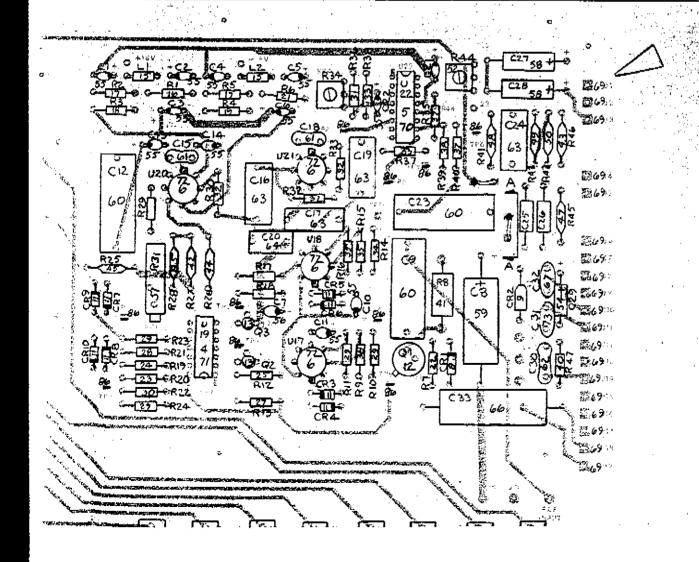
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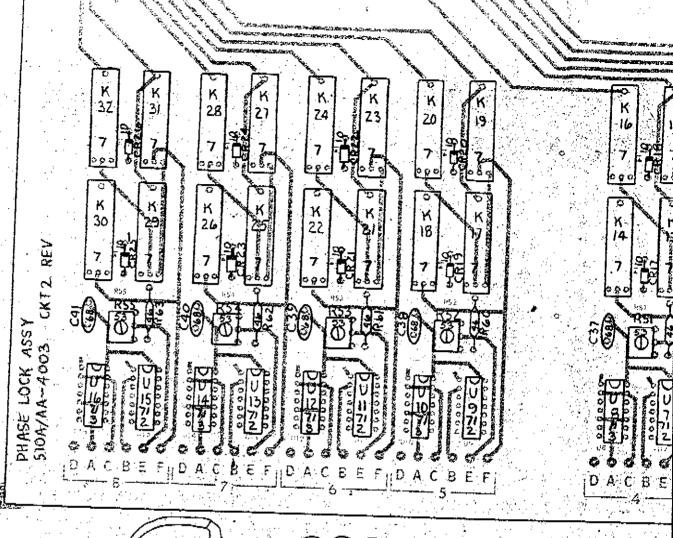
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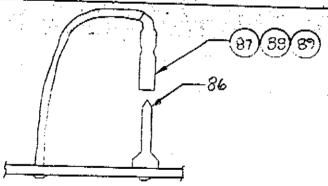
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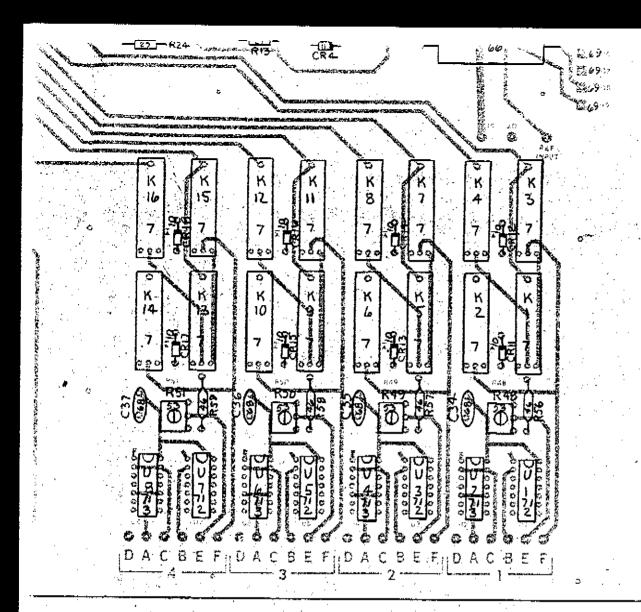
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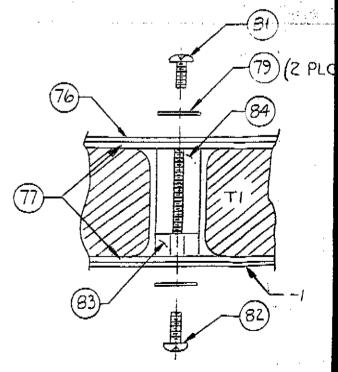
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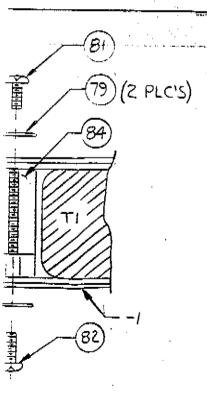


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1	30	R22	160796	Į)		8.Zr
8	31	R36	148106	11	þ	1614
19	32	R30,32,33	148114	11	<i>j.</i>	15K
1	33	R38,37	221606	II	. **	16K
17	34	RI4	221614	11	lı .	20K
4	3 <i>5</i>	R15.16	148130	11	vi	Z2K
/	36	R9	193417	H	II	30K
3	37	R35.40	148189	r*	"	100K

	9			_	ECO 63ZZ REPLACES SPECIALS R		AA-4001 SE
				REV	CHA	NGE DESC	RIPTION
	FLUKE	JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO., INC.	DRGENE KIRCHNER	8-18-72	_		
dis- inc.		P.O. BOX 7428, SEATTLE, WA.	СНК			SF	LOCK
on of dis-	89536	DO NOT SCALE DRAWING DIMENSIONS IN INCHES	ENGRIJENEN down	11-15-72	1 1 1 7 -	ا ــا لـــ	
nanu. Co.		TOLERANCES	ENG V				
ed at	.XX ±.020	.000100 DIA +.003002	MATERIAL		PART NO	SIZE	DRAWII
ooses into which Truke	.XXX±.010 ANGLES± XC =	.010200 DIA +.004002 .201500 DIA +.006003 .5011.00 DIA +.010005	FINISH	. .		D	510A/A
	G	-,010-,00a			SCALE 2!)	SHT	I OF !

			-111					
]		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		-	,
	2_	24	RID	221903	3.	41	620-2	ı
' -	1	Z5	R12.17	148007	1,1	j.	680 r	2
4	4	26_						
+	1	27	R13.18,29	148049	tt		2.ZK	3
ut	Z	28	R ZI	148080	pt.	**	5.6K	- 1
<u>, † </u>	1	<u>Z</u> 9	RIO, 11,23,	193326	,11		7.5K	4
u+	1	30	R22	160796	1'	11	8.ZK	- <u></u>
٦٢.	8	31	R36	148106	(I	þ	10K	1
	19	32	R30,32,33	148114	"	μ .	15K	3
	1	33	R38,37	221606	11	. ,	16K	2.
	17	34	R14	221614	ħ	и	ZOK	1
	4	35	R15.16	148130	"	k į	22 K	Z
+		36	R9	193417	11	¥1	30K	1
	3	37	R35.40	148189	**	n	100K	Z
	1		···· ····			** ***********************************	1	
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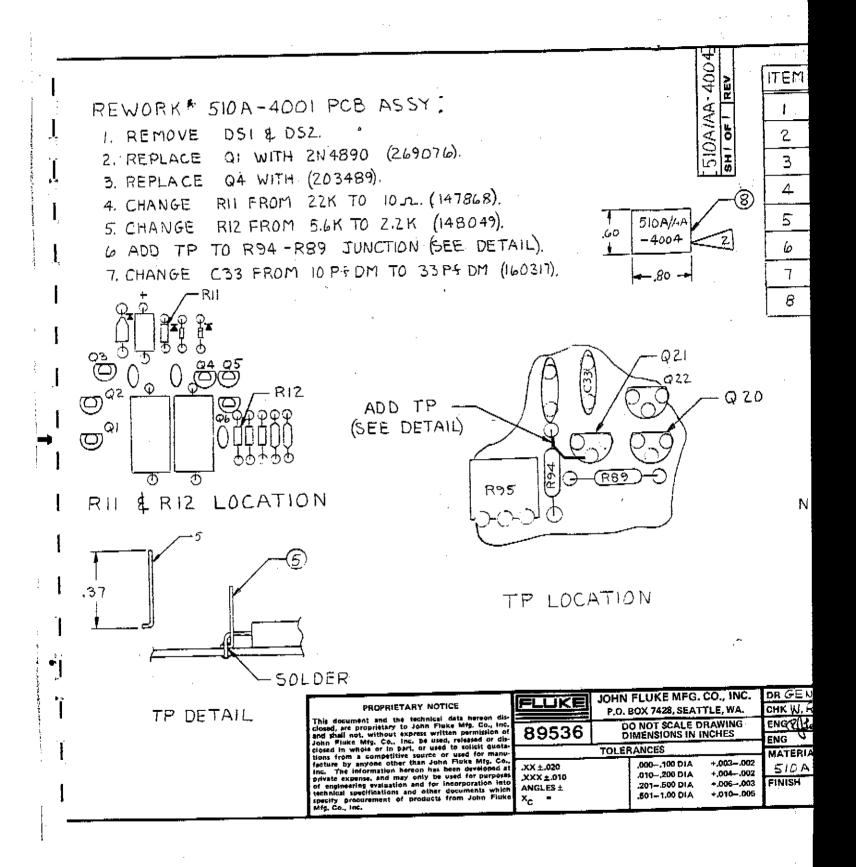
2 2 I.N. 1 I.N.

10		_	ECO 632Z REPLACES 5: SPECIALS RE			EJK, 10/2 10/2 10/2 10/2
		REV	CHANG	E DESCE	RIPTION	DR CHK APPR
TTLE, WA. DRAWING INCHES	DRGENE KIRCHNER CHK ENGRIEUEN downl ENG	8-18-72 11-15-72	PHAS	ΣE	LOCK	ASSY
+.003-,002	MATERIAL		PART NO	SIZE	DRAWI	NG NO
+.004002	FINISH	·	SCALE Z:I	D	510A/A	
			SOACE ZII	SHT	l OF L	REV

В

A

DWG. 510A/AA-4004 SHT. 1 OF 2



DWG. 5101/11 - 4004 SHT. 2 OF Z

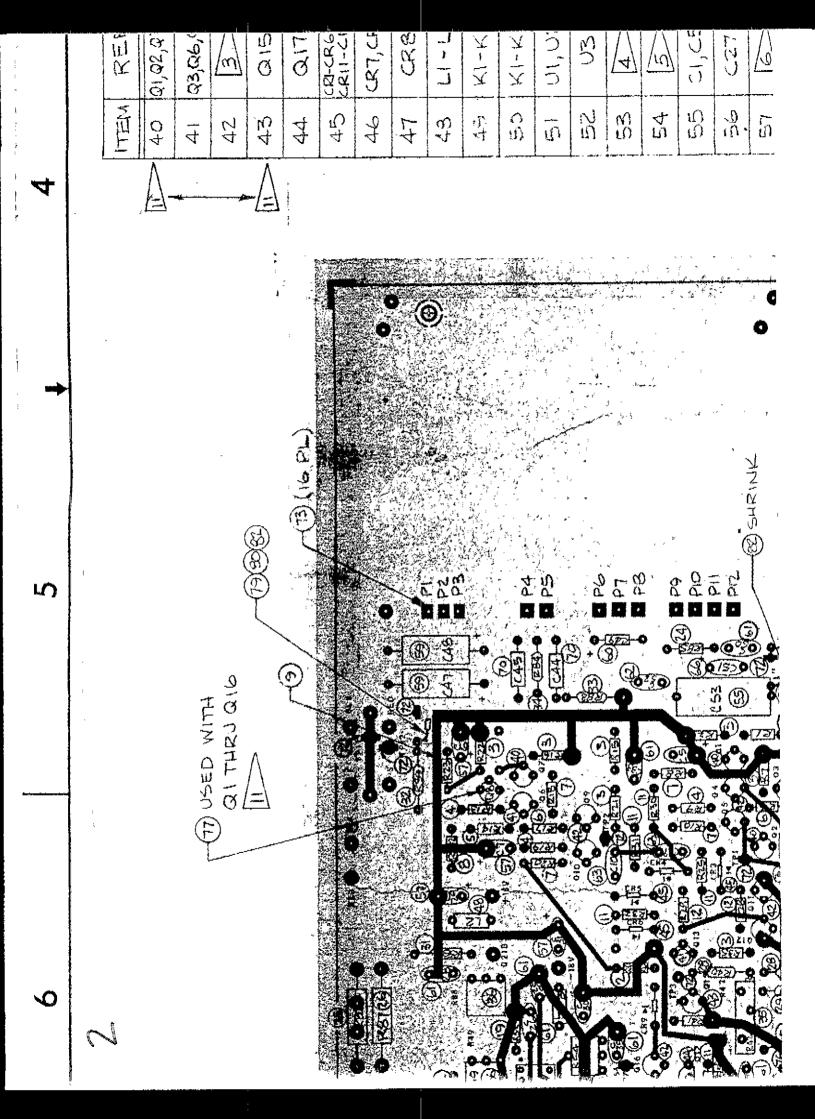
				•	_		
	510A/AA-4004 SH! OF! REV	(ITCN)	DE E	- FVN	NAMES	C. N. T.VOE	
	-4(ITEM	REF	P/N	NOTE	ICLATURE	OTY
		1	Q 4	203489	TRANSIST	OR, NPN	1
		2	RII	147868	RESISTOR.	1/4W 5% 10 SZ	ı
	<u>~</u>	3	RIZ	148 049		0 0 2.2K	I
	/(8)	4	<u> </u>	307868	MAIN PCBA	SSY, 510A-4001	ı
510A/AA	/	5		171744	WIRE AWE	*ZZ GOLD PL	1 10.
-4004	2	ь	QI	269076	TRANSIST	R.2N4890	1
80 -		7	<u> </u>	160317	CAPACITO	R.33pf PM	
		8		_	DECAL, WH	ITE VINYL,	
921	— Q Z C)	- '	,	C) T)	ORN VEL GAN BLK IT OFF AMP PI HIS AREA ONL 20 MAX H.T.	
TION		N O	SHAT SEE	LL BE 7 DETAIL TYPE NEW	FRIMMED T - I. W PART NUMB	ADS INCLUDIN O .OZO MAX. ER ON HEM S SER & NAME.	
	. "			REV	SPECIALS R	ER ECO 6322 ELEASE	10/31/12/21/21 10/31/22 10/31/
OHN FLUKE MFG. C			KIRCHNER	9-5-72		PCB ASS	
P.O. BOX 7428, SEATT DO NOT SCALE DR	AWING		MALLAZE.	ン 10-31-72 11-15-72		EWORK)) 1
DIMENSIONS IN IN	OTILS	ENG V			1		·····
.010—.200 DIA .201—.500 DIA	+.004002	MATERIAL 510 A FINISH		ROM	PART NO	B 510A/A/	<u>19 no</u> 4 –4004
.501-1,00 DIA	+.010005		1.0.000		SCALE NONE	SHT \ OF	REV

នាក់ ប្រើប្រើសម្ពេចប្រើប្រជុំ ម៉ាស៊ីប្រាជ្ញា មក្ខាមក និទី

La Department

PHASE LOCK PCB ASSEMBLY

	1 G	RA —	<u> </u>	LH	YC	101
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5	6	7	8		X	
9	10	11	12			
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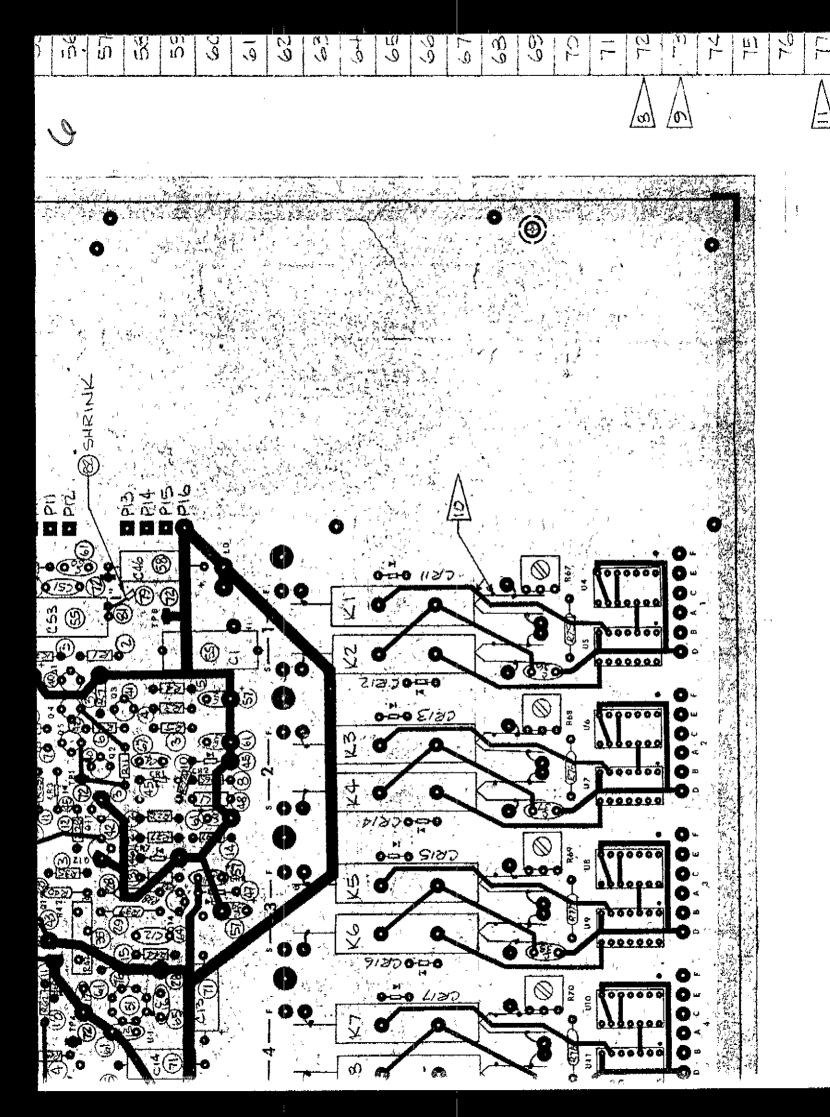


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		ST Q	4	100	0			23	4	_	tų)	<u>o</u>	<u> </u>			£D.	න	0		W
		TOKE	P, R5-2048	PNP, 2N3906	NPIJ, 2N3904	FET, UIB97E	UNI JUNCT, 2N6027	, IN4148	N SOIB	12 734A			RELAY	UIT, UMBOLA	MC1594L	5N7470N	SN7437N	+	.22	201 47"F
)		NOMENCLATURE	TRANSISTOR, PNP, RS-2048	Z		ה ה	TWO	DIODE, SILICON, IN4148	= RENER	11	CHOKE, G'TURN	RELAY, KEED	COLL, REED RE	INTEGRATED CIRCUIT, LANSOIA				CAPACITOR, FF	=	CAPACITOR TAINT 201 4.7.4
		P/N	288761	195974	218396	261578	268110	203323	246611	369092	116028	267708	288357	271502		293035	296228	190330	194603	161343
		农門下	01,02,07,08	43,96,913	\sim	015	Q17	CR-CR6,CR9 CR11-CR16	CR7,CR10	CRB	27-17	KI-KI6	スト・ボ16	20'10	50	<u>₹</u>	<u>\(\)</u>	C1,C53	(27	<u>\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ </u>
		五	40	14	42	43	4	45	4,6	47	43	49	80	# <u>U</u>	RJ CJ	%	52	55	·ů.	5

		1,2-	1.34-	<u> </u>				i i		i	ł						i		į .
*.	N/d		221614	148106	159731	193367	193334	193508	234252	193433	236122	255022	148189	193342	148148	148130	221911	148023	126133
	KEF		RI, RZE, R27 RZE, R41		2>	R4,R14	R6, R17	R8, R10 R18, R20	RIZ,R65	R23	R24	R25,R30,R31 R32,R600	R18 R29 R46 R60 R57	K34	R37	42	R46	75 12 12	R67
	TEM		7	O_1	4	ហ	ى	,	œ	σ	2		<u> </u>	ŭ	14	15)	9	11	<u>Ø</u>

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	QTY	-	ហ	o.	ۍ	N	2	4	2		_	าบ	ft)					_	-
-	341	4A -3001	20x	_ л	-2 -2 -2 -4	43K	见天	35	吳	2.4K	W	560K	1001	5 전	27K	724	6.2K	五	15/21
_	NOMENCLATURE	LOCK PCB 5104/AA-3001	14W, 55%,												1				
	NCL	みよ	, CC ,		,					<u> </u>				<u></u>	ļ 			-	
	NOME	PHASE LO	RESISTOR, CC, XW, 5%,																
	- 7	a.		Ô	ير آ	10	3334	% Q	252.	33	22	333	0	42	84	30	1 1 1 1	2	37
	$\frac{d}{N}$		221614	148106	159731	193367	1933	(93508	234252	193433	221952	220533	148189	195342	148148	148130	221911	148023	72/937
2	II.		R1, R25, R27 R36, R41		<u> </u>	R4,R14	R6, R17	R8,R10 R18,R20	RR,R65	R23	R24	R25 R30R31 R32, R60	R28 R29, R48 R 60 R 57	R34	R37	R44	R46	X 10.7	R67
	17EM		01	Ω_l	4	ហ	ه	 -	ග	Q	9		2	\overline{w}	14	邓	<u>@</u>		<u> </u>
	 ⊾ ∈∧ - ⊄C		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	15 15		<u></u>					!			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		i.	i,, <u>.</u>	
`	7	4	w	d)		<u>-</u>	23	2		þΩ	5	9		٠٠٠٠	(Q)	ထ	63		o)
-		048	3906	904	976	N6027	48	<u>3</u>	24A		1 ar 144 t		4301A	796;	70 N	37N	+*	.22	4724
	TURE	, R5-2	PNP, 2N3906	NPN,2N3904	FET, U1897E	UNITONICH, 2N6027	147	JER, MOGIE	1N754A			P. W.	CIRCUIT, LIMBOIA	MC15961	5N7470N	SN7437N	•		30%
~	LCLATURE	R, PNP, R5-2048	7	$\frac{2}{2}$	n n	Colina	CON, IN4/48	司	-	J. R.	(1)	RELAY	CIRCU		: 		L 1. L1.	_	



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0)		2		.	-	- 0	-	- r	J -	- -		- -	J L	<i>y</i> (N	4		<u> </u>		0 0	1	2 1	
CAPACITOR, TANT, 20V, 4.74	Ju022	4 M 999		CAPACITOR, FIXED, CD, .05	=	CAPACITOR, FIXED DM 1804	3	22	3000.4	7.000	CAPACITOR FIXED, MYLAP 82,4	CAPACITOR FIXED PALY 39.1		CAPAC ITOO AT ELECTRICATION	TOK, ALECTION, 30,4	CONNECTOR POST	CONNECTOR, RECEPTACLE		4 DIN		<u> </u>	AW6# 22	Avv (5 # 26
होश्य	CF8281	182824	182808	149161	149153	148460	170431	160317	161786	148387		246017	30474	106497		277418	165192	291534	291542	289343	285262	115469	267542
	35,	C47,C48	249		252	(9 CID	CIZ	C16,C20	Ŝ	2	C18	C21,C23,	C4.22	413,614	٦]	77-12	P1-P16						<u></u>
5	3) (3)	53	3	<u></u>	625	0	3	53	66	<u>(</u>	89	8	ρ	-	0,		23	74	រប	22	F-	78	5
1	_	h.		*							-		•		0		<u></u>						
9			km/5 /	A TO THE STATE OF						े हैं के दूर के के पूर्व के के कि			e su A		1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ia 7				: 			

-	1.5	12	61	(L)	1 7	33	$ \bar{\tilde{\omega}}\rangle$	22	브	24	29	3	10	22	23%	283	24.2	06			309	10
-	R62	R53	ななら	RGI	R63	R64	R85	7.86 60	R87	R.15-R82	R38, R40, R43	12 S	10 (A)	REB	R59	R83	R84 2	R42	R49, R89	びいない	R54 3	-R74 2
-	σ.	<u>5</u>)	. 20	77	2	23	24	25	92	10	28 R	23	8	ŧΩ	32	m m	34	1()	30,	(Y) (''-)	8	3 8 E

<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•••			<u> </u>		•	ţ_		<u>.</u>				······································	Ω					_
	last tree					a r-1			_	00	(4)] -nm						7		· †	
750K		10/	240K	1.5K	33K	<u>•</u>	2.3M	W,5%, 2.4K	W 10% 2.7K	8W,18,402A	20K	0 7	- IOK	12114	174K	2.67K	452K	RIMMER, IK	CONTINET NOT	20 K	104	
							3	218834 RESISTOR, CC, ZW, 58,	110148 RESISTORICC, 2W 10%	RESISTOR, MF, 18W, 18, 4020							-	RESISTOR, WW,TRIMMER, IK	KENINTOK, VAR CERMET			
1.4	221537	221600	218012	6933.26	148155	529582	068861	2 8834	110148	245313	291872	09289	234708	696523	235 (84	289587	272153	190363	и. еп.		309674	
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		RS3	X56	∑3 28	X 63	R64.	X 855	RBG	R81	R75-R82	R39,R40,R43	R39	RSS	858 8	S. S.	R83	884	R42	R49,R89	R52	R=4	2/2 27
	8	$ \overline{w} $	20	12	22	23	74	25	22	27	79 90 90	62	30	31	32	33	*	to tu	36	m	(W)	
				.	j	· _ 1					7 7							ям и			1	1
C	•		2		2.1		01		7	<u> </u>			CV.	2	2	4	<u>0</u>		<u>_0</u>	4	2	F 10.70
- .t .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	177	ļ. 				1			- ;	3	* **.				<u>-</u>	1	ļ	ļ -

-- 78 INSTALL WITH SLACK TO PREVENT BREAKING (TYP 48 PLCS) KI THRU KIG DET I

_	<u> </u>	1			W	6/1	S.	
				-			ų, i	
	<u>2</u> 1	76	77	78	70	8	8	82
` ``				,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-		<u> </u>	-

LOHES:

- 1 K2, R5, R7, R11, R15, R16, R21, R22, R35
- 2 K3, K9, R13, R19, R45, R41
- 3> 94,05,09,010,011,012,014,016
- 4> U4, U6, U8, U10, U12, U14, U16, U18
- §> U5,U7,U9,U11,U13,U15,U17,U19
- 6> C2, C5, C6, C7, C11, C29, C31, C34
- 7 C3, C8, C15, C17, C19, C22, C24, C25, C26, C28, C30, C33, C35-C43, C50

ITEM 40,41,42 \$ 43.

- INSTALL ITEM 72 FROM CKT 2 SIDE ... BEFORE INSTALLING COMPONENTS. (14 PL)
- AFTER FLOW BOLDERING.
- WITH DOT ON PCB.

	7			-	_		_	- 1
	7) ^	<u> </u>) TT	0	1 6	ָ װ װ	14.
,	- 4 P.V.	NG 80	285262 SOCKET, TRANSISTOR	115469 WIRE, BUS, AWG # 22	AWG#26	200733 WIRE TEFLON ANG TE CON 2	200725 WIRE, TEFLON, AWG "26 YE! ? ET	3176
()			SOCKET	WIRE, BUS,	267542 AMP SOCKET AWG#26	WIRE,TEFL	WIRE TEFLO	144410 SHRINK TUBING
1 1 1	291542	289843	285262	115469	267542	200733	200725	144410
			-		, si			
	b D	16	11	78	67	8	8	28
,							<u> </u>	

39 R67-27

R49, RE

(Y)

R52

R54

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PCB BEFORE INSTALLING
ITEM 40, 41, 42 & 43.

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4 PL)

<u> </u>	FLUKE JOHN FLUKE MFG CO., INC.	DO NOT SCAL
	P.O. BOX 7428, SEATTLE, WN. DFTMN. R.MKLAS	DFTMW.R.MACLAS
	UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	PROJ ENGE
	INCHES	MFG ENG FILE
(1)	3 PLACE DECIMALS + .010	MATERIAL
CA .		
ш.		GINIOL.
⋖	ANGLES # X CONST	

	2	N	2	15 F	N	7 7	12日	. I FT
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	14 P.M.	20 PIN	ET, TRANSISTOR	305, AWG# 22	OCKET, ANG #26	EFLON, ANG 26, ORN .2 FT	EFLON, AWG "26, YEL	* TUBING

36 R49,R88 RESISTOR, WRCERN 37 R52 38 R54 309674 39 R67-R74 275743	: ;		1		 	
, the state of the	(y)	R49,R89		RESISTOR, VAR CERNET 50K 2	00 X 0X	2
•	5	X X X		72	20 K	
,	\mathcal{Z}	R54	309674	<u> </u>	0 X	-
		R67-R74	275743	1 50	2000, 8	00
	a d		1		h	

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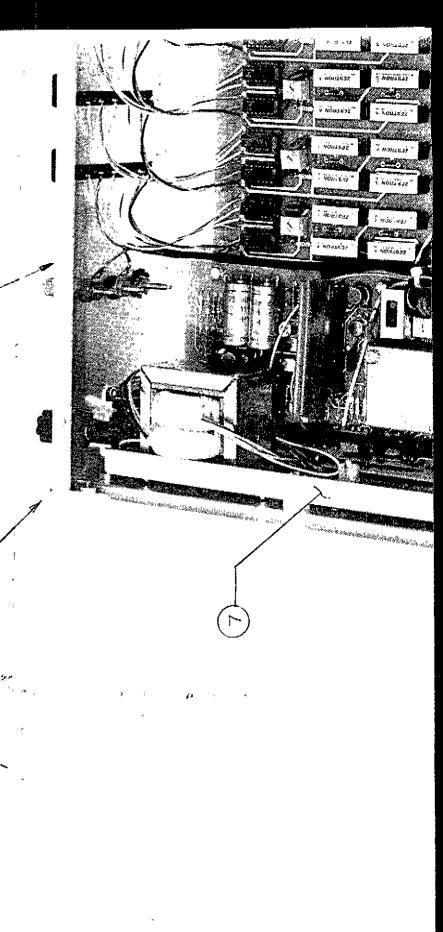
					•
•		Ŋ	3 ITEM 72 GTV. FROM! TO 14 \$ \$ \$ 14 PL. 12.9-11	PRM 16	10
		7	REVISED PER 2nd RUN	# 1 - 6 - 1:	8,9
·		-	REVISED FOR 2410 RUN	8-36-1001	100
	B/M	_	SPECIALS RELEASE	Sucor-9	1
	ZONE REV	REV	DESCRIPTION	DWN OKO	APRO
DO NOT SCALE DRAWING	AWIN(Ö	ΙΤ		
TIME R. MAKLAREN	12.01.1	í	アエイン いっしん		~

Ľ		יבטופב ועבא		DESCRIPTION	DWN OKO APPLO
	FLUKE JOHN FLUKE MFG CO., INC.	DO NOT SCALE DRAWING		100 - h	
	P.O. BOX 7428, SEATTLE, WN. DFTMW.R.MACLAREN	11-01-9		アエインが「こうにスト	りている
	UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED	PROJ ENG (10-10-7)	•	ノイロエレリ	•
	ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES	MFG ENG E 11 (2000 11-10-7)	₹	インシアドラロフ	
•	3 PLACE DECIMALS ± .010		PART NO SIZE		DRAWING NUMBER
	2 PLACE DECIMALS ± 02			エング道	
	FRACTIONS ±	FINISH:		しいころををすること	イチン
	ANGLES T X CONST.		SCALE FULL SHEET	SHEET OF	REV 3
					,

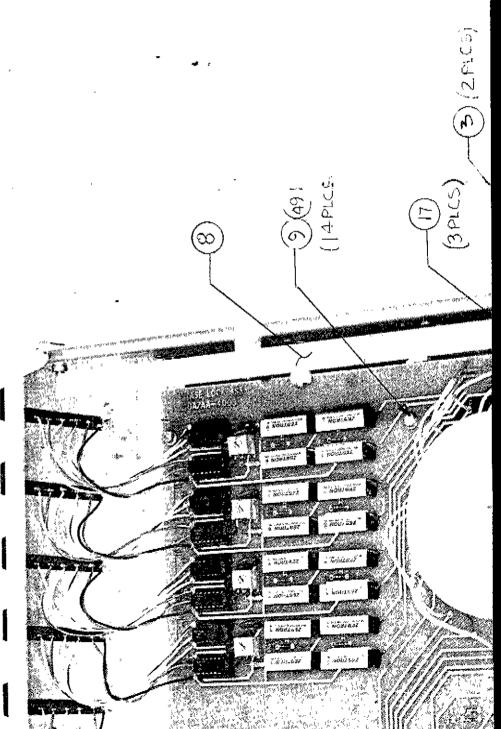
DIST

FINAL ASSY, AC REF. STD. 8 OUT PUT MODEL 510A/AA

O I !	A G	<u>R A</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>LA</u>	YC	UT
1	2	3	4			
5	6					
7	8	9				



(D (2 PL)

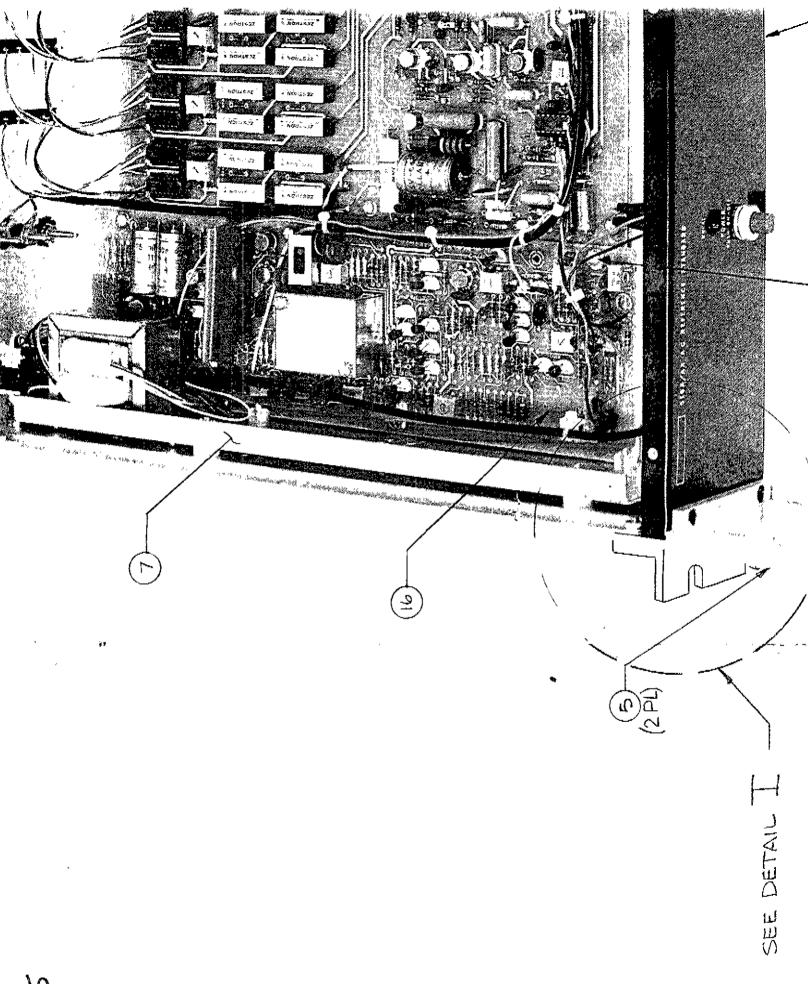


2104 AA-5002

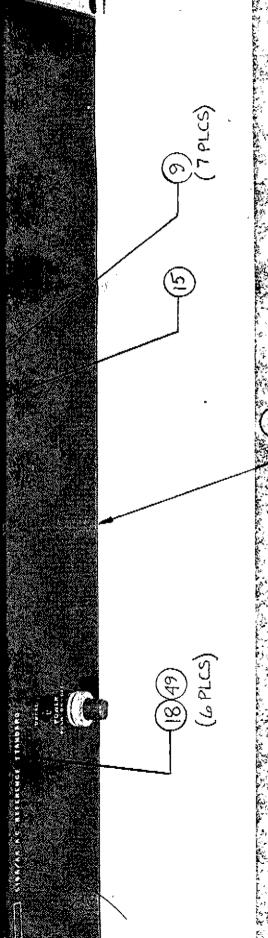
7			2	2	2	И			12	ω	σ)	7	4	7		-	ю	0	N	4		S
NOMENCLATURE	FROUT PANEL ASSY, 510A/AA-4451	REAR PANEL ASSY, 510A/AA-4452	CHASSIS SIDE, 730A-2003	CORNER BRIT, NIOS-200-309	HANDLE MO3-800-303	CORNER, MO3-800-300	INNER PANEL, L.H, 510A/AA-2005	INNER PANEL, R.H., 510A/AA-2006	SCREW, #6-32 X 1/4. PHP	SPACER, SNAP IN	SCREW, #8 x 1/2"	SCREW, #8-32 x 3/8, FHP	SCREW, #8.32x3/8, SOCHO CAP	SCREW, #8-32x/4, PHP	PHASE LOCK PUBASSY, SIOA/AA-4003	MAIN PCB NIOD, SIOA/AA-4004	SCREW, #6 x // , THP	SCREW, #6.32 x 3/8, THP	KACK EAR, MO3-205-206	SCREVI 78 32 . 5/2, FHP		WASHER, #6
PART NO.	1		297783	292136	295659	278362		ŀ	177022	222406	306233	114116	295105	228890			115.085	115139	303081	184994	,	111005
ITEM	_	2	W	4	rv.	a.	1-	ω	o,	ō		7-	4,	7	ন্ট	छ	17	<i>ন</i> ্	<u>6</u>	02		49

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DETAIL I



NOTE: PHASE LOCK REB (ITEM IS) MUST BE PUT IN PLACE BEFORE INNER PANELS (ITEMS 788) ARE FASTENED DOWN SECURELY

SEE SH 2 FOR TRANSFORMER MOUNTING & ALL WIRING

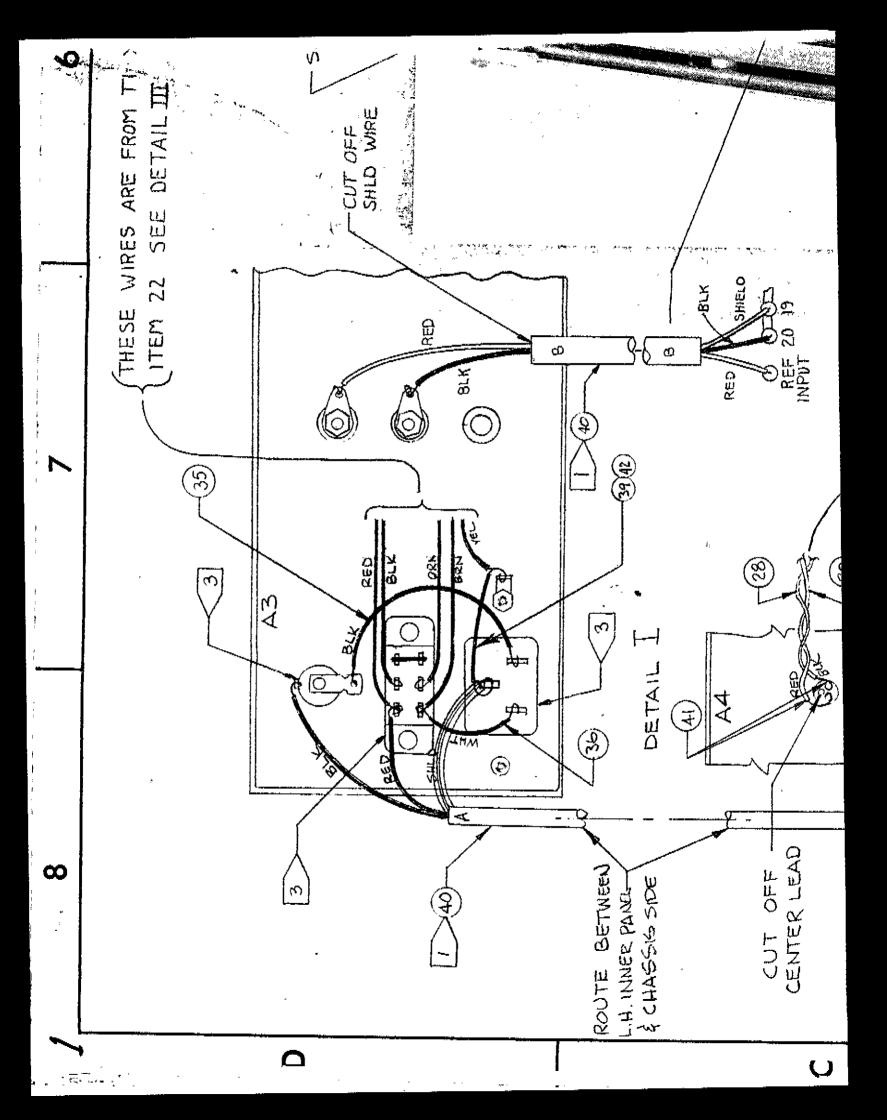
ECO 6322、EXTENSIVILY REVISED E.JK TO SHOW INSTALLAT .ON OF 10 My 1 M				1		_
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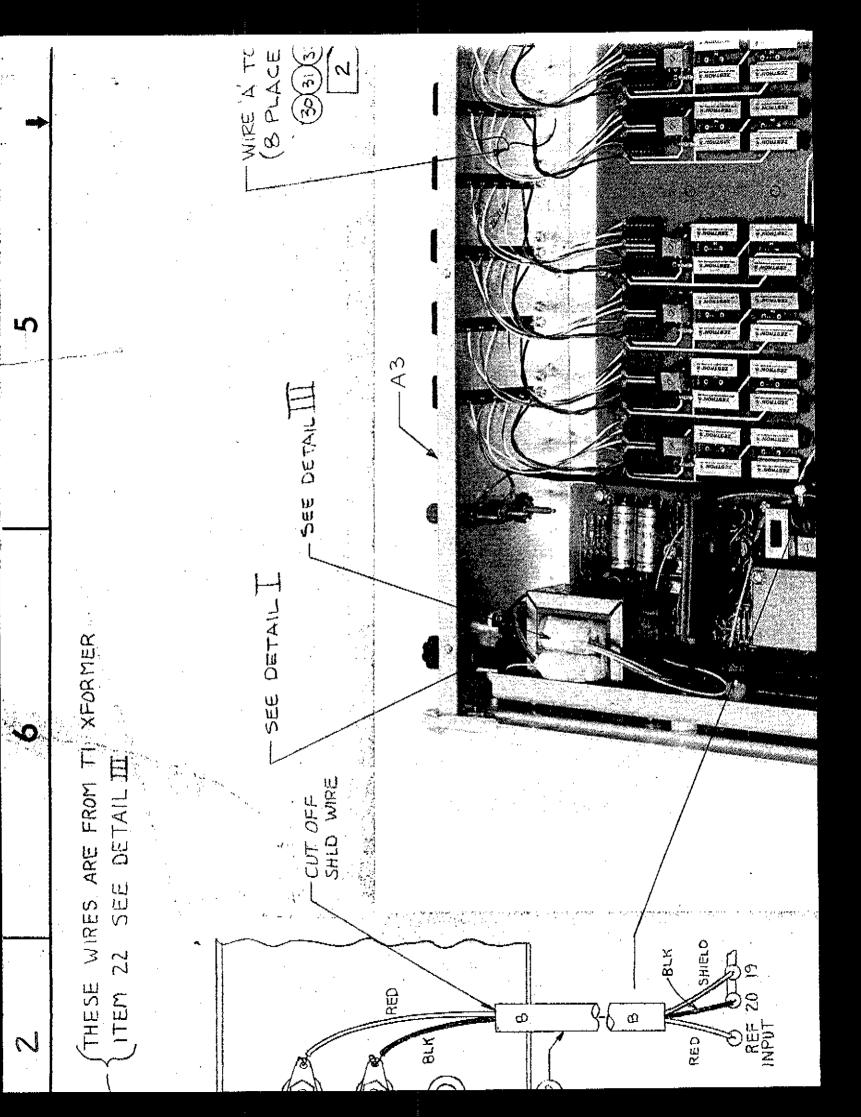
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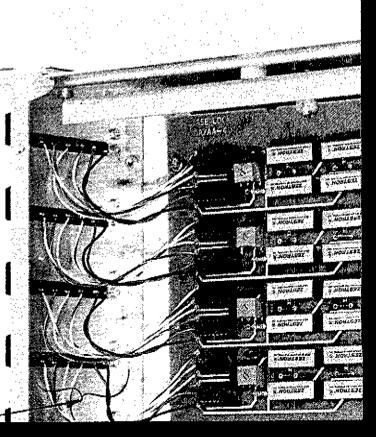
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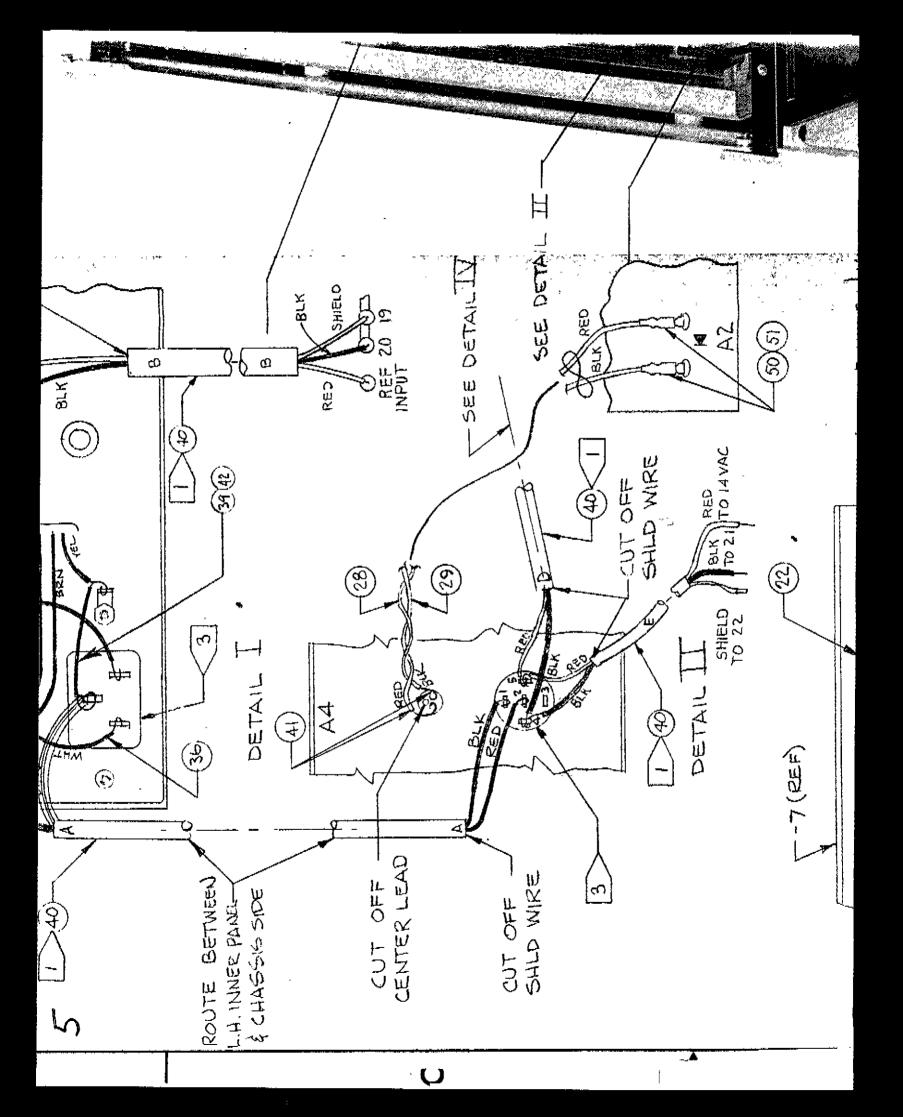
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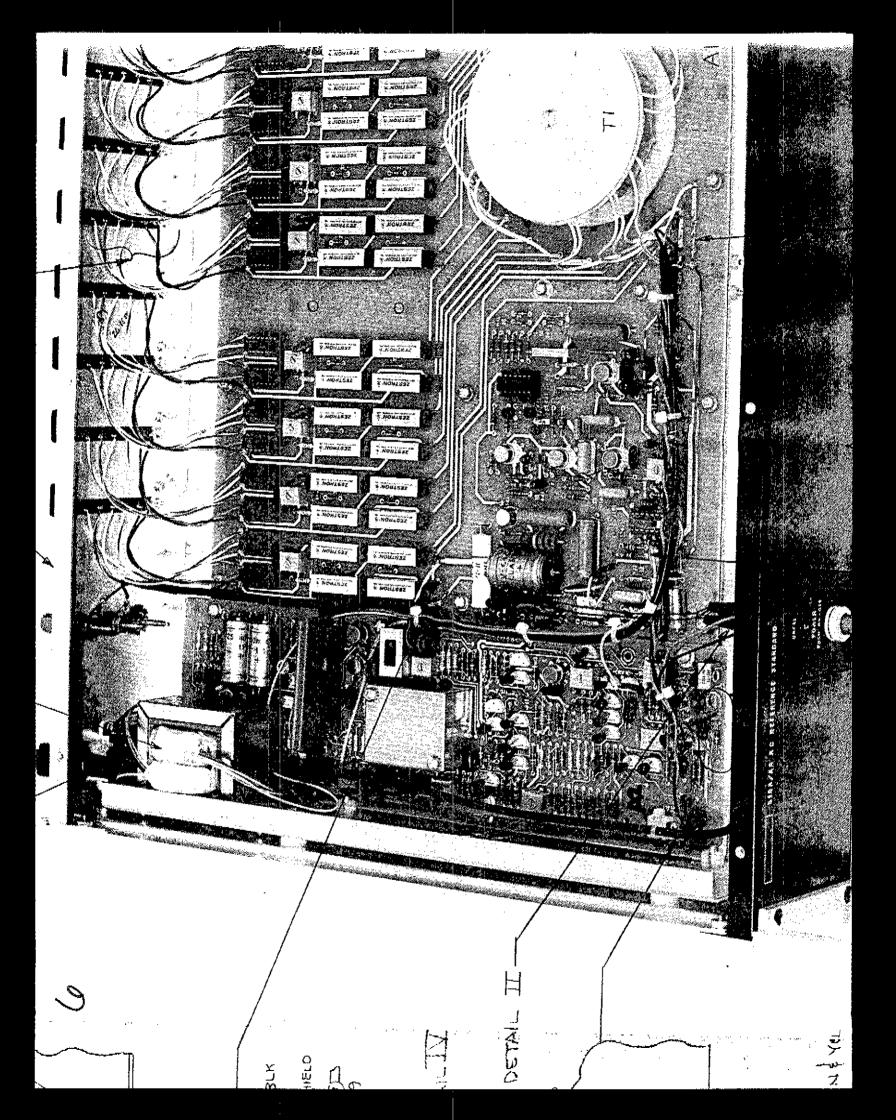
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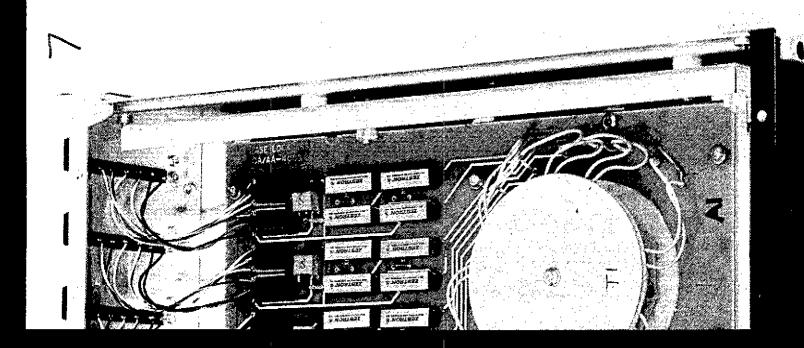
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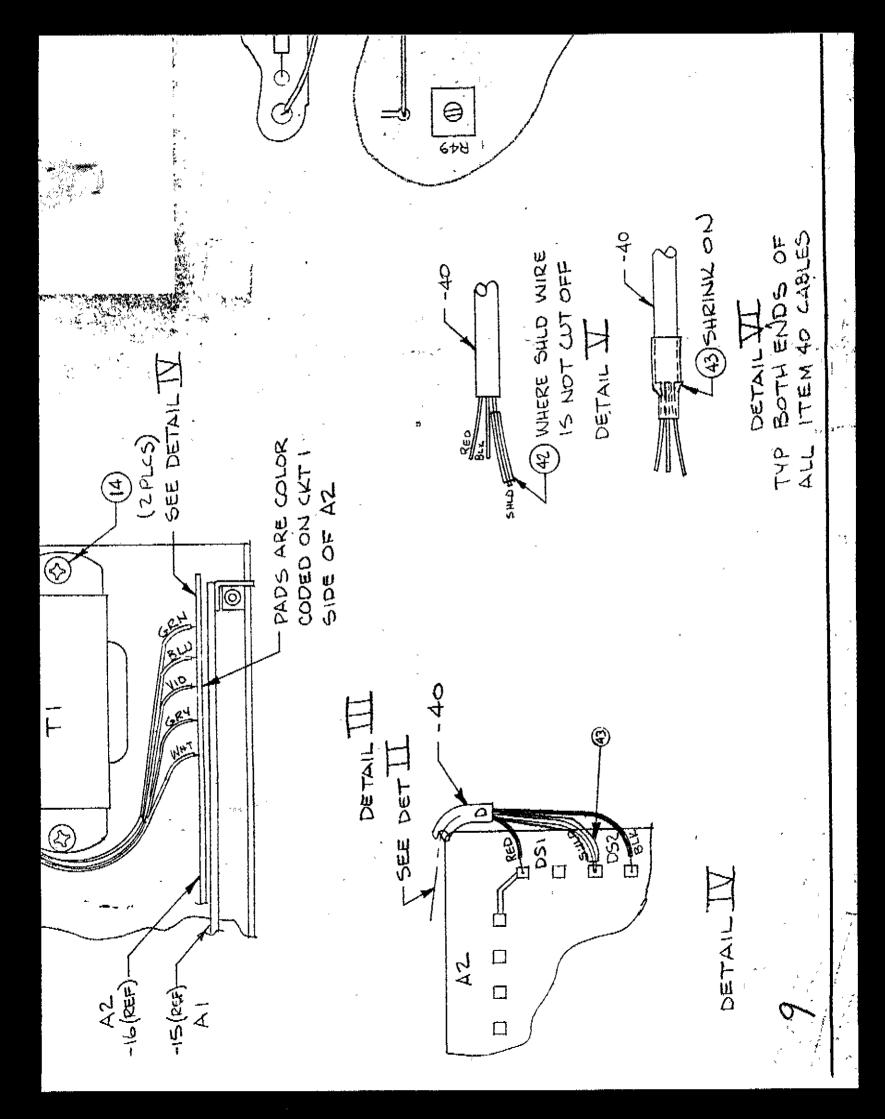


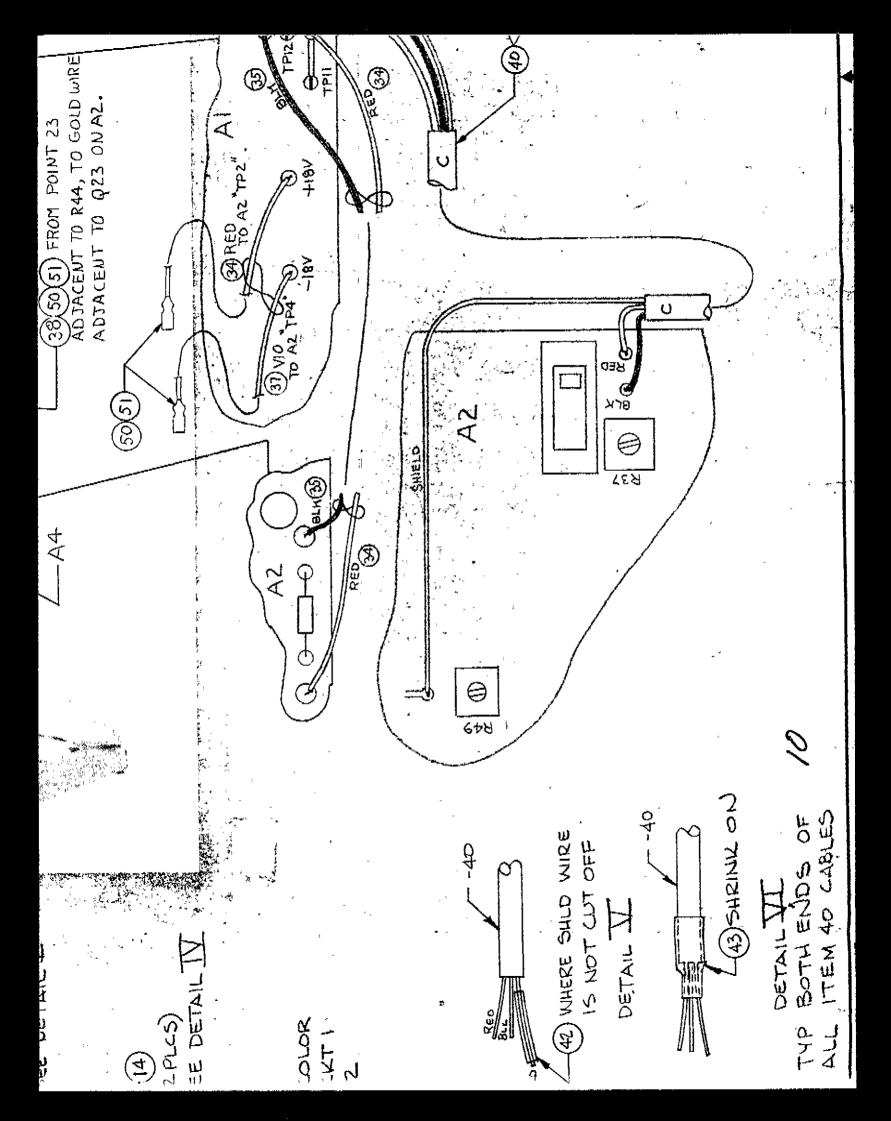
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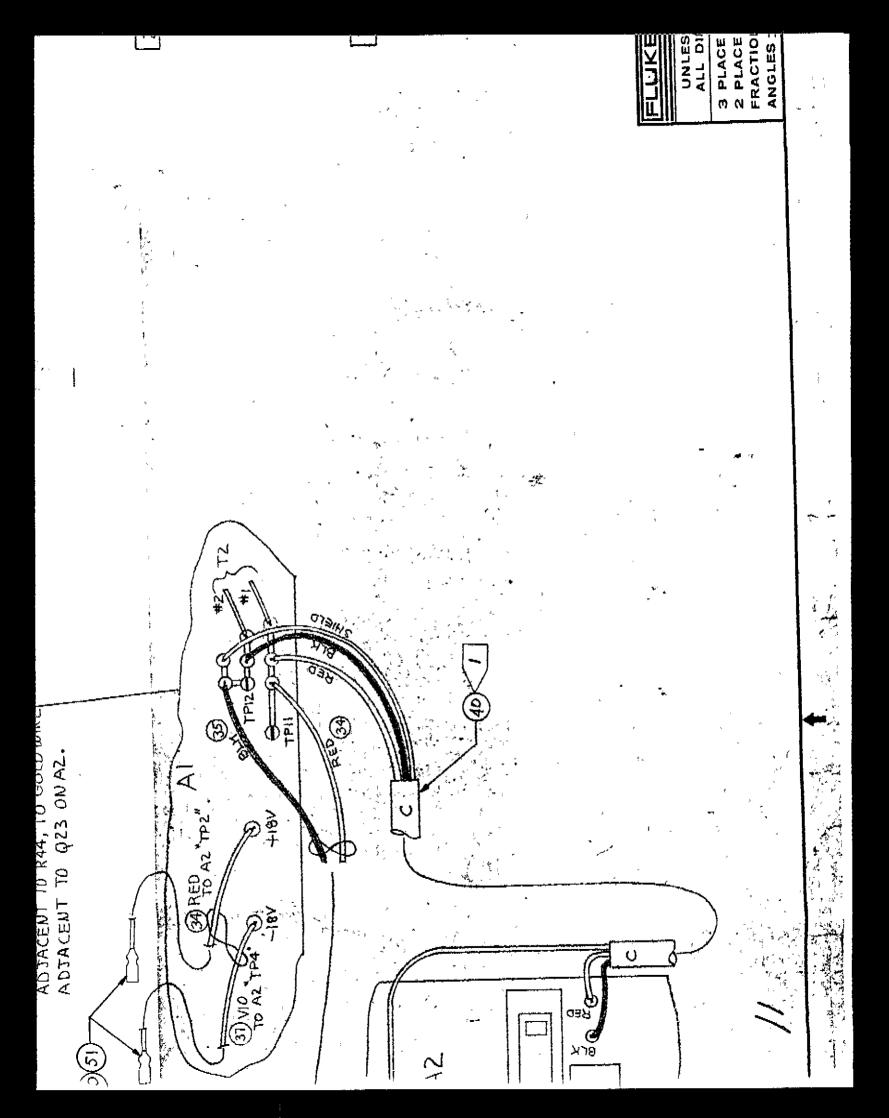
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Section 1

Introduction & Specifications

1-1. INTRODUCTION

1-2. The Model 510A is a precision ac reference standard. It produces a fixed frequency output having an amplitude of 10V rms. Standard frequencies and accuracies are given in Table 1-1. Other frequencies are available upon special request. The center frequency can be varied $\pm 1\%$ with a control on the front panel. Frequency resolution with this control is better than $\pm 0.05\%$.

Table 1-1. STANDARD FREQUENCIES AND ACCURACY

24 HOUR ACCURACY	30 DAY ACCURACY	STANDARD FREQUENCY
<u>+</u> 0.01%	±0.015%	50 Hz, 60 Hz, 400 Hz, 1 kHz, 2.4 kHz, 5 kHz, 19.2 kHz
<u>+</u> 0.04%	<u>+</u> 0.05%	100 kHz

- 1-3. Output current is fully protected from overloads and short circuits. Maximum load current for rated accuracy is 10 mA. Visual indication of an overload is provided by a light emitting diode (LED) on the front panel. Two sets of parallel connected binding posts on the front and rear panel provide load connection.
- 1-4. The ac reference standard can be operated from line power or it can be battery powered through an optional rechargeable battery pack. Line voltage requirement is 115/230 vac, 50 to 500 Hz, single phase. The rechargeable battery pack is available as the -01 Option. It allows at least 16 hours of continuous operation without line power. Battery charging is done whenever line power is applied.
- 1-5. The Model 510A is designed for bench top use or it can be installed in a standard 19 inch equipment rack. Rack mounting kits are available as accessories to permit single, dual, triple, and quadruple side-by-side rack installation.

1-6. SPECIFICATIONS

OUTPUT VOLTAGE	10V rms
OUTPUT CURRENT	10 mA rms, short circuit protected
SINGLE FIXED FREQUENCY OUTPUT	Any single fixed frequency from 50 Hz to 100 kHz. Standard frequencies are: 50; 60; 400; 1,000; 2,400; 5,000; 19,200 and 100,000 Hertz

Amplitude Accuracy	24 Hours	30 Days	90 Days
50 Hz - 20 kHz	±0.01%	±0.015%	±0.02%
20 kHz - 50 kHz	±0.015%	±0.025%	±0.035%
50 kHz - 100 kHz	±0.04%	±0.05%	±0.06%

Above accuracy applies after 10 minutes warmup, operating temperature of 23 ±2°C, and includes worst case deviations of the output caused by line, load, stability, and noise conditions. Assumes calibration against an AC-DC transfer standard with an AC-DC difference of 50 ppm from 50 Hz to 50 kHz and 300 ppm from 50 kHz to 100 kHz.

Amplitude Accuracy Using DC Calibration . . .

Using a DC reference accurate to ± 15 ppm and standard laboratory equipment, the 510A may be calibrated to achieve the following accuracies at standard operating temperatures of $23 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C, and worst case deviations caused by line, load, stability and noise conditions.

								30 Days	90 1	
50 Hz – 5 kHz								±0.01%	<u>+0.0</u>	
5 kHz - 10 kHz .		-						<u>+</u> 0.02%	±0.0	
10 kHz - 30 kHz.								±0.05%	<u>+</u> 0.0	
30 kHz - 100 kHz		-	-	-		٠	•	<u>+</u> 0.15%	<u>+</u> 0.1	
Amplitude Stability .								24 Hours	30 Days	90 Days ±0.01%
50 Hz - 20 kHz								±0.002%	±0.005%	$\pm 0.01\%$
20 kHz - 100 kHz		٠	-	-			-	±0.004%	±0.01%	<u>±0.02%</u>

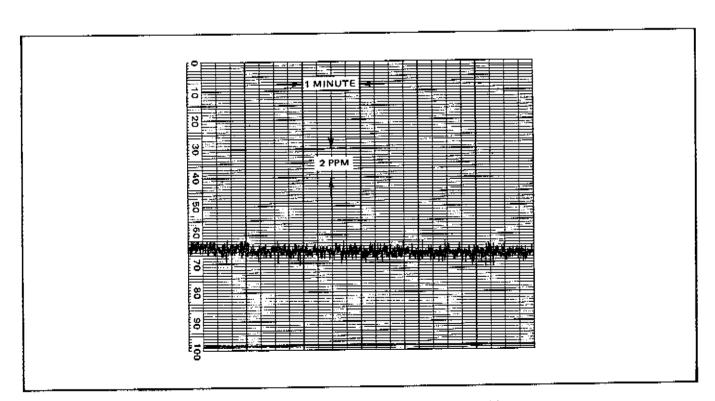


Figure 1-1. TYPICAL SHORT TERM STABILITY

AMPLITUDE NOISE	Amplitude deviation due to noise is less than 20 ppin peak- to-peak through a 1 Hz bandwidth over a 1 minute interval.
AMPLITUDE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT	$15^{\circ} - 50^{\circ}C$ $0^{\circ} - 15^{\circ}C$
50 Hz – 5 kHz	5 ppm/°C 12 ppm/°C
5 kHz — 10 kHz	7 ppm/°C 15 ppm/°C
10 kHz 30 kHz	10 ppm/°C 17 ppm/°C
30 kHz - 100 kHz	15 ppm/°C 22 ppm/°C

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION	(See Figure 1-2). ±0.1%
FREQUENCY RESOLUTION	±0.05% using front panel vernier
FREQUENCY VERNIER	Screwdriver adjustment, $\pm 1\%$ of center frequency
FREQUENCY STABILITY	500 ppm per month Less than 150 ppm/°C Common Mode Rejection is defined as the affect on the rms or average value of the 10V rms output due to a common mode signal between the low terminal and chassis. This rejection is:
	Greater than 100 db for common mode signals from 1 Hz to 500 Hz, 10V peak-to-peak maximum.
	Greater than 70 db for common mode signals from 500 Hz to 1 MHz, 3V peak-to-peak maximum.
LOAD REGULATION	Maximum allowable dc potential between output low and chassis ground is 100 volts. (See Figure 1-3).
020 510A HARMONIC DISTORTION VS FREQUENCY VS FREQUENCY 0.010 US FREQUENCY VS FREQU	80 510A LOAD REGULATION NO LOAD TO FULL LOAD (0-10MA) NO LOAD TO FULL LOAD (0-10MA) 40 99 20 GUARANTEED SPECIFICATION AT TYPICAL PERFORMANCE TO SO Hz 100 Hz 10 kHz 100 kHz

Figure 1-2. TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION

FREQUENCY

Figure 1-3. LOAD REGULATION

FREQUENCY

LINE REGULATION	< 10 ppm, ±10% line change
	High, Low and Chassis binding posts on front and rear panels.
UNCALIBRATED INDICATION	Front panel display labeled "UNCAL" indicates when load exceeds 10 mA.
—·-	0°C to 50°C
pharame resultant	-40°C to +75°C; -40°C to +60°C with batteries
Storage Temperature	
Humidity Range	Up to 80% relative humidity, 0°C to 35°C
	Up to 70% relative humidity, 35°C to 50°C
Shock	20g, 11 millisec half-sine wave
	4.5g, $10 Hz - 55 Hz$
	0 to 10,000 feet — Operating
Authore	• •
·	50,000 feet - Non-Operating
INPUT POWER	An optional rechargeable battery pack will power the AC
$115/230V$ ac $\pm 10\%$, $50 - 500$ Hz, Single Phase	Reference Standard for 16 hours. The battery pack is field installable.
SIZE	3-1/2" high x 4-1/4" wide x 12" deep
	Up to four 510A's can be mounted side by side and installed in a standard 19" EIA rack with optional accessory ears.

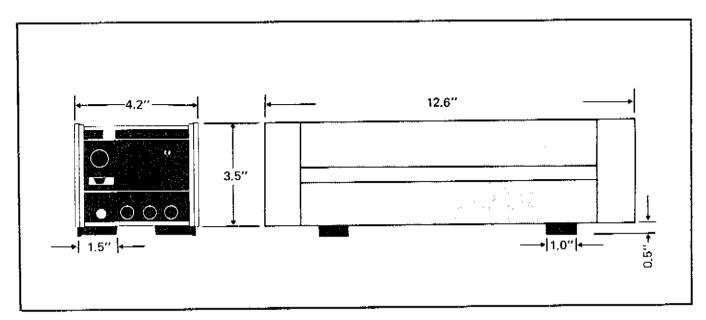


Figure 1-4. OUTLINE DRAWING

Section 2

Operating Instructions

2-1. INTRODUCTION

2-2. This section contains operating instructions for the Model 510A. If any difficulties are encountered, contact the nearest John Fluke Sales Representative or write directly to the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. Please include the instrument serial number when writing.

2-3. SHIPPING INFORMATION

- 24. The Model 510A was packaged and shipped in a foam packed cardboard carton. Upon receipt, a thorough inspection should be performed to reveal any damage in transient. Special instructions for inspection and claims are included in the carton.
- 2-5. If reshipment is necessary, the original container should be used. If the original container is not available, a new one can be obtained from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. Please reference the Model number when requesting a new container.

2-6. INPUT POWER

2-7. This instrument can be operated from either a 115 or 230V ac, 50 to 500 Hz, single phase power line. A slide switch on the rear panel allows selection of the appropriate line voltage. The rated value of the rear panel fuse F1 is as follows:

115 VAC 230 VAC 1/4A, 3AG 1/8A, 3AG

2-8. INSTALLATION

2-9. The Model 510A is designed for bench-top use or it can be installed in a standard 19 inch equipment rack with Accessory rack mounting brackets. Up to four units can be rack mounted in side-by-side positions. Rack installation procedures are located in Section 6.

2-10. OPERATING FEATURES

2-11. The location and function of all controls, connectors, and indicators is shown in Figure 2-1.

2-12. OPERATING NOTES

2-13. AC Line Connection

2-14. The input power cord has a three prong, polarized connector. This plug allows connection to either a 115 or 230V ac, 50 to 500 Hz, single phase power line. The round pin connects the chassis to earth ground; therefore, ensure that the round pin is connected to a high quality earth ground. The instrument is energized through a POW-ER switch on the front panel. A front panel meter indicates LINE OPR when the instrument is energized.

2-15. Battery Power (-01 Option)

2-16. When the -01 Option is installed, the Model 510A can be operated from an internal rechargeable battery. Battery operation is activated by disconnecting the power

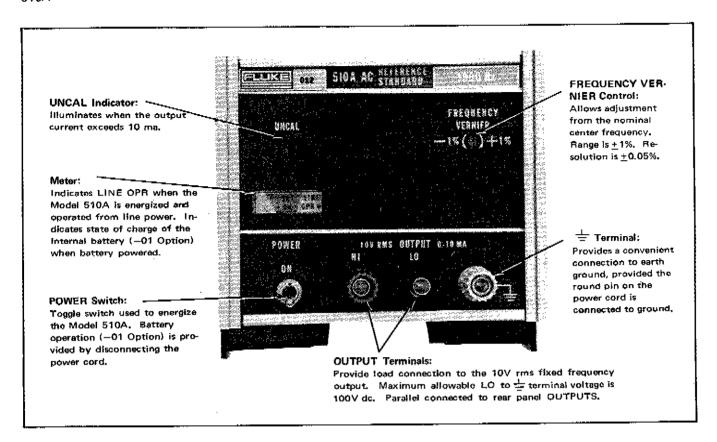


Figure 2-1. OPERATING FEATURES (1 of 2)

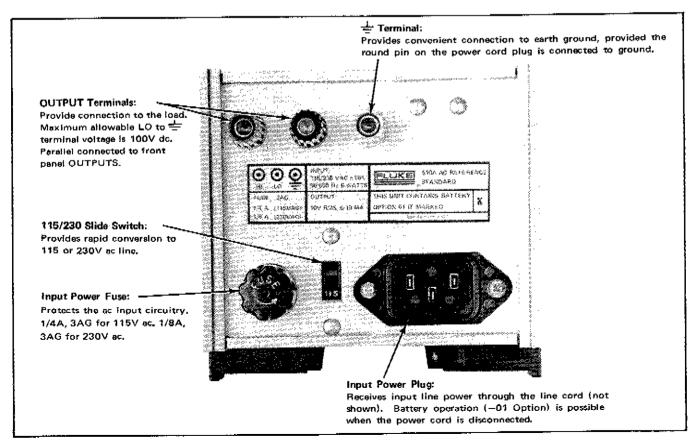


Figure 2-1. OPERATING FEATURES (2 of 2)

cord from line power and turning the instrument on with the POWER switch on the front panel. Relative state of charge (BAT OK) is indicated by a meter on the front panel. The battery is automatically charged whenever the instrument is operated from line power.

NOTE!

The chassis of the instrument and the $\frac{1}{2}$ terminal are connected to ground through the power cord. When battery operation is used and the chassis is isolated from ground, this ground connection will be broken.

2-17. Load Connections

- 2-18. Output load connection is done using HI and LO OUTPUT terminals on the front or rear panel. These OUTPUT terminals are parallel connected and only one set should be connected to a load at one time. A = terminal is included for convenient connection to ground (see preceding note). Maximum allowable potential between the LO OUTPUT and = terminal is 100V dc.
- 2-19. The following rules should be observed for all load connections.
- a. AC power to the Model 510A and associated equipment should be derived from the same power line.

 Line power connections should be as close together as possible.
- Shielded, twisted pair load cables should be used.
 Typical load connections are shown in Figure 2-2.
- c. Load cables should be kept as short as possible. Maximum lead resistance should be less than 20 $m\Omega$.

2-20. Overload Protection

2.21. The maximum output current is limited by the power capability of the internal circuitry. This circuitry will not be damaged even if the OUTPUT terminals are short circuited. However, when the output current exceeds 10 mA, the output will not be within its specified accuracy. Visual indication of an output current greater than 10 mA is provided by an UNCAL lamp (LED) on the front panel.

2-22. OPERATING PROCEDURES

2-23. The Model 510A produces a fixed frequency output having an amplitude of 10V rms. Frequency accuracy is

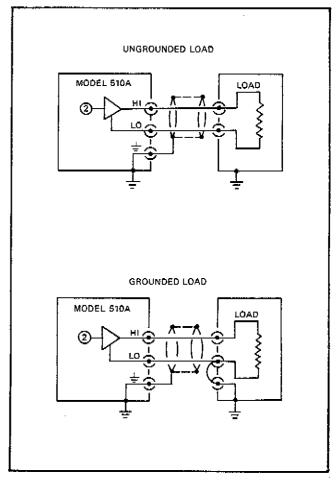


Figure 2-2, LOAD CONNECTIONS

 $\pm 0.1\%$, adjustable $\pm 1\%$ with a FREQUENCY VERNIER on the front panel. Amplitude accuracy is given in Section 1.

- 2-24. To operate the instrument, proceed as follows:
- Connect the power cord to line power. See paragraph 2-6 and 2-13.
- Make the desired load connections at the front or rear panel OUTPUT terminals.
- c. Set the POWER switch to ON and allow the instrument to operate for ten minutes. The meter or the front panel should indicate LINE OPR and the UNCAL indicator should be out.
- After ten minutes of operation, the output is at its specified accuracy.

NOTE!

Battery operation (-01 Option) is described in paragraph 2-15.

2-25. APPLICATIONS

2-26. Introduction

2-27. The Model 510A can be used in a number of ways as a precise ac reference. The following paragraphs describe a few of its applications.

2-28. Precision AC Source for Automatic Test Systems

2-29. Automated test systems containing Fluke 4200 series voltage sources can use the Model 510A as an external reference to produce precise ac voltages. Figure 2-3 shows such a system. System ac output is from 0 to 45V ac rms at up to 0.7 amperes rms. Overall system accuracy of $\pm 0.02\%$ can be achieved for frequencies up to 5 kHz.

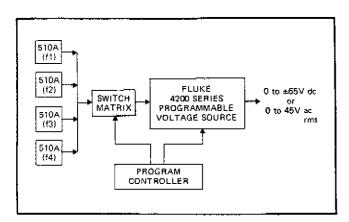


Figure 2-3. AUTOMATED TEST SYSTEM AC REFER-ENCE

2-30. Phase Locked AC Reference Standard

2-31. A Model 510A can be modified to phase lock with an external signal and provide multiple outputs. Figure 2-4 shows the modified Model 510A/AA which is designed to synchronize with an external 400 Hz signal and provide eight transformer coupled outputs. Programmable phase reversal at each output is also provided. The outputs can be used as external references in the system application described in paragraph 2-28. Typical specifications for the Model 510A/AA are as follows:

FREQUENCY	400 Hz ±5% (other frequencies can be specified)
OUTPUT VOLTAGE	10V rms (eight outputs, trans- former coupled)
OUTPUT ACCURACY	±0.1%
OUTPUT PHASE RELATIONSHIP	0° ±1° or 180° ±1° (program- mable
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION	0.2%
PHASE LOCK CAPTURE RANGE	±5% about center frequency
SYNC INPUT VOLTAGE	24V rms

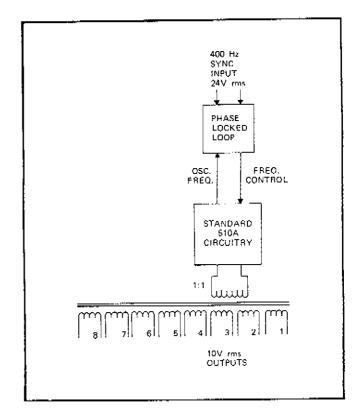


Figure 2-4. MODEL 510A/AA BLOCK DIAGRAM

Section 3

Theory of Operation

3-1. INTRODUCTION

3-2. This section contains the theory of operation for the Model 510A. The information is arranged under headings of "BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALYSIS and CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS." It is recommended that this section be thoroughly read and understood before any attempt is made at servicing this instrument.

3-3. BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALYSIS

3-4. The Model 510A produces an extremely stable 10V rms signal at a fixed frequency. Five major circuits are used to produce and control the output. These circuits and their interconnection are shown in Figure 3-1.

3-5. The DC Reference Supply produces an accurate, low temperature coefficient, dc voltage of +14.14214V. This voltage is applied to one end of a divider at the input of the Peak AC to DC Convertor and also functions as a reference for the ~18V Regulator. The other end of the divider receives the 10V rms output of the Model 510A, thus producing a OV condition at its center when the peak of the output signal is equal to minus the Reference Supply voltage. The Peak AC to DC Convertor produces an amplified signal that is equal to the negative difference between the output signal and the +14.14214V reference. This signal charges a capacitor at the output of the Peak AC to DC Convertor which is then transferred to a capacitor at the input of the Integrator by the Sample and Hold. Transfer is done only during the positive peak excursion of

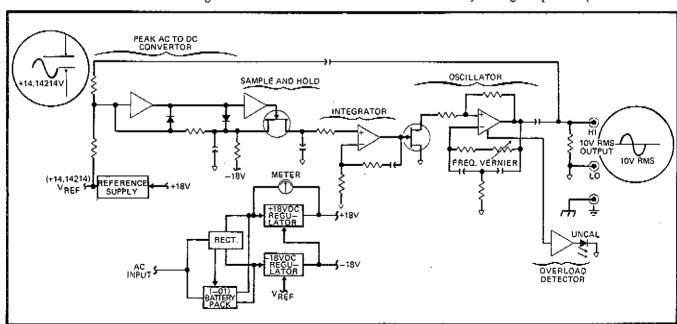


Figure 3-1, MODEL 510A BLOCK DIAGRAM

the signal. The Integrator produces a dc output proportional to the time integral of the voltage stored on its input capacitor. This dc output is applied to the Oscillator where it causes the peak output amplitude to maintain a near OV condition at the input to the Integrator. The Overload Detector monitors the output of the Model 519A and turns on the UNCAL indicator when the output current exceeds 10 mA.

3-6. All operating voltages are produced by the ±18V DC Regulators. Reference voltage for the +18V DC Regulator is derived from the -18V DC Regulator. The -18V DC Regulator receives a reference voltage from the Reference Supply. Unregulated inputs to each regulator are derived from the Rectifier or the -01 Option Battery Pack. The Battery Pack operates in the absence of line power to the Rectifier. Relative charge state of the batteries is indicated by a meter connected across the +18V DC Regulator. A rectifier located in the --01 Battery Pack circuitry provides recharging of the batteries whenever line power is applied.

3.7. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS

3-8. The following paragraphs describe the circuitry in the Model 510A. Each description is keyed to the schematic diagram located at the rear of the manual.

3-9. Input Power

AC line power from A4J1 is applied to A4T1 throught the POWER switch A1S1A and the 115/230 slide switch A4S1. The primary of A4T1 consists of two windings which are interconnected through A4S1 for operation from either a 115 or 230V ac line. Parallel connection is used for 115V ac line operation while series connection is used for 230V ac line operation. Both primary windings are completely shielded to reduce capacitive coupling between the power line and the floating circuitry in the instrument. The shield is connected to chassis ground and power line ground through the power cord. The secondary of A4T1 consists of two separate windings both of which are shielded to eliminate the generation of common mode signals that could appear at the OUTPUT terminals. This shield is connected to the center-tap of a secondary winding and power supply common. The center-tapped secondary winding provides ac power to rectifiers CR2 and CR3, CR4. The other secondary winding supplies ac power to the Battery Pack PCB (-01 Option) and the meter, AIM1. Diode CR1 rectifies the ac voltage present during line operation to provide a full-scale LINE OPR indication on A1M1. A2DS1 and DS2 function to stabilize and limit the maximum current used by the Battery Pack PCB during charging of the batteries.

3-11. A3 Battery Pack

3-12. The A3 Battery Pack is installed as the -01 Option. It consists of a Battery Pack PCB and two batteries, BT1 and BT2. This circuitry provides operation from the batteries in absence of line power, disconnects the batteries when they are in a low charge-state to prolong battery life, limits the maximum battery current drain should a circuit malfunction occur, and disconnects the batteries from the instrument circuitry and recharges them during line operation.

BATTERY OPERATION. When line power is re-3-13. moved and the POWER switch is ON, the batteries BT1 and BT2 are connected to the inputs of the ±18V Regulators through the Battery Pack PCB. The positive output of BT1 is applied through S1B to J5 where a divider consisting of R2, CR3 and R4 supplies the base of Q2 with a positive voltage. This voltage turns on Q2 which supplied base current to Q1 and also turns it on. Conduction of Q1 applies the positive output of BT1 through the series transistor Q3 to the input of the +18V Regulator. The diode connection of Q3 prevents reverse current flow from the ±18V Regulator to the battery. The negative output of BT2 is applied through S1C to the series transistors Q5. Since a positive voltage is available at the emitter of Q4 through R8, Q4 is turned on in sequence with the conduction of Q1. This condition turns on Q5 and applies the negative output of BT2 through the series transistor Q6 to the input of the -18V Regulator. The diode connection of Q6 prevents reverse current flow from the -18V Regulator to the battery.

3-14. Should the batteries discharge to a state where they can no longer furnish adequate power, the series transistors Q1 and Q5 are automatically switched off. This is made possible through the use of zener diode CR3. As the output of BT1 decreases, the voltage at the base of Q2 reaches a point where the transistor can no longer furnish enough base current for Q1 to maintain conduction. O1 is therefore cut-off and disconnects the output of BT1 from the -18V Regulator. Sharp cut-off for Q1 is ensured by R6 which provides some of the base current for Q2. Once the voltage at the collector of Q1 begins to drop, base current to Q2 is further reduced, this sharply cuttingoff Q1. Since the conduction of Q4 and Q5 is slaved to the conduction of Q1, as described in the preceding paragraph, the negative output of BT2 is also disconnected from the -18V Regulator.

- 3-15. The maximum current drain from the batteries is limited by the selection of the value of R5 and R9. These resistors limit the maximum base current to Q1 and Q5. Should a short circuit appear at either output, the maximum current is therefore dependent upon the base current of Q1 or Q5 times their current gain.
- 3-16. LINE OPERATION. When line power is applied, the batteries are disconnected from the ±18V Regulators and are recharged. Battery disconnection is caused by a -22V battery disconnect voltage produced by CR3, CR4 and C1. This voltage is applied to a divider consisting of R3 and R4 in the Battery Pack PCB. Presence of a negative voltage at the base of Q2 turns it off and causes Q1 to turn off. Since Q4 and Q5 are slaved to Q1, they are also turned off and both batteries are disconnected from the ±18V Regulators. Diodes CR4 and CR5 limit the maximum negative base and emitter voltage at Q2 and Q5 during line operation.
- 3-17. Charging of the batteries is provided through full-wave rectifier CR1 in the Battery Pack PCB. AC power for this rectifier is derived from the untapped secondary of T1. A2DS1 and DS2 function as a ballast to limit the maximum charging current. Zeners CR2 and CR6 in the Battery Pack PCB limit the maximum battery voltage during charging.

3-18. ±18V Regulator

- 3-19. The $\pm 18V$ Regulators produce low ripple operating voltages for the instrument. Input voltage to the regulators is derived from full-wave rectifiers when the instrument is line powered or from batteries if the -01 Option is installed. The -18V Regulator receives its reference from the Reference Supply. Reference voltage for the $\pm 18V$ Regulator is derived from the $\pm 18V$ Regulator; thus, should any malfunction occur in one supply, all will be affected.
- 3.20. +18V REGULATOR. The +18V Regulator consists of Q1 through Q3. Q1 is the series-pass element. Q2 and Q3 control the base current of Q1 to maintain the +18V dc output. Resistor R3 ensures initial turn-on of Q2 and Q3. The base of Q3 is referenced to the -18V Regulator through R10 and receives a sample of the +18V dc output through R8 and R9. Any change in the +18V dc output is therefore amplified by Q2 and Q3, which then alters the conduction of Q1 to maintain the regulated output. Variable resistor R9 allows adjustment of the +18V dc output.
- 3-21. -18V REGULATOR. The -18V Regulator consists of Q4 through Q6. Q4 is the series-pass element. Q5 and Q6 control the base current of Q4 to maintain the -18V dc output. R12 ensures initial turn-on of Q5 and Q6.

The base of Q6 is referenced to the Reference Supply (V_{REF}) through R18, CR5, and CR6 and receives a sample of the -18V dc output through R17. CR5 and CR6 compensate for the voltage temperature coefficient at the base of Q6 as well as its base emitter voltage drop. Output voltage from this supply is therefore dependent upon V_{REF} and the ratio of R17 to R18.

3-22. Reference Supply

The Reference Supply produces an extremely 3-23. stable reference voltage (VREE) upon which the accuracy and stability of the rms output is based. It consists of a high gain, high input impedance, differential amplifier U1 and a reference amplifier U2. The temperature coefficient of the base/emitter voltage for U2 is accurately matched to the temperature coefficient of the zener element through factory selection of R22 and R23. Output voltage of this supply is scaled to +14.14214V dc through selection of R30 and R31. Variable resistor R27 allows adjustment of The adjustment range of R27 is compensated $v_{\rm REF}$ through jumper selection of R25 and R29. The resulting stable reference at the collector of U2 is applied to the non-inverting input of U1. The other input to U1 receives an equivalent voltage from the divider composed of R20 and R21. Any change in V_{REF} is sensed at the base of U2 which produces an amplified change at the non-inverting input to U1. This change then alters the conduction of U1 such that VREP is maintained at +14.14214V dc.

3-24. Peak AC to DC Convertor

- 3-25. The Peak AC to DC Convertor is a video amplifier which compares the amplitude of the output signal to V_{REF} and produces a dc voltage equal to four times any negative difference. The circuitry consists of input divider R37 through R42, differential amplifiers U3 and Q8 through Q10, and emitter followers Q11, Q12. A simplified diagram is shown in Figure 3-2.
- 3-26. The input divider R37 through R42 receives the rms output signal and V_{REF} through S2. The center of this divider is tapped at the junction of R40 and R41 and applied to one input of U3. Unity ratio is made possible at this tap by reversal of the inputs through S2 and adjustment of R37. Except for a small interval of time during the negative most peak of the rms signal, a positive current is flowing into the input of the video amplifier; however, since the input resistance of U3 is extremely high and the current is of proper polarity of forward bias CR9, it is conducted through CR9 and Q11 to -18V. When the peak of the rms signal is more negative than V_{REF} , the input cur-

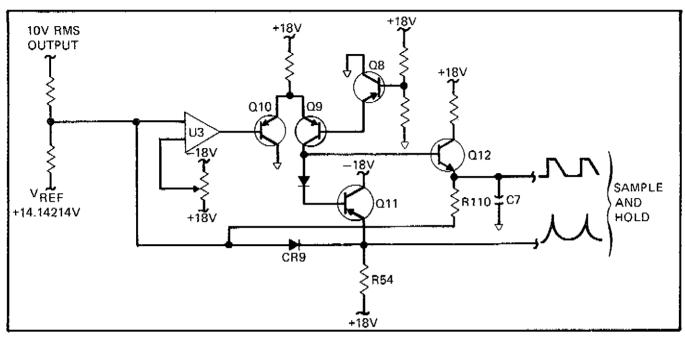


Figure 3-2, PEAK AC TO DC CONVERTOR (SIMPLIFIED)

rent reverses direction and CR9 is cut-off. This signal condition is then amplified by U3 and Q8 through Q10, which produces an emitter current in Q12. The resulting current produces a voltage charge on C7 in the A2A1 PCB that is four times the negative peak difference between the rms output and V_{REF}. Variable resistor R60 allows adjustment of the bias on CR9. R49 allows zero adjustment of the video amplifier input offset voltage.

3-27. Sample and Hold

3.28. The Sample and Hold circuit transfers the charge on C7 in the A2A1 PCB to the input of the Integrator. This circuit is operational only at output frequencies below 20 kHz. It is disabled on output frequencies above 20 kHz because the overall detection is sufficiently fast without sample and hold. The circuitry consists of Schmitt Trigger Q13, Q14, inverter amplifiers Q7 and Q15, Q16, and FET gate Q17.

3-29. Positive excursions of the pulse wave form at the base of Q13 correspond to when CR9 in the Peak AC to DC Convertor is cut-off and a negative peak difference signal is being stored on C7 in the A2A1 PCB. This positive going pulse is shaped by Schmitt Trigger Q13 and Q14. Normally, Q14 is conducting and Q13 is cut-off. Presence of a positive going input to Q13 turns it on and turns off Q14. The resulting positive pulse at the collector of Q14 subsequently has a duration equal to the conduction interval of Q13. This pulse is coupled through C29 and turns on inverter Q15, Q16. The conduction of Q15 and the clamping action of Q16 produces a positive pulse through C8 in

the A2A1 PCB and CR13, which is applied to the gate of Q17. This positive pulse occurs at the trailing edge of the Schmitt Trigger pulse and turns on Q17. Conduction of Q17 then transfers the voltage charge on C7 in the A2A1 PCB to C9, which is at the input of the Integrator. The rectifier action of CR13 and C40 produces a zero volt turn on signal at the gate of Q17 in the absence of pulses from the Schmitt Trigger. This is necessary because the Schmitt Trigger of Q13 and Q14 is disabled on output frequencies above 20 kHz by a jumper between P9 and P17. Inverter Q7 provides a positive pulse to Q17 which compensates for the small error caused by the gate to drain capacitance.

3-30. Integrator

3-31. The Integrator consisting of U4 and associated components produces an amplitude control voltage for the Oscillator that is dependent upon the error signal from Peak AC to DC Convertor. U4 is a high gain, non-inverting amplifier. One input is derived from C9 in the A2A1 PCB and the other from divider R72 through R75. Variable resistor R72 allows offset voltage compensation for U4. The network consisting of CR14 through CR16 and R78 functions as a clamping circuit which limits the maximum output voltage from U4. This circuit improves the recovery time of the Integrator upon initial turn-on and fault (UNCAL) conditions.

3-32. Oscillator

3-33. The Oscillator produces the constant amplitude 10V rms, fixed frequency output signal. It is a bridge "T"

oscillator formed by input amplifier Q18 through Q24, voltage controlled resistor FET Q26, and output amplifier Q25, Q27, Q28. Output amplitude is precisely maintained at 10V rms by the integrator output voltage applied to Q26. Output frequency is dependent upon the component values in the bridge "T" feedback network.

3-34. Input amplifier Q18 through Q24 is the heart of the Oscillator. The differential pair of Q19 and Q21 receives two inputs derived from feedback networks connected to the Oscillator output. The input to the base of the Q19 is through a bridge "T" network in the A2A1 PCB. Component values of A2A1C1 C2, R1 and R2 determine the center output frequency. The input to the base of Q21 is through the positive feedback network composed of R95 and R96. This feedback signal together with the conduction level of Q26 controls the output amplitude. Adjustment of R95 and R96 allows offsetting the output frequency. Conduction of Q26 is dependent upon the voltage control signal applied to its gate. This signal is derived from the Integrator and is of such a level as to maintain the output signal at precisely 10V rms. Q18 and Q20 combine the collector signals of Q19 and Q20 in the appropriate phase so that the output signal to Q22 base is twice that of what is normally obtained from a differential input stage. This configuration provides minimum ac current flow in Q19 and Q21. The collector signal at Q23 is the first point at which a 10V rms signal is available. Emitter follower Q24 drives the following output stage of Q27 and Q28. AC current in Q23 and Q24 is minimized by bootstrapping R88 and the emitter load of Q24 through C35 to

the output. Overall open loop forward gain of the input amplifier is determined by the ratio of C33 (X_c) in ratio with the sum of R82 and R83 times two.

3-35. The output amplifier of Q25 and Q27, Q28 is a complementary output stage. Temperature compensation of the bias current for Q27 and Q28 is provided through Q25 and the divider network of R99 through R101. Variable resistor R100 allows adjustment of this bias current. Output amplifiers Q27 and Q28 produce the output signal of the instrument. Maximum output current is limited by the collector load resistors and the supply voltage. The output signal is specified to 10 mA, above which clipping and distortion may result.

3-36. Overload Indicator

- 3-37. The Overload Indicator consists of Q29 and the light emitting diode CR23. This circuit illuminates the UNCAL indicator wherever the output current exceeds 10 mA.
- 3-38. Q29 monitors the voltage drop across R106. When the output current is greater than 10 mA, the voltage drop across R106 will be greater than 0.6 volts. This voltage turns on Q29 whose conduction path is through the UNCAL indicator CR23. Since CR23 acts similar to a zener, the first 1 mA of collector current of Q29 is bypassed around CR23 through R113. Any further increase in current is through CR23, thus assuring rapid turn on of the UNCAL indicator.

Section 4

Maintenance

4-1. INTRODUCTION

4-2. This section contains service and maintenance information for the Model 510A. The information is arranged under headings of "SERVICE INFORMATION, GENERAL MAINTENANCE, MAINTENANCE ACCESS, PERFORMANCE CHECKS, CALIBRATION PROCEDURES, COMPENSATING COMPONENT SELECTION, and TROUBLESHOOTING." Equipment required to service this instrument is listed in Table 4-1. If the recommended equipment is not available, substitute equipment having equivalent specifications can be used.

4-3. SERVICE INFORMATION

- 4-4. Each instrument that is manufactured by the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. is warranted for a period of one year upon delivery to the original purchaser. The WARRANTY is located at the front of the manual.
- 4-5. Factory authorized calibration and service for each Fluke product is available at various world-wide locations. A complete list of these authorized service centers is located at the rear of the manual. Shipping information is given in Section 2 paragraph 2-3. If requested, an estimate will be provided to the customer before any repair work is begun on instruments that are beyond the warranty period.

4-6. GENERAL MAINTENANCE

4-7. Cleaning

4-8. The Model 510A should be cleaned periodically to remove accumulation of any dust or other contaminates. The exterior should be cleaned using a cloth moistened with ordinary soap and water. Cleaning of the interior should be done with clean, dry air at low pressure. If the printed circuit boards require cleaning, first spray them with Freon T.F. Degreaser (Miller Stephenson Co., Inc.) and then remove the dirt with clean, dry air at low pressure.

4-9. Fuse Replacement

4-10. Input line power to the instrument is overload protected by a fuse installed on the rear panel. A decal giving the type and rating of the fuse is also located on the rear panel. If replacement is necessary, use only the type fuse specified on the decal for 115 or 230V ac line power.

4-11. Lamp Replacement

4-12. An UNCAL status indicator (LED) is located on the front panel. This indicator is accessible after removing the top dust cover and requires no special tools to replace. If replacement is necessary, use a Fairchild, type FLV 102 (FLUKE PART NO. 309617) or equivalent.

TABLE 4-1. REQUIRED TEST EQUIPMENT

NOMENCLATURE	RECOMMENDED EQUIPMENT	TEST FUNCTION
Autotransformer	Variac	Performance checks Calibration Troubleshooting
Multimeter	FLUKE 853A	Troubleshooting
AC/DC Differential Voltmeter	FLUKE 887AB	Performance checks Calibration Troubleshooting
DC Voltage Standard/Null Detector	FLUKE 335D	Performance checks Calibration
Thermal Transfer Standard	FLUKE 540B, A54-2 (Certified to ±0.04% at 50 kHz – 100 kHz)	Performance checks Calibration
Frequency Counter	HP 5245L	Performance checks Calibration Troubleshooting
Oscilloscope	Tektronix 543, 1A1, X10 Probe	Calibration Troubleshooting
Resistive Loads	700, 900, 1k ±2% (Usable to 100 kHz)	Performance checks

4-13. Two ballast lamps designated DS1 and DS2 that are part of the -01 Option are installed on the A2 Main PCB. These lamps are mounted in clip holders attached to the inner rear panel. Access to the lamps is provided after removal of the top dust cover. Replacement requires no special tools. If replacement is necessary, use only GE757 (FLUKE PART NO. 175265) or equivalent.

4-14. MAINTENANCE ACCESS

4-15. The following procedure is to be used to gain access to the interior sections of the Model 510A.

4-16. Major Section Access

- Turn off the Model 510A and remove the top dust cover. Access is provided to all adjustments and test points shown in Figure 4-1.
- b. Remove the bottom dust cover. Access is now provided to assemblies shown in Figure 4-2.

4-17. Plug-In Assembly Removal and Installation

- a. Locate the assembly to be removed using Figure 4-2.
- Disconnect any wiring and then remove mounting screws.
- Remove the plug-in assembly using a gentle rocking motion and an even pulling force.
- d. Install the plug-in assembly in its correct position using a gentle rocking motion and steady downward pressure. Ensure that each mating connector is correctly aligned during installation.
- e. Reconnect any wiring disconnected in step c. Each wire is labeled with a number which corresponds to a connector on the PCB.

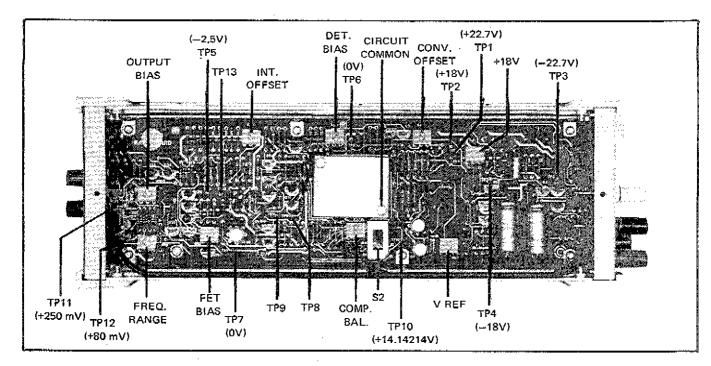


Figure 4-1. ADJUSTMENT AND TEST POINT LOCATIONS

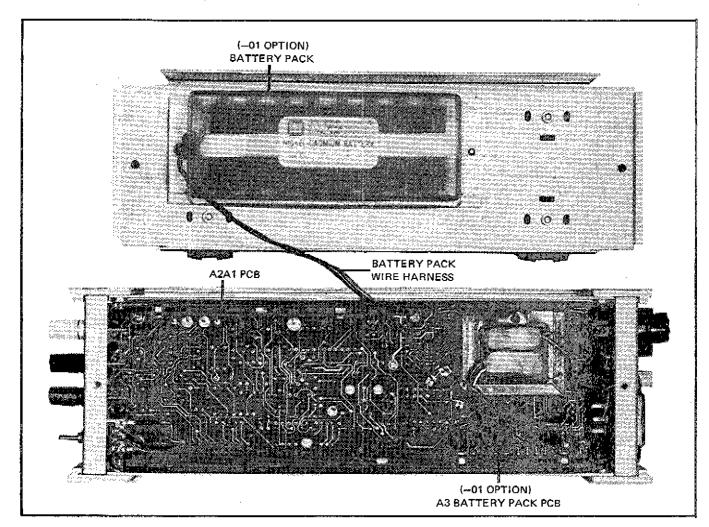


Figure 4-2. ASSEMBLY LOCATIONS (BOTTOM COVER REMOVED)

4-18. Battery Removal and Replacement (--01 Option)

- 4-19. The batteries for the -01 Option are installed on the inside of the bottom dust cover as shown in Figure 4-2. If replacement is necessary, the entire Battery Pack, FLUKE PART NO. 284356, should be replaced. Proceed as follows:
- a. Disconnect the four wires labeled 1 through 4 from A3 Battery Pack PCB. Refer to Figure 4-2 for location.
- b. Remove the screws which secure the Battery Pack to the bottom dust cover and then remove the Battery Pack.
- c. Install a new Battery Pack, FLUKE PART NO. 284356, on the bottom dust cover using the mounting screws removed in step b.
- d. Connect the four Battery Pack wires to the A3 Battery Pack PCB. Each wire is labeled with a number which corresponds to a connector on the PCB.

4-20. PERFORMANCE CHECKS

- 4-21. The following checks can be used to verify most electrical specifications on the Model 510A. Each check includes an introduction which states the objectives and lists the required test equipment. Refer to Table 4-1 for the recommended equipment.
- 4-22. Should a trouble be discovered, first determine that the instrument does not require calibration. If calibration does not correct the problem, troubleshoot the instrument and repair as necessary.

4-23. Preliminary Operation

- a. Connect the power cord through an autotransformer to line power. Set the autotransformer output to 115V ac.
- b. Set the POWER switch on the front panel to ON. The meter should indicate LINE OPR.
- c. Allow the instrument to operate for at least 10 minutes.

4-24. Line and Load Regulation Checks

- 4-25. This check provides a means of verifying the line and load regulation performance. Line voltage changes should not cause output variations greater than 10 ppm under full load. No load to full load changes should not cause output variations greater than those given in Figure 4-3. The following test equipment is required to perform these checks:
 - 1. Autotransformer
 - 2. AC Differential Voltmeter
 - 3. 1k Resistive Load

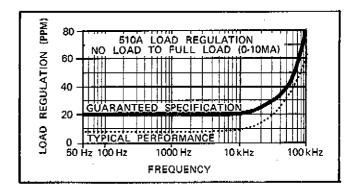


Figure 4-3. LOAD REGULATION

- a. Perform the steps given in paragraph 4-23.
- Connect the 1k load to the front panel OUTPUT terminals.
- c. Connect an ac differential voltmeter to the front panel OUTPUT terminals and record its indication.
- d. Vary the autotransformer output setting from 102 to 128V ac, observing that the output voltage does not change more than ±100 uV.
- e. Return the autotransformer setting to 115V ac and disconnect the 1k load from the OUTPUT terminals.
- f. Record the OUTPUT terminal voltage with the ac differential voltmeter.
- g. Reconnect the 1k load to the OUTPUT terminals, observing that the output voltage does not change more than the limit specified in Figure 4-3.
- h. Disconnect the test equipment from the front panel OUTPUT terminals.
- i. Repeat steps b through g at the rear panel OUT-PUT terminals.

j. Disconnect the test equipment.

4-26. UNCAL Indicator Check

- 4-27. This check verifies correct operation of the UN-CAL indicator on the front panel. This indicator should illuminate when the output load current exceeds 10 ma. The test equipment required to perform this check is a 700 and 900 ohm resistive load.
- Connect a 700 ohm load to the OUTPUT terminals, observing that the UNCAL indicator illuminates.
- b. Disconnect the 700 ohm load.
- Connect a 900 ohm load to the OUTPUT terminals, observing that the UNCAL indicator remains out.
- d. Disconnect the 900 ohm load.

4-28. Frequency Accuracy and Resolution Checks

- 4-29. This check provides a means of verifying the output frequency accuracy and resolution capability. The output frequency should be within $\pm 0.1\%$ of its specified value. It should be adjustable $\pm 1\%$ with the FREQUENCY VERNIER control on the front panel. Resolution capability of this adjustment is $\pm 0.05\%$. The only equipment required to perform this check is a frequency counter.
- a. Connect the frequency counter to the front panel
 OUTPUT terminals. The output frequency should
 be within ±0.1% of the frequency labeled on the front panel.

NOTE!

Use period mode on the frequency counter to increase measurement resolution.

- b. Adjust the FREQUENCY VERNIER control on the front panel to each limit, observing that the output frequency changes ±1%. Resolution with this control should be ±0.05%.
- c. Adjust the FREQUENCY VERNIER control for the output frequency labeled on the front panel.
- d. Disconnect the frequency counter.

4-30. Output Accuracy Check

4-31. This check provides a means of verifying the amplitude accuracies given in Table 4-2. It consists of two different methods: dc reference and thermal transfer. The test equipment required to perform these checks is listed at the beginning of each method.

TABLE 4-2. OUTPUT AMPLITUDE ACCURACY

	DC REFERENCE	
QUTPUT	AMPLITUDE A	ACCURACY
FREO.	30 days	90 days
50 Hz-5kHz 5kHz-10kHz 10kHz-30kHz 30kHz-100kHz	±0.01% ±0.02% ±0.05% ±0.15%	±0.02% ±0.03% ±0.07% ±0.17%

THERMAL TRANSFER					
OUTPUT AMPLITUDE ACCURACY					
FREQ.	24 Hrs	30 days	90 days		
50 Hz-20kHz	±0.01%	±0.015%	±0.02%		
20kHz-50kHz	±0.015%	±0.025%	±0.035%		
50kHz-100kHz	±0.04%	±0.05%	±0.06%		

4-32. DC REFERENCE.

TEST EQUIPMENT:

- 1. DC Voltage Standard/Null Detector
- a. Turn off the Model 510A and remove the top dust cover.
- b. Make the equipment connections shown in Figure 4-4.

- c. Set the dc voltage standard output to +14,14214V dc with a null detector sensitivity of 1V.
- d. Turn on the Model 510A and allow it to operate for at least 10 minutes.
- e. Increase the null detector sensitivity and record its indication. Maximum offset is ±140 uV.
- f. Turn off the Model 510A and disconnect the test equipment. Replace the upper dust cover.

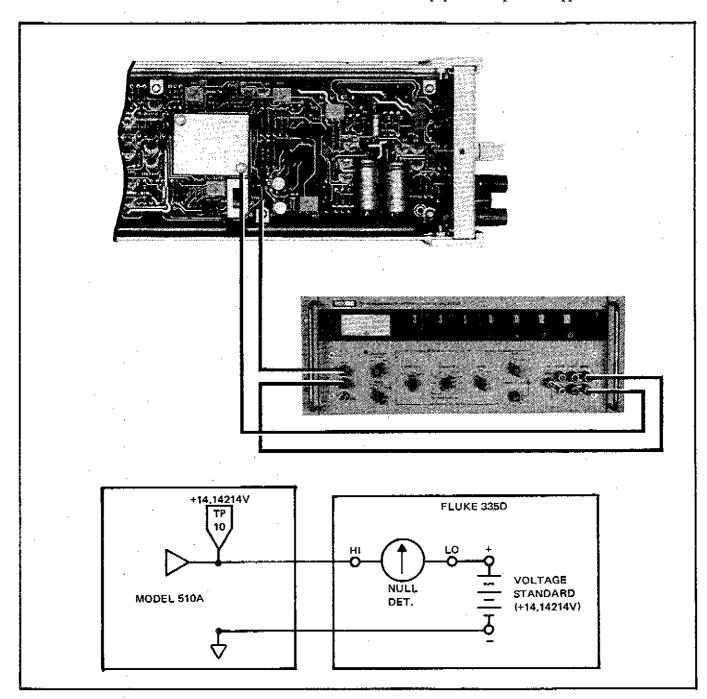


Figure 4-4. DC REFERENCE EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

4-33. THERMAL TRANSFER,

TEST EQUIPMENT:

- 1. DC Voltage Standard
- 2. Thermal Transfer Standard (Certified to ± 0.04% at 50 KHz 100 KHz)
- a. Make the equipment connections shown in Figure 4-5.

- b. Set the dc voltage standard output to 10V dc.
- c. Perform dc to ac transfer, observing that the thermal transfer, amplitude accuracy given in Table 4-2 is achieved.
- d. Disconnect the test equipment.

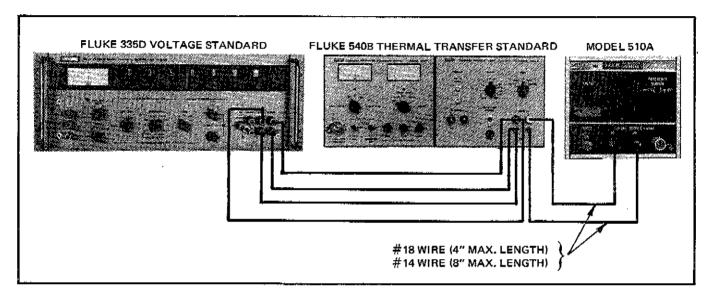


Figure 4-5. THERMAL TRANSFER EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

4-34. CALIBRATION PROCEDURES

4-35. Introduction

- 4-36. The Model 510A should be checked for calibration every 24 hours or 60 or 90 days, as desired, or whenever repairs have been made which affect the electrical characteristics. Calibration should be performed after a 10 minute operating period and at an ambient temperature of 23°C ±5°.
- 4-37. All calibration test points and adjustments are shown in Figure 4-1. These calibration points are accessible after removal of the top dust cover. Required test equipment is listed in Table 4-1.

4-38. Regulator Alignment

a. Remove the top dust cover. Adjustment and test point locations are shown in Figure 4-1.

- b. Connect the power cord through an autotransformer to line power. Set the autotransformer output to 115V ac.
- c. Turn on the Model 510A and allow it to operate for 10 minutes.
- d. Connect the input of a dc voltmeter to TP2 (+) and circuit common.
- e. Adjust +18V (R9) for $+18 \pm 0.2V$ dc at TP2.
- f. Connect the dc voltmeter input to TP4, observing that the voltage is -18 ± 0.5 V dc.
- g. Disconnect the dc voltmeter input from TP4.

4-39. Reference Supply Alignment

- a. Make the equipment connections shown in Figure 4-6.
- b. Set the voltage standard output to +14.14214V dc with a null detector sensitivity of 1V.
- c. Increase the null detector sensitivity and adjust

V REF (R27) for a 0 ± 70 uV indication on the null detector.

NOTE!

If this adjustment cannot be made, refer to paragraph 4-47 for range compensation of R27.

d. Disconnect the test equipment.

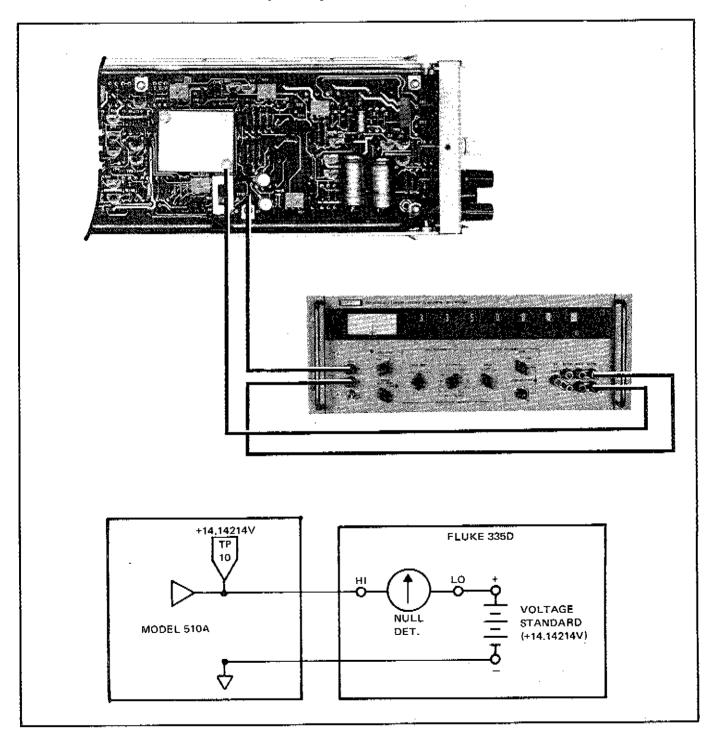


Figure 4-6. DC REFERENCE EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

4-40. FET Bias

- a. Connect the input of the dc voltmeter to TP5 (+) and circuit common.
- b. Adjust FET BIAS (R90) for -2.5 ± 0.2 V dc at TP5.
- c. Disconnect the dc voltmeter input from TP5.

4-41. Zero Set

- a. Connect the dc voltmeter input to TP6.
- b. Adjust CONV. OFFSET (R49) for 0 ±100 uV at TP6.
- c. Connect the dc voltmeter input to TP7.
- d. Adjust INT. OFFSET (R72) for 0 ±100 uV at TP7.
- e. Disconnect the dc voltmeter from the instrument.

4-42. Output Bias

- Connect a shorting jumper between TP13 and circuit common.
- b. Connect the input for a dc voltmeter to TP11 (+) and TP4 (-).
- c. Adjust OUTPUT BIAS (R100 for +250 mV dc between TP11 and TP4.
- d. Disconnect the dc voltmeter and shorting jumper from the instrument.

4-43. Detector Bias

a. Set the controls of a dc coupled oscilloscope to provide a .01V vertical sensitivity with an established OV reference (Model 510A circuit common) on the display.

- Connect the input through X10 probe to TP8.
 Connect the probe ground clip to circuit common.
- c. Adjust the oscilloscope sweep speed to view at least two complete cycles of the peaked waveform at TP8.
- d. Adjust DET BIAS (R60) until the peak of the waveform is at 100 ±10 mV in respect to circuit common.
- e. Disconnect the oscilloscope.

4-44. Comparator Balance

- a. Connect the input of an ac differential voltmeter to the front panel OUTPUT terminals.
- b. Record the ac output voltage.
- c. Switch S2 to the opposite position (white dot not showing) and record the ac voltmeter indication.
- d. Adjust COMP BAL (R37) for a maximum shift of 0 ±50 uV in output voltage of each setting of S2.
- e. Set S2 to "white dot position" and disconnect the ac differential voltmeter.

4-45. Frequency Adjust

- a. Connect the input of a frequency counter to the front panel OUTPUT terminals. Use period mode for maximum resolution.
- b. Set the FREQUENCY VERNIER control (R96) on the front panel to the center of its adjustment range.
- c. Adjust FREQ. RANGE (R95) for the output frequency labeled on the front panel. If necessary, refine the FREQUENCY VERNIER setting slightly to obtain the appropriate frequency.
- d. Disconnect the frequency counter.

- 4-46. The Model 510A is now calibrated to meet amplitude accuracy specifications related to a dc reference accurate to ±15 ppm. If an amplitude accuracy related to a thermal transfer is required, perform the following procedure:
- a. Make the equipment connections shown in Figure 4-7.
- b. Set the dc voltage standard output to the 10V dc.
- c. Perform dc to ac transfer, observing the ac amplitude error.

d. Adjust COMP. BAL. (R37) for a 10V rms output from the Model 510A.

NOTE!

Transfer accuracy of the thermal transfer standard must be certified to at least $\pm 0.04\%$ from 50 KHz to 100 KHz.

e. Disconnect the test equipment and replace the top dust cover. The Model 510A is now fully calibrated.

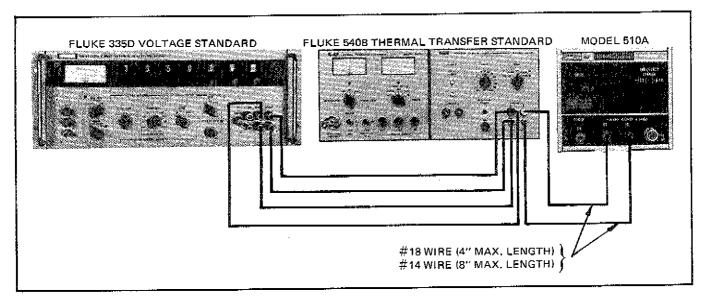


Figure 4-7. THERMAL TRANSFER EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS

4-47. COMPENSATING COMPONENT SELECTION

4-48. Replacement of U2 and associated matched components in the Reference Supply will require selection of jumpers A and B. These jumpers compensate the adjustment range of V REF (R27). Selection of jumpers is done as follows:

- a. Turn off the Model 510A and set V REF (R27) fully counterclockwise.
- Locate jumpers A and B using Figure 4-8 and reconnect any cut jumpers.
- c. Turn on the Model 510A and make the equipment connections shown in Figure 4-6.
- d. Set the voltage standard output to +14.14214V dc with a null sensitivity of 1V.

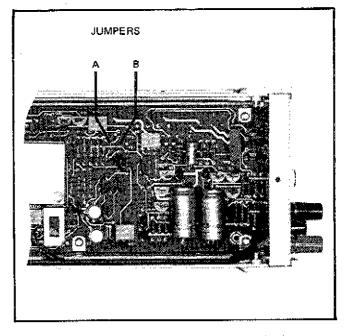


Figure 4-8. V_{REF} JUMPER LOCATIONS

- e. Increase the null detector sensitivity and record the offset voltage.
- f. Cut jumpers A and B per Table 4-3.
- g. Adjust V REF (R27) for a 0 ±70 uV indication on the null detector.

TABLE 4-3. A & B JUMPER SELECTION

OFFSET VOLTAGE (TP 10)	CLIP JUMPER
0 to 0.00571	None
0.00572 to 0.01141	Α
0.00142 to 0.01712	В
0.01713 to 0.02182	A and B

NOTE!

The Model 510A should be recalibrated using the procedures given in paragraph 4-34 through 4-46.

4-49. TROUBLESHOOTING

4-50. The following information is provided to assist in locating troubles in the Model 510A. It is recommended that the theory of operation in Section 3 be completely understood before attempting any troubleshooting.

4-51. Initial Troubleshooting

- 4-52. Troubleshooting begins by first performing a thorough inspection for improperly seated plug-in assemblies, loose wires, physically damaged parts, or other obvious problems. The next step is to insure that the instrument is being operated correctly, but fails to meet specifications. Performance checks especially designed for this purpose are given in paragraphs 4-20 through 4-33.
- 4-53. Once it is determined that a malfunction exists, all operating voltages should be checked as shown in Figure 4-9. During these checks, the instrument must be operated from nominal line power. If the Rechargeable Battery Pack (-01 Option) is installed, the optional circuitry can be checked using the information in paragraph 4-54.

TEST POINT	VOLTAGE (VDC)	CIRCUITRY CHECKED
1 тр1	+23V	AC INPUT (T1, CR2)
2 трз	–23V	AC INPUT (T1, CR2)
3 TP4	–18 ±0.5V	-18V REGULATOR
4 TP2	+18 ±0.2V	+18V REGULATOR
5 тр10	+14.14214V	REFERENCE SUPPLY

Figure 4-9. OPERATING VOLTAGE CHECK POINTS

4-54. Rechargeable Battery Pack (-01 Option)

- 4-55. Operating voltages for the optional battery pack circuitry can be checked using the following procedure:
- a. Connect the power cord through an autotransformer to line power. Set the autotransformer output to OV.
- b. Make the voltage checks on the A3 Battery Pack
 PCB as shown in Figure 4-10.

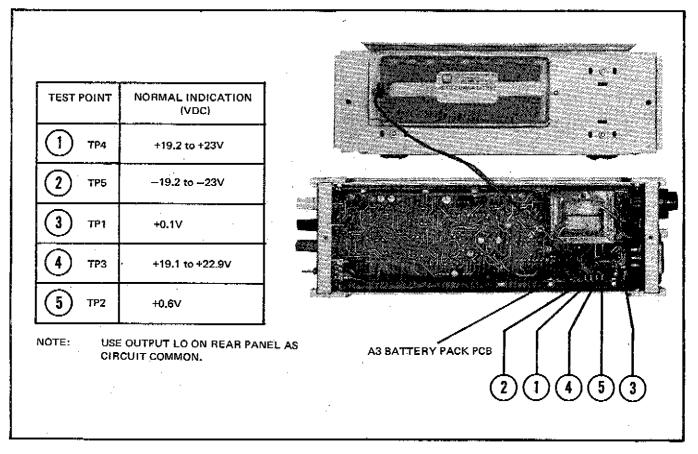


Figure 4-10. A3 BATTERY PACK PCB CHECKS

- c. Connect the dc voltmeter to A3TPI and slowly increase the autotransformer output. The voltage at TP1 should increase from +0.1V dc to approximately +25V dc at a line voltage between 30 and 90V ac.
- d. Set the autotransformer output to 115V ac.
- c. Connect the dc voltmeter input to A3TP2 and slowly dccrease the autotransformer output. The voltage at TP2 should increase from -25V dc to +0.6V dc at a line voltage between 90 and 30V ac.
- f. Turn off the Model 510A and disconnect the power cord.
- g. Disconnect wire #1 from P1 on the A3 Battery Pack PCB.
- h. Connect the output of a dc power supply set to +24V dc to P1 on the A3 Battery Pack PCB.

Connect the power supply common to the OUT-PUT LOW terminal on the rear panel.

- Turn on the Model 510A and slowly decrease the power supply output until the meter on the front panel swings abruptly to the left.
- j. Record the power supply output voltage. The Model 510A should turn-off at a power supply output between 18.5 and 19.5V dc.
- k. Increase the power supply output until the meter on the front panel abruptly swings to the right. The Model 510A should turn on at a power supply output that is 1.2V above the value recorded in step j.
- 1. Turn off the Model 510A and disconnect the power supply. Reconnect wire #1 to P1 on the A3 Battery Pack PCB.

4-56. Circuit Isolation Checks

4-57. The voltage checks given in Figure 4-11 can be used to isolate a trouble to a major circuit.

General troubleshooting of the major circuit should then reveal the exact source of trouble.

Circuit voltages are given on the schematic diagram.

HECK POINT	NORMAL INDICATION		FAULT ANALYSIS	
1 TP12	10V RMS		IF ABNORMAL CHECK (2), TP5.	
2 TP5	−2.5 ±0.2V dc	Α,	IF TP12 IS HIGH OR LOW AND TP5 IS ±0.6V, TROUBLE IS IN THE OSCILLATOR.	
		₿.	CHECK(3), TP7, IF TP5 IS AT SOME OTHER VOLTAGE.	
3 TP7	0 ±100 u∨	Α,	IF TP5 IS NOT +0.6V AND TP7 IS +10 mV OR MORE, TROUBLE IS IN THE INTEGRATOR.	
		В.	IF TP5 IS MORE POSITIVE THAN -5V AND TP7 IS -10 mV OR MORE, TROUBLE IS IN THE INTEGRATOR.	
		c,	IF TP5 IS NOT +0.6V AND TP7 IS OV OR NEGATIVE, TROUBLE IS IN THE PEAK AC TO DC CON- VERTER.	
		D,	IF TP5 IS MORE POSITIVE THAN -5V AND TP7 IS 6V OR POSITIVE, TROUBLE IS IN THE PEAK AC TO DC CONVERTER.	
		_	NOTE! MPLE AND HOLD IS CONSIDERED RT OF PEAK AC TO DC CONVER- R.	The control of the co
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Figure 4-11. CIRCUIT ISOLATION CHECKS

Section 5

List of Replaceable Parts

5-1. INTRODUCTION

- 5-2. This section contains an illustrated parts breakdown list of the instrument and a Cross Reference List of FLUKE stock numbers to original MANUFACTURERS' part numbers. It also lists recommended spare parts and contains part ordering information. The starting page number of each major listing is given in the Table of Contents.
- 5-3. The parts list shows the location of all assemblies and the replaceable components. Major assemblies are identified by a designation beginning with the letter A followed by a number (e.g., A1 etc). Subassemblies are identified in the same manner; however, the parent assembly designator precedes this designator (e.g., A1A1 etc.). Electrical components are identified by their schematic diagram designator and listed hardware parts are identified by the FLUKE stock number. All listed components are described, and the FLUKE stock number is given. The original MANUFACTURER'S part number for each listed item is given in the Cross Reference List at the rear of this section.

5-4. PARTS LIST COLUMN DESCRIPTIONS

a. The REF DESIG column indexes the item description to the associated illustration. In general the reference designations are listed under each assembly in alpha-numeric order. Subassemblies of minor proportions are sometimes listed with the assembly of which they are a part. In this case, the reference designations may appear out of order.

- b. The DESCRIPTION column describes the salient characteristics of the component. Indention of the description indicates the relationship to other assemblies, components, etc. In many cases it is necessary to abbreviate in this column. For abbreviations and symbols used, refer to Appendix B located at the rear of the manual.
- c. The six-digit part number, by which the item is identified at the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. is listed in the STOCK NO. column. Use this number when ordering parts from the factory or authorized representatives. In the case where a flag note is used, special ordering is required. Flag note explanations are located as close as possible to the flag note.
- d. The TOT QTY column lists the total quantity of the item used in each particular assembly. This quantity reflects only the latest Use Code. Second and subsequent listings of the same item are referenced to the first listing with the abbreviation REF.
- e. Entries in the REC QTY column indicate the recommended number of spare parts necessary to support one to five instruments for a period of two years. This list presumes an availability of common electronic parts at the maintenance site. For maintenance for one year or more at an isolated site, it is recommended that at least one of each assembly in the instrument be stocked. In

the case of optional subassemblies, plug-ins, etc. that are not always part of the instrument, or are deviations from the basic instrument model, the REC QTY column lists the recommended quantity of the item in that particular assembly.

f. The USE CODE column identifies certain parts which have been added, deleted or modified during the production of the instrument. Each part for which a Use Code has been assigned may be identified with a particular instrument serial number by consulting the Serial Effectivity List, paragraph 5-9. Sometimes when a part is changed, the new part can and should be used as a replacement for the original part.

5-5. MANUFACTURERS' CROSS REFER-ENCE LIST COLUMN DESCRIPTIONS

- a. The six-digit part number, by which the item is identified at the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. is listed in the FLUKE STOCK NO. column. Use this number when ordering parts from the factory or authorized representatives.
- b. The Federal Supply Code for the item manufacturer is listed in the MFG column. An abbreviated list of Federal Supply Codes is included in Appendix A.
- c. The part number which uniquely identifies the item to the original manufacturer is listed in the MFG PART NO. column. If a component must be ordered by description, the type number is listed.

5-6. HOW TO OBTAIN PARTS

- 5-7. Standard components have been used whenever possible. Standard components may be ordered directly from the manufacturer by using the manufacturer's part number, or parts may be ordered from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. factory or authorized representative by using the FLUKE stock number. In the event the part you order has been replaced by a new or improved part, the replacement will be accompanied by an explanatory note and installation instructions, if necessary.
- 5-8. You can insure prompt and efficient handling of your order to the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. if you include the following information:
- a. Quantity.
- b. FLUKE Stock Number.
- c, Description.
- d. Reference Designation.
- e. Instrument model and serial number.

Example: 2 each, 215897, Transistor, 2N4126 A2A101 & O2 for 645A, S/N 123.

If you must order structural parts not listed in the parts list, describe the part as completely as possible. A sketch of the part, showing its location to other parts of the instrument is helpful.

5-9. SERIAL NUMBER EFFECTIVITY

5-10. A Use Code column is provided to identify certain parts that have been added, deleted or modified during production of the Model 510A. Each part for which a use code has been assigned may be identified with a particular instrument serial number by consulting the Use Code Effectivity List below. All parts with no code are used on all instruments with serial numbers above 123.

USE

CODE

SERIAL NUMBER EFFECTIVITY

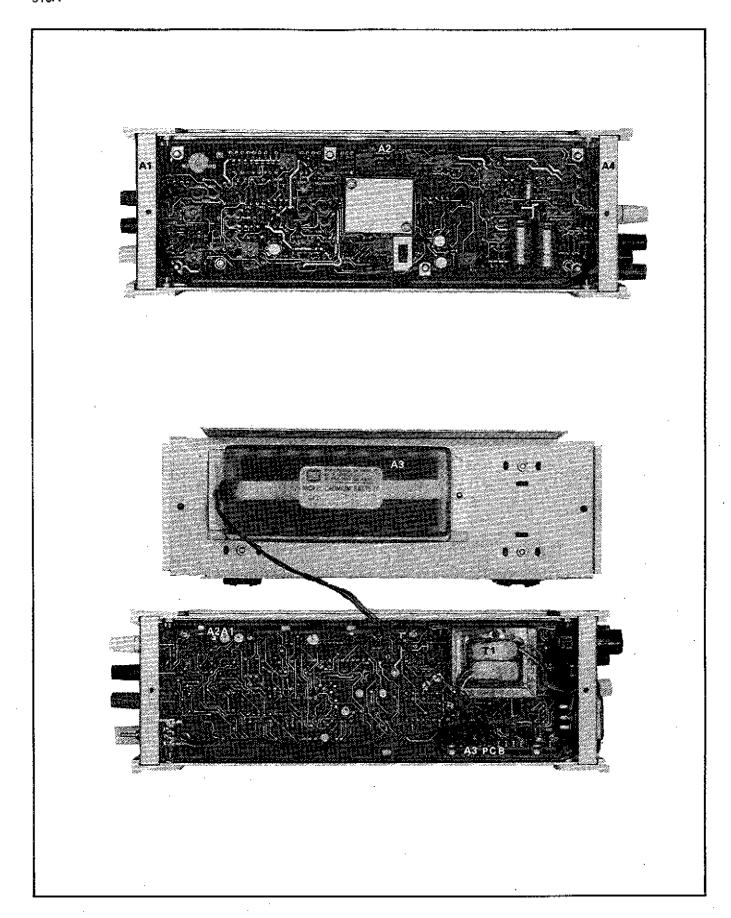


Figure 5-1. AC REFERENCE STANDARD

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO			USE CODE
	AC REFERENCE STANDARD Figure 5-1	510A			
A1	Front Panel Assembly (Figure 5-2)	307884	1		
A2	Main PCB Assembly (Figure 5-3)	307868	1		
A2A1	PCB Assembly, 50 Hz, 60 Hz, 400 Hz, 1000 Hz, 2400 Hz, 5000 Hz, 19.2 KHz, 100 KHz (Figure 5-4)		1		
A3	Rechargeable Battery Kit (-01 Option) Figure 5-5		ļ		
A4	Rear Panel Assembly (Figure 5-6)	307892	1		
T1	Xfmr, Power	304097	1		
	Field installation Kit P/N is 510A-01k			:	
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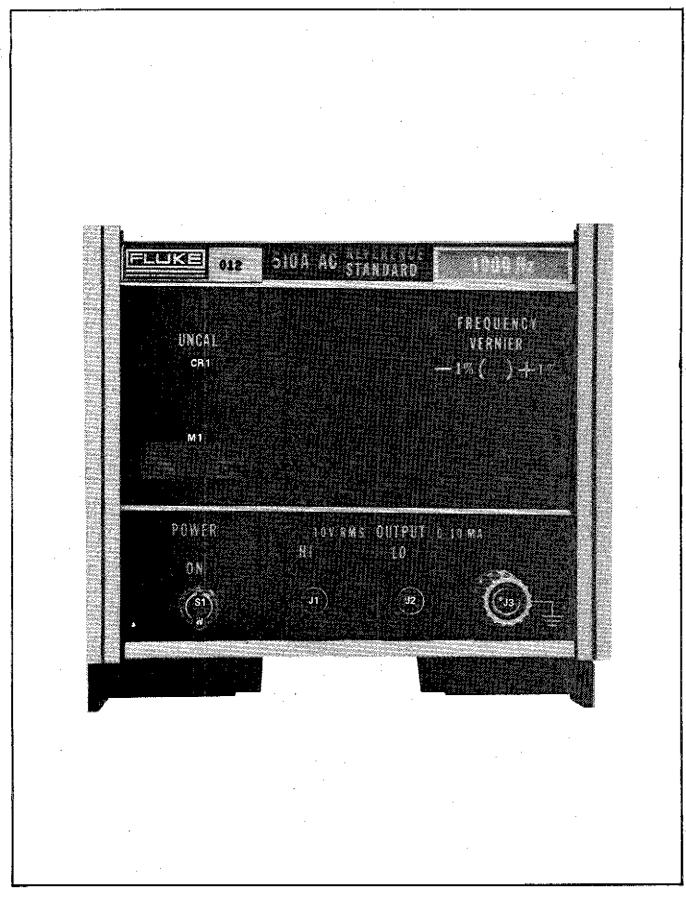


Figure 5-2. FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO			USE CODE
A1	FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY Figure 5-2	307686	REF		
CRI	Diode, light emitting, 50 mA	309617	1	1	
J]	Binding post, red, HI	275552	1		
J2	Binding post, black, LO	275560	1		
Ј3	Binding post, white	275586	1		
Mı	Meter, 0-1 mA, ±10%	266494	1		
Sı	Switch, toggle, mini, 3 PDT	284299	1	1	
	Decal, front panel	309351	1		
	Meter, retainer	307322	1		
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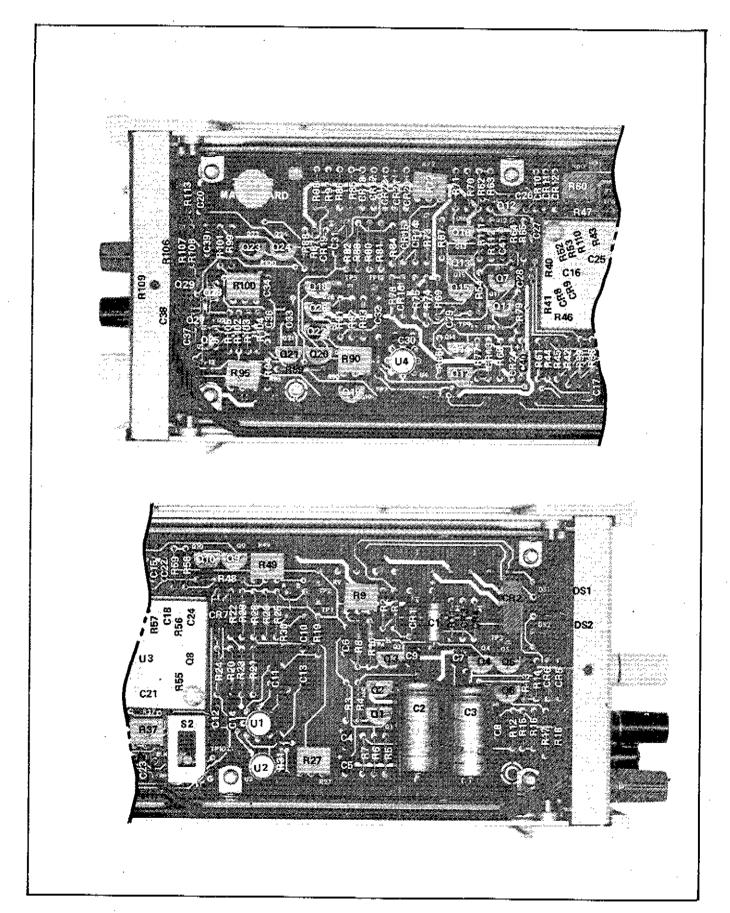


Figure 5-3, MAIN PCB ASSEMBLY

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		1	USE CODE
A2	MAIN PCB ASSEMBLY Figure 5-3	307868	REF		·
C)	Cap, elect, 2 uf +75/-10%, 50V	105197	1	1	
C2, C3	Cap, elect, 250 uf +50/-10%, 40V	178616	2	1	
C4, C5, C7, C9, C28, C32	Cap, Ta, 2.2 uf ±20%, 20V	161927	6	1	·
C6, C8, C10, C12 thru C14, C17, C20, C23, C37, C38	Cap, cer, 0.05 uf +80/-20%, 25V	148924	11	1	
C11, C18, C30	Cap, mica, 33 pf ±5%, 500V	160317	3	1	
C15, C21, C22, C24, thru C26, C34, C36	Cap, fixed, cer, 0.01 uf ±20%, 100V	149153	8	1	
C16	Cap, mica, 4 pf ±5%, 500V	190397	1	ī	
C19	Not used				
C27	Cap, mica, 47 pf ±5%, 500V	148536	1	1	
C29	Cap, cer, 180 pf ±10%, 1 kV	105890	1	1	
C31	Cap, cer, 20 pf ±10%, 500V	106369	1	1	j
C33	Cap, mica, 10 pf ±10%, 500V	175216	1	1	
C35	Cap, Ta, 4.7 uf ±20%, 20V	161943	1	1	
C39	Cap, Ta, 39 uf ±20%, 20V	163915	1	1	
C40	Cap, Ta, 3.3 uf ±10%, 15V	182808	1	1	
C41	Cap, cer, 3.3° uf $\pm 10\%$, $500V$	106377	1	1	
CR1, CR7	Díode, silicon, 1 amp, 100 piv	116111	2		
CR2	Diode, bridge, 2 amp, 100 piv	296509	1		
CR3 thru CR6, CR13, thru CR15, CR17, CR18, CR20 thru CR22, CR24	Diode, silicon, 150 MA	203323	13	2	
CR8	Diode, semicon, silicon, 100 MA at 1.5V	161810	1	1	. [
CR9	Diode, high speed, switching	256339	1	2	

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO			USE CODE
CR10, CR11, CR12	Diode, germanium, 80 MA, 100 piv	149187	3		
CR16, CR19	Diode, zener, 6.2V	180497	2	1	
CR23	Not used				
DS1, DS2	Lamp, incandesant, 28V, 80 MA	175265	2	1	
Q1, Q5, Q7 thru Q10 Q27	Tstr, silicon, PNP	195974	7	1	
Q2, Q4, Q12 thru Q16, Q24, Q25, Q28	Tstr, silicon, NPN	218396	10	2	
Q3, Q19, Q21	Tstr, semicon, silicon NPN	218081	3	1	
Q6, Q11, Q18, Q20 Q29	Tstr, silicon, PNP	229898	5	1	
Q17, Q26	Tstr, FET, N-channel	261388	2	1	
Q22, Q23	Tstr, silicon, PNP	225599	2	1	
R1, R2, R65, R67, R78, R87, R91, R92, R109	Tes, comp, 10k ±5%, 1/4w	148106	9		
R3, R7, R16 R68, R107, R108, R113	Res, comp, 1.8k ±5%, 1/4w	175042	7		
R4, R13, R101	Res, comp, 6.8k ±5%, 1/4w	148098	3		
R5, R14, R19	Res, comp, $270\Omega \pm 5\%$, $1/4w$	160804	3		
R6, R15	Res, comp, 180k ±5%, 1/4w	193441	2		
R8	Res, mct flm, 54.9k ±1%, 1/8w	271353	1	1	
R9, R95	Res, var, cermet 10k ±10%, 1/2w	309674	2	1	
R10	Res, met flm, 63.4k ±1%, 1/8w	235382	1	1	
R11, R75 R76, R84 R88	Res, comp, 22k ±5%, 1/4w	148130	5		

17) 10) 30)

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		REC QTY	USE CODE
R12, R97	Res, comp, 5.6k ±5%, 1/4w	148080	2		
R17	Res, met film, 57.6k ±1%, 1/8w	289116	. 1	1	
R18	Res, met flm, 45.3k ±1%, 1/8w	234971	1	1	
R20	Res, met flm, 51.1k ±1%, 1/8w	309757	1	1	
R21	Res, met flm, 49.9k ±1%, 1/8w	293456	1	1	
R22, R23, R30, R31	Res, ref amp, matched set	1	1	1	
R24	Res, met flm, 2.49k $\pm 1\%$, 1/8w	309732	1	1	
R25	Res, met flm, $1.05k \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	293530	1	1	
R26	Res, met flm, 107Ω ±1%, 1/8w	309716	1	1	
R27	Res, var, 100Ω ±10%, 1/2w	275735	1		
R28	Res, met flm, 200Ω ±1%, 1/8w	309724	1	1	
R29	Res, met flm, $10\Omega \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	268789	1	1	
R32 thru R36	Not used				
R37	Res, var, cermet, 20Ω ±20%, 1/2w	275727	1	1	
R38	Res, met flm, $40.2\Omega \pm 1\%$, $1/8$ w	245373	1	1	
R39	Res, met flm, $100\Omega \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	168195	1	1	
R40, R41	Res, network (2 resistors)	293506	1	1	
R42	Res, met flm, $33.2\Omega \pm 1\%$, $1/8$ w	199950	1	1	,
R43, R54, R57, R64	Res, comp, 100k ±5%, 1/4w	148189	4		
R44, R45 R93	Res, comp, 1k ±5%, 1/4w	148023	3		
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REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		REC QTY	USE CODE
P46	Dog mot fly 12.75 ±1% 1/8w	236752	1	1	
R46	Res, met flm, 13.7k ±1%, 1/8w	267393	2	ì	
R47, R74	Res, met flm, $453\Omega \pm 1\%$, $1/8$ w	268797	2	ı	
R48, R73	Res, met flm, 1M ±1%, 1/8w	276691	2	1	ļ
R49, R72	Res, var, 1M ±10%, 1/2w	2,0051		•	
R50, R51	Not used	221945	1	1	
R52	Res, comp, 2.4M ±5%, 1/4w	·	,	'	
R53	Res, comp, 470k ±5%, 1/4w	188441 148163	5		
R55, R58, R70, R111, R112	Res, comp, 47k ±5%, 1/4w	148103	,		
R 56	Res, comp, 360k ±5%, 1/4w	234690	1		
R59	Res, comp, 12k ±5%, 1/4w	159731	1		
R60, R90	Res, var, cermet, 1k ±10%, 1/2w	275750	2	1	
R61	Res, comp, 27k ±5%, 1/4w	148148	I		
R62, R85, R99	Res, comp, $8.2k \pm 5\%$, $1/4w$	160796	3		
R63, R105	Res, comp, 100Ω ±5%, 1/4w	147926	2		
R66	Res, comp, 91Ω ±5%, 1/4w	221887	1		
R69	Res, comp, 820k ±5%, 1/4w	220541	1		
R71	Res, comp, 6.2k ±5%, 1/4w	221911	1		
R77	Res, comp, 2.2M ±5%, 1/4w	198390	1		
R 79	Res, comp, 36k ±5%, 1/4w	221929	1		
R80, R81	Res, met flm, 1k ±1% 1/8w	168229	2	1	
R82, R83	Res, met flm, $1.47k \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	293654	2	1	
R86	Res, comp, 510Ω ±5%, 1/4w	218032	1		
R89	Res, met flm, 4.53k ±1%, 1/8	260331	1	1	

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REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		REC QTY	USE CODE
R94	Res, met flm, 41.2k ±1%, 1/8w	289538	. I	1	
R96	Res, var, cermet, $2k \pm 10\%$, $1/2w$	285163	1	1	
R98	Res, comp, 4.7k ±5%, 1/4w	148072	1		
R100	Res, var, cermet, 2k ±10%, 1/4w	309666	1.	1	
R102, R104	Res, comp, 5.6Ω $\pm 5\%$, $1/4w$	208033	2		
R103	Res, comp, $10\Omega \pm 5\%$, $1/4$ w	147868	1		
R106	Res, met flm, $84.5\Omega \pm 1\%$, $1/8$ w	236851	1	1	
R110	Res, comp, 56k ±5%, 1/4w	170738	1		
\$1	Switch, double pole, double throw	234278	1	1	
ប់រ	IC, operational amplifier	27150 2	1	1	
Ŭ2	Ref, amp assembly, matched set		1	1	
U3, U4	IC, operational amplifier	306266	2	1	
	Socket, tstr	285262	25		}
	R22, R23, R30, R31 and U2 are a matched set. For replacement order ref amp set P/N 4842-307918.				

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REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		REC QTY	USE CODE
A2A1	PCB ASSEMBLY 50 Hz (-02 Option) Figure 5-4	307926	REF		
C1,C2	Cap, fxd, met poly, 0.27 uf \pm 5%, 100V	310466	2	1	
C3	Cap, Ta, 330 uf ±10%, 6V	193011	1	1	
C4, C5	Cap, Ta, 220 uf ±10% 10V	182840	2	1	
C6	Cap, Ta, 5.6 uf ±10% 6V	198259	1	i	
C7	Cap, Ta, 0.47 uf ±10% 250V	184366	1	1	
C8	Cap, cer, 0.025 uf ±2%, 100V	168435	1	1	
C9	Cap, cer, 0.1 uf ±20%, 100V	149146	1	1	
C10	Cap, plstc 0.1 uf ±10%, 250V	161992	1	1	
J1 thru J19	Amp, receptacle	267617	19	5	
R1	Res, met flm, 2.67k ±1%, 1/8w	312173	1	1	
R2	Res, met fim, 42.2k ±1%, 1/8w	312215	1	1	
R3	Res, comp, 47k ±5%, 1/4w	148163	1		
R4	Res, comp, 2.2M ±5%, 1/4w	198390	1,		
					,

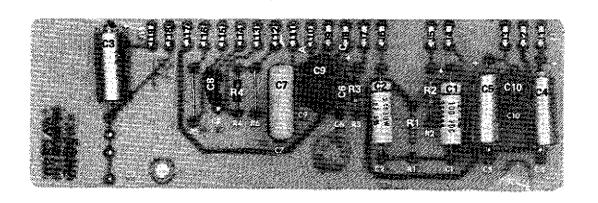


Figure 5-4. PCB ASSEMBLY, 50 Hz (-02 Option)

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO	1	REC QTY	USE CODE
A2A1	PCB Assembly, 60 Hz (-03 Option) Figure 5-5	307934	REF		
C1, C2	Cap, fxd, met poly, 27 uf ±5%, 100V	310466	2	1	
C3	Cap, Ta, 330 uf ±10%, 6V	193011	1	1	
C4, C5	Cap, Ta, 220 uf ±10%, 10V	182840	2	1	
C6	Cap, Ta, 5.6 uf ±10%, 6V	198259	1	1	
C7 .	Cap, Ta, 0.47 uf ±10%, 250V	184366	1	1	
C8	Cap, cer, 0.025 uf $\pm 2\%$, $100V$	168435	1	1	
C9	Cap, cer, 0.1 uf ±20%, 100V	149146	1	1	
C10	Cap, plstc, 0.1 uf ±10%, 250V	161992	1	1	
J1 thru J19	Connector, receptacle	267617	19	5	
R1	Res, met flm, $2.21k \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	310508	1	1	
R2	Res, met flm, 34.8k ±1%, 1/8w	312181	1	1	
R3	Res, comp, 47k ±5%, 1/4w	148163	1		·
R4	Res, comp, 2.2M ±5%, 1/4w	198390	1.		
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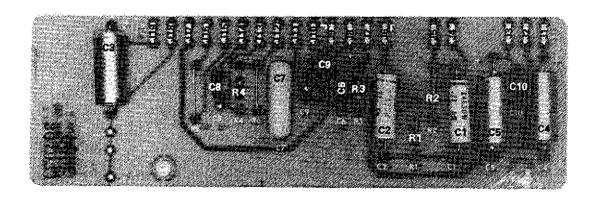


Figure 5-5. PCB ASSEMBLY, 60 Hz (-03 Option)

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		i	USE CODE
A2A1	PCB Assembly, 400 Hz (—04 Option) Figure 5-6	307942	REF		
C1, C2	Cap, fxd, met poly, 0.033 ±5%, 100V	310474	2	1	
C3	Cap, fxd, met poly, 5 uf ±10%, 50V	313254	1	1	
C4, C5	Cap, Ta, 68 uf ±10%, 15V	182824	2	ī	1
C6	Cap, Ta, 3.3 uf ±10%, 15V	182808	1	1	
C7	Cap, cer, 0.05 uf ±20%, 100V	149161	1	1	
C8	Cap, mica, 3000 pf ±5%, 500V	161786	1	1	
C9	Cap, fxd, cer, 0.01 uf ±20%, 100V	149153	1	1	
J1 thru J19	Connector, receptacle	267617	19	5	
Ri	Res, met flm, 2.67k ±1%, 1/8w	312173	1	1	
R2	Res, met film, 43.2k ±1%, 1/8w	312223	1	1	
R3	Not used				
R4	Res, comp, 2.2M ±5%, 1/4w	198390	1		:
				1	

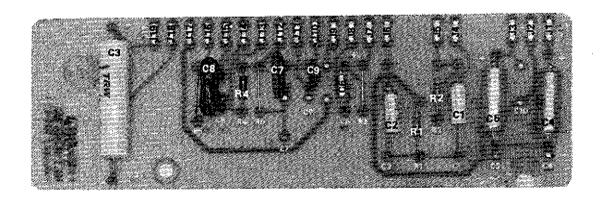


Figure 5-6. PCB ASSEMBLY, 400 Hz (-04 Option)

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO			USE CODE
A2A1	PCB Assembly, 1000 Hz (-05 Option) Figure 5-7	307959	REF		
C1,C2	Cap, fxd, met poly, 0.015 uf ±5%, 100V	310482	2	1	
СЗ	Cap, fxd, met poly, 2 uf ±10%, 50V	284687	1	1	
C4, C5	Cap, Ta, 68 uf ±10%, 15V	182824	2	1	
C6	Cap, Ta, 2.2 uf ±20%, 20V	161927	1	1	·
С7	Cap, cer, 0.05 uf ±20%, 100V	149161	1	1	
C8	Cap, mica, 1200 pf ±5%, 500V	148379	1	1	
C9	Cap, fxd, cer, 0.01 uf ±20%, 100V	149153	1	1	
J1 thru J19	Connector, receptacle	267617	19	5	
Rı	Res, met flm, 2.43k ±1%, 1/8w	310524	1	1	
R2	Res, met flm, $39.2k \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	312207	1	1	
R3	Not used				
R4	Res, comp, 1.2M ±5%, 1/4w	188425	1		

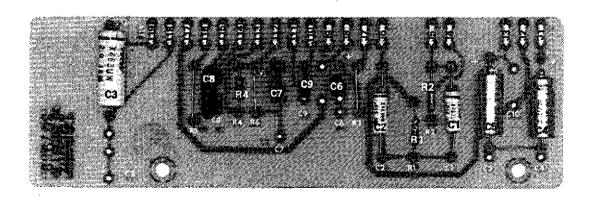


Figure 5-7. PCB ASSEMBLY, 1000 Hz (-05 Option)

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		ľ	USE CODE
A2A1	PCB ASSEMBLY, 2400 Hz (-06 Option) Figure 5-8	307967	REF		
C1, C2	Cap, mica, 6200 pf ±5%, 300V	310490	2	1	
С3	Cap, fxd, met poly, 1.0 uf ±10%, 100V	313262	1	1	
C4, C5	Cap, Ta, 68 uf ±10%, 15V	182824	2	1	
C6	Cap, Ta, 0.68 uf ±10%, 35V	182790	1	1	
C7	Cap, cer, 0.05 uf $\pm 20\%$, 100V	149161	1	1	
C8	Cap, mica, 510 pf ±5%, 500V	148411	1	1	
C9	Cap, Fxd, cer, 0.01 uf ±20%, 100V	149153	1	1	
J1 thru J19	Connector, receptacle	267617	19	5	
R1	Res, met flm, 2.43k $\pm 1\%$, 1/8w	310524	1	1	
R2	Res, met flm, 39.2k $\pm 1\%$, 1/8w	312207	1	1 .	
R3	Not used				
R4	Res, fxd, comp, 750k ±5%, 1/4w	221937	1		
					1
]					

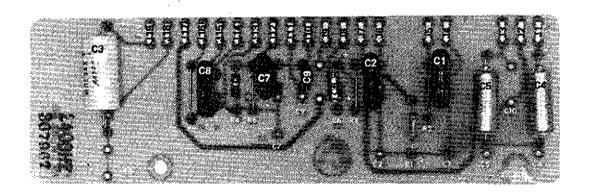


Figure 5-8. PCB ASSEMBLY 2400 Hz (-06 Option)

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		1	USE CODE
	PCB Assembly, 5000 Hz (-07 Option) Figure 5-9	307975	REF		
C1, C2	Cap, mica, 3000 pf ±5%, 500V	161786	2	1	
C3	Cap, fxd, met poly, 1 uf ±10%, 100V	313262	1	1	
C4,C5	Cap, Ta, 68 uf ±10%, 15V	182824	2	1	
C6	Cap, Ta, .33 uf ±5%, 20V	271338	1	1	
C7	Cap, cer, 0.05 uf ±20%, 100V	149161	1	1	:
C8	Cap, mica, 220 pf ±5%, 500V	170423	1	1	
C9	Cap, fxd, cer, 0.01 uf ±20%, 100V	149153	1	1	
J1 thru J19	Connector, receptacle	267617	19	5	
R1	Res, met flm, $2.43k \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	310524	1	1	
R2	Res, met flm, $39.2k \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	*312207	1	1	
R3	Not used				
R4	Res, comp, 360k ±5%, 1/4w	234690	1		
	·				

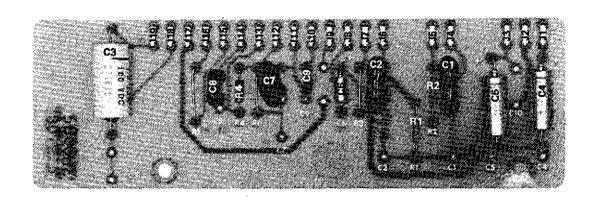


Figure 5-9. PCB ASSEMBLY, 5000 Hz (-07 Option)

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION			F	USE CODE
	PCB Assembly, 19.2 KHz (-08 Option) Figure 5-10	307983	REF		
C1,C2	Cap, mica, 750 pf ±5%, 500V	208983	2	1	
C3	Cap, fxd, met poly, 1 uf $\pm 10\%$, 100V	313262	1	1	
C4, C5	Cap, Ta, 68 uf ±10%, 15V	182824	2	1	
C6	Cap, plstc, 0.068 uf ±10%, 100V	182170	1	1	
C7	Cap, cer, 0.05 uf ±20%, 100V	149161	1	1	
C8	Cap, mica, 68 pf ±5%, 500V	148510	1	1	
C9	Cap, fxd, cer, 0.01 uf ±20%, 100V	149153	I	1	Ì
J1 thru J19	Connector, receptacle	267617	19	5	
R1	Res, met flm, 2.49k ±1%, 1/8w	309732	1	1	
R2	Res, met flm, 39.2k ±1%, 1/8w	312207	1	1	
R3	Not used				Ì
R4	Res, comp, 100k ±5%, 1/4w	148189	1		
R5	Not used				
R6	Res, comp, 5.1Ω ±5%, 1/4w	281832	1		
					1

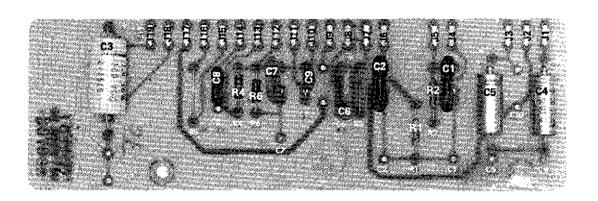


Figure 5-10. PCB ASSEMBLY, 19.2 kHz (-08 Option)

REF DESIG	SIG DESCRIPTION		1	; :	USE CODE
	PCB Assembly, 100 KHz (-09 Option) Figure 5-11	307991	REF		
C1,C2	Cap, mica, 150 pf ±5%, 500V	148478	2	1	
C3	Cap, fxd, met poly, 1 uf $\pm 10\%$, 100V	313262	1	1	:
C4,C5	Cap, Ta, 68 uf ±10%, 15V	182824	2	1	
C6	Cap, cer, 0.05 uf ±20%, 100V	149161	1	1	
C7, C9	Cap, fxd, cer, 0.01 uf ± 20%, 100V	149153	2	1	
C8	Not used				
J1 thru J19	Connector, receptacle	267617	19	5	
R1	Res, fxd, met flm, $2.26k \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	310516	1	1	
R2	Res, fxd, met flm, $36.5k \pm 1\%$, $1/8w$	312199	1	1	
R3	Not used				
R4	Res, comp, 4.7M ±5%, 1/4w	220046	1	1	

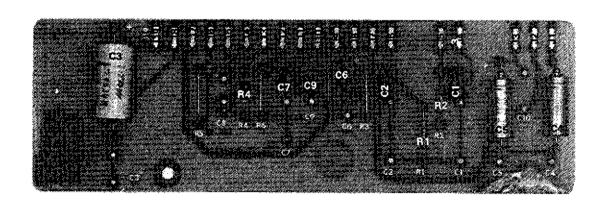


Figure 5-11. PCB ASSEMBLY, 100 kHz (-09 Option)

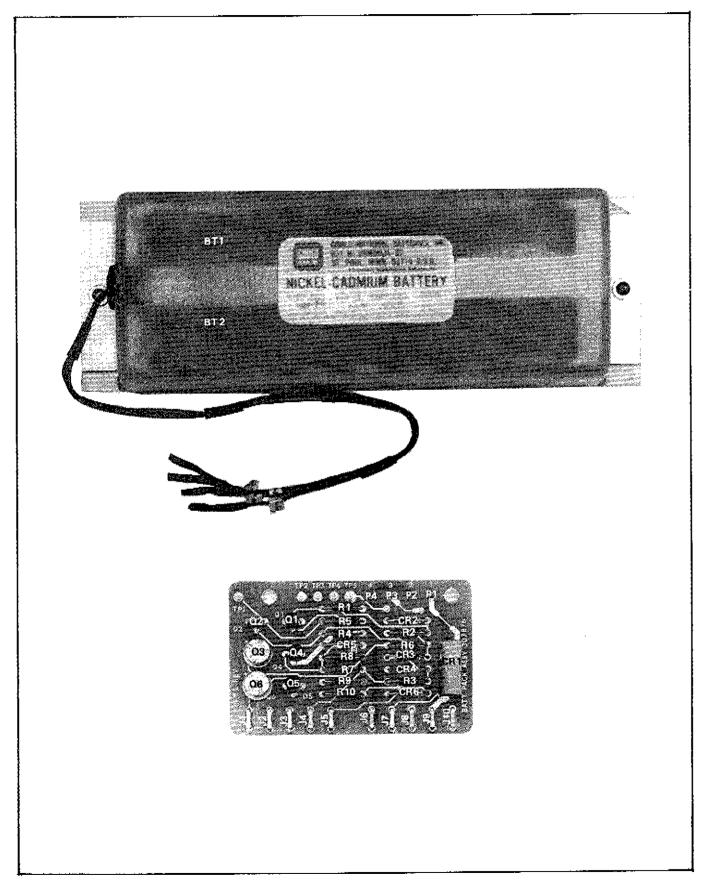


Figure 5-12. RECHARGEABLE BATTERY KIT (-01 OPTION)

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO		REC QTY	USE CODE
А3	RECHARGEABLE BATTERY Kit (-01 Option) Figure 5-12	510A01K	Ref		
ļ	Battery Pack	307900	1		
BT1, BT2	Battery	284356	1	2	
	Battery Pack PCB	307876	1	l	
CR1	Diode, bridge, 2 amp, 200 piv	296509	1		
CR2, CR6	Diode, zener, $36V \pm 5\%$, $1w$	284364	2	1	
CR3	Diode, zener, 18.5V	309450	I	I	
CR4, CR5	Diode, silicon, 150 mA	203323	2	1	
Jl thru JIO	Connector, receptacle	267617	10	3	
P1 thru P4	Connector, post	267500	4		
Q1, Q4	Tstr, silicon, PNP	195974	2	1	i
Q2, Q5	Tstr, silicon, NPN	218396	2	1	
Q3, Q6	Tstr, semicon, germanium, PNP	148619	2	1	
R1, R10	Res, comp, 1M ±5%, 1/4w	182204	2		
R2	Res, comp, $15k \pm 5\%$, $1/4w$	148114	1		
R3	Res, comp, 27k ±5%, 1/4w	148148]		
R4	Res, comp, 150k ±5%, 1/4w	182212	1		
R5, R8	Res, comp, 56k \pm 5%, 1/4w	170738	2		
R6, R7	Res, comp, 330k ±5%, 1/4w	192948	2		
R9	Res, comp, $68k \pm 5\%$, $1/4w$	148171	1		
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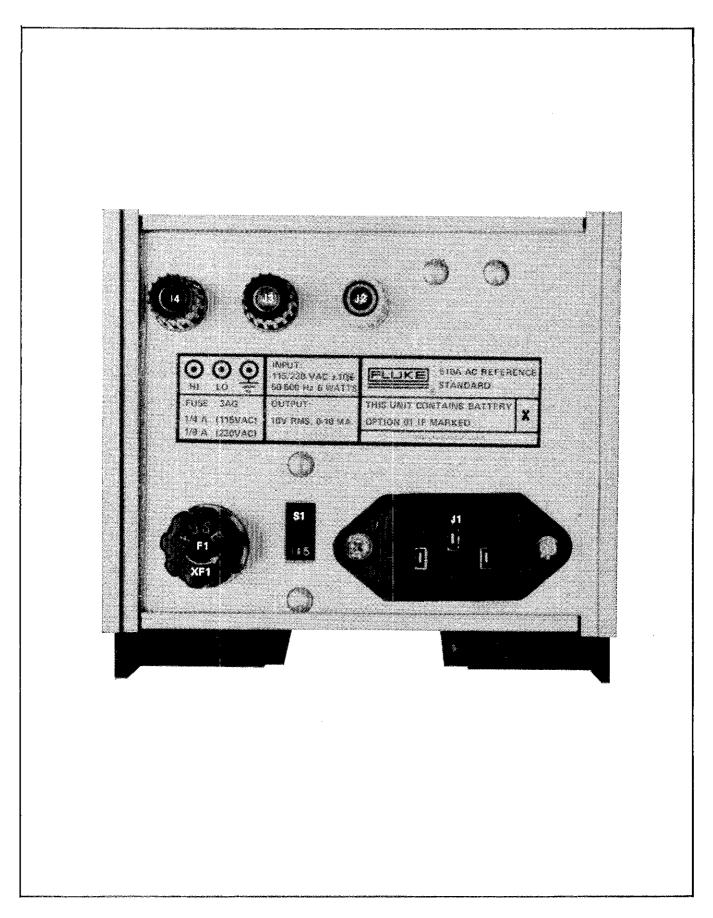


Figure 5-13. REAR PANEL ASSEMBLY

REF DESIG	DESCRIPTION	STOCK NO			USE CODE
A4	REAR PANEL ASSEMBLY Figure 5-13	307884	REF		
Fi	Fuse, fast acting, 1/4 amp, 250V (for 115V operation)	109314	1		
F1	Fuse, fast acting, 1/8 amp, 250V (for 230V operation)	196790			
Jl	Connector, male, 3 pin	284166	1	İ	
J 2	Binding post, white	275586	1		
J3	Binding post, black, LQ	275560	1		
J4	Binding post, red, HI	275552	1		
S1	Switch, slide	226274	1		
XF1	Fuse holder	160846	1		
	Decal	313064	1		
	Rear panel	307694	1		

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MANUFACTURERS' CROSS REFERENCE LIST FLUKE STOCK NO. MER. MER. PART NO. FLUKE STOCK NO. MER. MER. PART NO.									
FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.	FLUKE STOCK NO.	<u> </u>					
105197	56289	30D205G-050BA4	160804	01121	CB2715				
105890	71590	BB60181KS3N	161810	03877	SG 5658				
106369	32897	831-000-T2HO-200	161927	56289	196D225X0020				
106377	32897	861-000-T2H0-3R3	161943	56289	196D475X0020				
1166111	05279	1N4817	161992	73445	C280AEA100K				
147868	01121	CB1005	163915	56289	196D396X0006				
147926	01121	CB1015	168195	91637	TYPE MFF 1/8				
148023	01121	CB1025	168229	91637	TYPE MFF1/8				
148072	01121	CB4725	168435	56289	C128B101H253				
148080	01121	CB5625	170423	14655	CD15F221J				
148098	01121	CB6825	170738	01123	СВ5635				
148106	01121	СВ1035	175042	01121	CB1825				
148114	01121	CB1535	175216	14655	CD15C200K				
148130	01121	CB2235	175265	08806	757				
148148	01121	CB2735	178616	73445	C437ARG250				
148163	01121	CB4735	180497	07910	1N753				
148171	01121	СВ6835	182170	14655	DMF1568				
148189	01121	CB1045	182204	01121	CB1055				
148379	14655	CD19F122J	182212	01121	CB1545				
148478	14655	CD15F151J	182790	56289	150D684X9035				
148510	14655	CD15F680J	182808	56289	150D330X9A2				
148536	14655	CD15E470J	182824	56289	150D686X9015				
148619	01295	2N1303	182840	56289	150D227X9010				
148924	72982	5855-Y5Ŭ-5032	184366	73445	C280AE/A470k				
149146	56289	33C41B6	188441	01121	CB4745				
149153	56289	C023B101F103M	190397	14655	CD15C40K				
149161	56289	55C23A1	192948	01121	CB3315				
149187	93332	1N270	19301 I	56289	150D330X9006				
159731	01121	CB1235	193441	01121	CB1845				
160317	14655	CD15E330J	195974	04713	2N3906				
160796	01121	CB8225	196790	71400	TYPE AGC				

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MANUFACTURERS' CROSS REFERENCE LIST								
FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.	FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.			
198390	01121	CB2255	275560	32767	820-45			
199950	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	275586	32767	820-25			
203323	03508	DHD1105	275727	11236	360T200B			
208033	01121	CB5615	275735	11236	360T101A			
208983	14655	CD19F751J	275750	11236	360T102A			
218032	01121	CB5115	276691	11236	360 T 105A			
218081	04713	MPS6520	281832	01121	CB5105			
218396	04713	2N3904	284166	82389	EAC301			
220046	01121	CB4755	284299	09353	7301			
220541	01121	CB8245	284364	12969	UZ8736			
221911	01121	CB6225	285163	11236	360S202A			
221929	01121	CB3635	285262	71785	133-23-92-039			
221937	01121	CB7545	289116	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
221945	01121	CB2415	289538	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
229898	04713	MPS6522	293456	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
234690	01121	CB3645	293506	18612	310865			
234971	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	293530	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
235382	91637	TYPE MFF 1/8	293654	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
236752	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	296509	09423	FB100			
236851	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	309450	15818	TD333379			
245373	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	309617	31718	FLV102			
256339	28480	5082-2900	309666	11236	36 0T 202 A			
260331	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	309674	11236	360T103A			
266494	32539	TYPE T\$-10	309716	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
267393	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	309724	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
267617	00779	85863-5	309732	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
268789	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	309757	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
271338	56289	150DX5020A2	310466	01281	X4630W27			
271353	91637	TYPE MFF1/8	310474	01281	X463UW33351			
271502	12040	LM301A	310482	01281	X4630W15051			
275552	32767	820-65	310490	14655	CD19F622J			
					:			

MANUFACTURERS' CROSS REFERENCE LIST					
FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.	FLUKE STOCK NO.	MFR.	MFR. PART NO.
210508	01627	TVDU MEG 1/9			
310508	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
310524	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
312173	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
312181	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
312207	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
312215	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
312223	91637	TYPE MFF1/8			
313262	01281	X4630W10091			
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Section 6

Option & Accessory Information

6-1. INTRODUCTION

6-2. This section of the manual contains information pertaining to the accessories and options available for your instrument.

6-3. ACCESSORY INFORMATION

6-4. The accessory information, if applicable, will contain details concerning accessories that may be used with this particular instrument.

6-5. OPTION INFORMATION

6-6. Option descriptions contain applicable field installation procedures.

Accessory

Rack Mounting Fixtures

6-1. INTRODUCTION

6-2. The FLUKE quarter-rack instruments can be installed in a 19 inch equipment rack in various combinations and in conjunction with other FLUKE half-rack instruments. Figure 6-1 shows various mounting configurations,

6-3. Instructions for attaching rack mounting brackets are given in Figure 6-2. Figure 6-3 gives instructions for dual, triple, quadruple rack mounting. Instructions for combining quarter-rack with half-rack instruments are given in Figure 6-4.

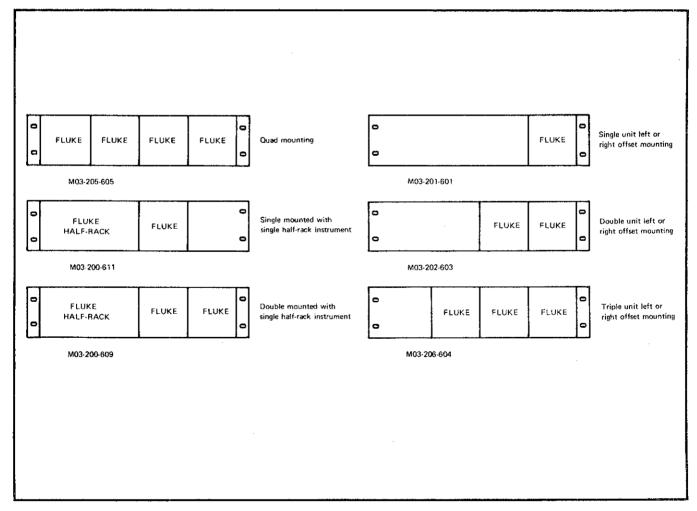
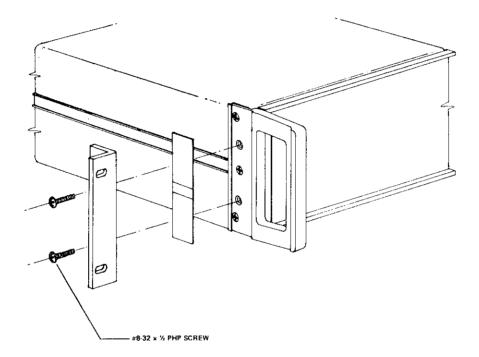


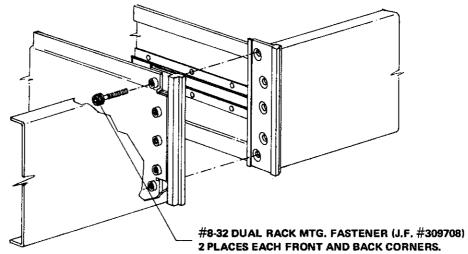
Figure 6-1. RACK MOUNTING CONFIGURATIONS

RACK MOUNTING PROCEDURE FOR MODULAR SERIES INSTRUMENTS



- 1. REMOVE THE FOUR MOLDED FEET AND BAIL FROM BOTTOM COVER.
- 2.REMOVE THE NAMEPLATE DECALS FROM THE FRONT CORNERS.
- 3.REMOVE THE SCREWS FROM CORNERS WHICH MATCH HOLE PATTERNS IN RACK MOUNTING EARS.
- 4. ATTACH RACK MOUNTING EARS WITH PAN HEAD SCREWS (ENCLOSED).

DUAL, TRIPLE & QUAD MOUNTING FOR MODULAR SERIES INSTRUMENTS



FLUKE	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY				
PART NO.		DUAL RACK KIT #304816 #304808 #304782 #304360	TRIPLE RACK KIT #308130	QUAD RACK KIT #304980		
#309708	DUAL RACK MTG, FASTENER	4	8	12		

- I. REMOVE TOP & BOTTOM COVERS FROM BOTH INSTRUMENTS.
- 2. REMOVE NAMEPLATE DECALS FROM CORNERS.
- 3. REMOVE TOP & BOTTOM SCREWS FROM BOTH FRONT & REAR CORNERS ON THE MATING SIDE OF THE INSTRUMENTS.
- 4. INSERT NO. 8-32 DUAL MOUNTING FASTENER, THROUGH THE P-NUTS IN BOTH FRONT & REAR CORNERS.
- 5. REMOVE FEET FROM BOTTOM COVERS AND REPLACE TOP & BOTTOM COVERS .

Option -01

Rechargeable Battery Pack

OPTION -01 RECHARGEABLE BATTERY PACK

INTRODUCTION

6-2. The Rechargeable Battery Pack shown in Figure 6-1 is installed as the --01 Option. It provides at least 16 hours of continuous operation in the absence of line power. The battery is automatically recharged during line operation.

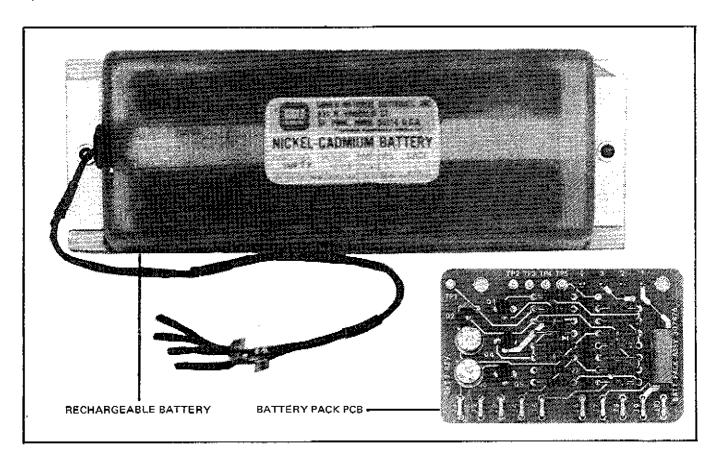


Figure 6-1. 510A-01K BATTERY PACK

6-3. INSTALLATION

- 6-4. The Rechargeable Battery Pack can be ordered installed at the factory during manufacture by requesting the --01 Option. Field installation of this option is also possible at any time. The field installation kit can be obtained by ordering FLUKE KIT 510A--01K. Installation is as follows:
- Turn off the Model 510A and disconnect the power cord.
- b. Remove the bottom dust cover.
- c. Install the Battery Pack (BT1, BT2) on the bottom dust cover as shown in Figure 6-2.

- d. Install the Battery Pack PCB in the position shown in Figure 6-2. Ensure that the mating connectors are correctly aligned during installation.
- c. Connect the four (4) Battery Pack wires to the Battery Pack PCB. Each wire is labeled with a number which corresponds to a connector on the PCB.
- f. Install the bottom dust cover.

NOTE!

Operating instructions, theory of operation maintenance, and parts list are located in the Model 510A Instruction Manual.

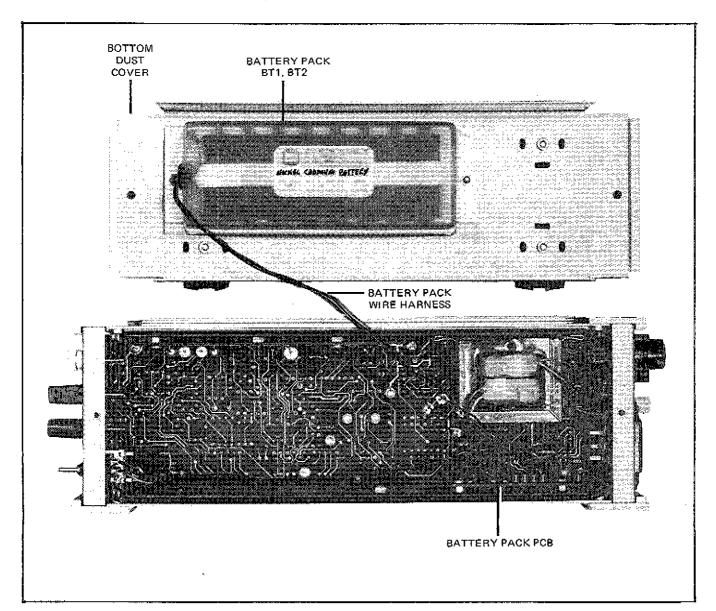


Figure 6-2. BATTERY PACK KIT LOCATIONS

Appendix A

Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers

A-1. CODE TO NAME

A-2. The following five digit code numbers are listed in numerical sequence along with the manufacturer's

name and address to which the code has been assigned. The Federal Supply Code has been taken from Cataloging Handbook H 4-2, Code to Name.

00213	Sage Electronics Corp. Rochester, New York	03877	Transitron Electronic Corp. Wakofield, Massachusetts
00327	Welwyn International, Inc. Westlake, Ohio	03888	Pyrofilm Resistor Co., Inc. Cedar Knolls, New Jersey
00656	Acrovox Corp. New Bedford, Massachusetts	03911	Clairex Corp. New York, New York
00686	Film Capacitors Passate, New Jersey	03980	Muirhead Instruments, Inc. Mountainside, New Jersey
00779	AMP Inc. Harrisberg, Pennsylvania	04009	Arrow Hart and Hegemen Electronic Company Hartford, Connecticut
01121	Allen-Bradley Co., Milwaukee, Wisconsin	04062	Replaced by 72136
01281	TRW Semiconductors Lawndale, California	04202	Replaced by 81312
01295	Texas Instruments, Inc. Semiconductor Components Div. Dallas, Texas	04217	Essex Wire Corp. Wire & Cable Div. Anaheim, California
01686	RCL Electronies Inc. Manchester, New Hampshire	04221	Aemeo, Div. of Midtex Inc. Mankato, Minneseta
01730	Deleted	04222	Aerovox Corp. (H-Q) Myrtle Beach, South Carolina
01884	Dearborn Electronics Inc. Orlando, Florida	04645	Replaced by 75376
02114	Ferroxcube Corp. Saugerties, New York	04713	Motorola Semiconductor Products Inc. Phoenix, Arizona
02606	Replaced by 15801	05082	Replaced by 94154
UZGBQ	Amphenol-Borg Elect, Corp. Broadview, Illinois	05236	Jonathan Mfg, Co. Fullerton, California
02799	Arco Capacitors, Inc. Torrence, California	05277	Westinghouse Electric Corp. Semiconductor Dept.
03508	General Electric Co. Semiconductor Products Syracuse, New York	05278	Youngwood, Pennsylvania Replaced by 43543
03614	Replaced by 71400	05397	Union Carbide Corp.
03651	Replaced by 44655		Electronics Div, Cleveland, Ohio
03797	Eldema Corp. Compton, California	05279	Southwest Machine & Plastic Co. Los Angeles, California

05397	Union Carbide Corp. Electronics Div.	07263	Fairchild Semiconductor Div. of Fairchild Camera
	New York, New York		& Instrument Corp. Mountain View, California
05571	Sprague Electric Co.		wouldn't view, cantornal
	Pacific Div.	07344	Bircher Co., Inc.
	Los Angeles, California		Rochester, New York
05704	Alac, Inc.	07792	Lorma Engineering Corp.
	Glendale, California		Northampton, Mussachusutts
05820	Wakefield Engineering Ind.	07910	Teledyne Corp.
	Wakefleid, Massachusotts		(Continental Device)
			Hawthorns, California
06001	General Electric Company	08225	
	Capacitor Department	08223	Industro Transistor Corp. Long Island City, New York
	Irmo, South Carolina		Long Island City, New York
06136	Replaced by 63743	08530	Reliance Mica Corp.
			Brooklyn, New York
06473	Amphenol Space & Missile Sys,	08792	Discontinued
	Chatsworth, California		
		08806	General Electric Co.
06555	Beede Electrical Instrument Co.		Miniature Lamp Dept.
	Pensenok, New Hampshire		Cleveland, Ohio
06739	Electron Corp.	08863	Nylomatic Corp.
00/39	Littletown, Colorado		Norrisville, Pennsylvania
	Zittletown, coloindo		
06743	Clevite Corp.	08988	Skottic Electronics Inc.
	Cleveland, Onio		Archbald, Pennsylvania
		09353	C and K Components
06751	Semoor Div. Components		Watertown, Massachusetts
	Phoenix, Arizona		
06860	Gould National Batteries Inc.	09423	Scientific Components, Inc. Santa Barbara, California
00000	City of Industry, California		Şanın Barbura, Çasirornia
	•		B
06980	Varian	09922	Burndy Corp. Norwalk, Connecticut
06980	Varian-Limae		
	San Carlos, California	11236	CTS of Berne
			Berne, Indiana
07115	Replaced by 14674	11237	Chicago Telephone of
07138	Westinghouse Electric		Calif., Inc. (CTC)
0,130	Carp., Electronic		Paso Robles, California
	Tube Division		•
	Elmira, New York	11358	Discontinued
07366	STATE OF STATE	11403	Best Products Co.
07256	Silicon Transistor Corp. Gardon City, New York	11403	Best Products Co. Chicago, Itlinois
	Gardon City, New 1 ork		Cincago, Itinots

1)503	Keystone Mfg.	15909	Replaced by 17870	28478	Delirol Controls.	66150	Window Tele-Tromes Inc. Asbury Park, New Jersey
	Div. of Avis Industrial Corp. Warren, Michigan	16299	Corning Glass		Corp. Milwaukee, Wisconsin	70563	Ampenie Company
11726	Qualidyne Corp.		Rateigh, North Carolina	28480	Hewlert Packard		Union City, New Jersey
	Santa Clara, Californio	16332	Replaced by 28478		Co. Palo Alto, California	70903	Belden Mfg. Co. Chicago, Winois
12014	Chicago Rivet & Machine Co. Bellwood, Illinois	16473	Cambridge Scientific Ind. Inc. Cambridge, Maryland	28520	Heyman Mfg. Co.		·
12040	National Semiconductor Corp.	16742	Paramount Plastics	46465	Kenilworth, New Jersey Monacato, Co., Inc.	71002	Blinbach Radio Co., Inc. New York, New York
	Duaburry, Connecticut		Downey, California	29083	Santa Clara, California	71236	"ELMENCO"
12060	Diodes, Inc. Chatsworth, California	16758	Delco Radio Div. of General Motors	90499	Hinois Tool	-	Willimantic, Connecticut
12136	Philadelphia Handle Co.		Kokemo, Indiana	30323	Works, Inc. Chicago, (llipois	71400	Bussmann Mfg. Div. of McGraw - Edison Co.
	Camdon, New Jersey	17069	Circuit Structures Lab. Upland, California	22420			Saint Louis, Missouri
12323	Presin Co., Inc. Shelton, Connecticut	[7856	Siliconix, Inc.	32539	Mura Cocp. Great Neek, New York	71450	CTS Corp. Eighart, Indiana
12327	Freeway Washer & Stamping Co.		Sunnyvale, California	32767	Griffith Plastic		
	Cleveland, Ohio	17870	Daven-Div of Thomas A. Edison		Products Co. Burlingame, California	71468	1TT Cannon Electric Inc. Los Angeles, California
12400	Replaced by 75042		Ind McGraw - Edison Co. Manchester, New Hampshire	32879	Advanced Mechanical	71482	Clare, C. P. & Co.
12617	Ramlin Inc. Lake Mills, Wisconsm	18083	Deleted		Components Northridge, California	/1482	Chicago, Hinois
,		18178	Vactor luc.	32897	Frie Technological	71590	Centralab
12697	Clarostat Mfg. Co. Dover, New Hampshire		Maryland Heights, Missouri	72071	Products, Incorporated Frequency Control Div.		Div. of Globe Union Inc. Milwaukee, Wisconsin
12749	James Electronics	18612	Vishay Intertechnology		Carlisle, Pennsylvania	71707	Coto Coil Co., Inc.
	Chicago, Illinois		inc. Maivern, Pennsylvania	33173	General filectric		Providence, Rhode Island
12856	Micrometals Sierra Madre, Cabfornia	18736	Voltronics Corp.		Co., Tubo Dopt. Owensboro, Kontucky	71744	Chleago Miniatore Lamp Works Chicago, Illinois
12954	Digkson Electronics Corp.	,	Hanover, New Jersey	34333	Silicon General	71785	Cinch Mfg. Co. & Howard
• -	Scottsdale, Arizona	19429	Discontinued, use 89536		Westminister, California		B. Jones Div. Chleago, Illinois
12969	Unitrode Corp.	19451	Perine Machinery & Supply Co.	34335	Advanced Micro	72005	Driver, Wilber B., Co.
	Watertown, Massachusetts		Seattle, Washington		Devices. Sunnyvale, Cabfornia		Newark, New Jersey
13103	Thermalloy Co. Dallas, Texas	19701	Electra Mfg. Co.	37942	Mallery, P. R. & Co., Inc.	72092	Replaced by 06980
125.4			Independence, Kansas		Indianapolis, Indiana	72136	Electro Motive Mfg. Co. Willimmuc, Connecticut
13511	Amphenol Corp. Lox Gatos, California	205'84	Enochs Mfg. Co. Indianapolis, Indiana	42498	National Company Meirose, Massachusetts		
13606	Sprague Electric Co.	20891	Self-Organizing Systems.	43543	Nytronics Inc.	72259	Nytronics Inc. Berkeley Hoights, New Jersey
13010	Transistor Div. Concord, New Humpshire	709A1	fine,	- 20	Transformer Co. Div. Alpha, New Jersey	72354	Deleted
17070	Replaced by 23732		Dallas, Texas	44655	Ohmite Mfg. Co.	72619	Dialight Corp.
13839		22767	FIT Semiconductors Div. of iTT	**000	Skokie, Illinois		Brooklyn, New York
14099	Semitech Corp. Newbury Park, California		Palo Alto, California	49671	Radio Corp. of America	72653	G. C. Electronics Rockford, Blinois
14193	California Resistor Corp.	23732	Tracor		New York, New York	72665	Replaced by 90303
	Santa Mooica, California		Rockville, Maryland	49956	Raytheon Company Lexington, Maine	72794	Dzus Fasiener Co., Inc.
14298	American Components, Inc. Conshohocken, Pennsylvania	23880	Stanford Applied Enging. Santa Clara, California		·	14/74	West Islip, New York
14655	Cornett-Outsther Electronics	24248	Southco	53021	Sanamo Electric Co. Springfield, Illinois	72928	Gudeman Co. (Gulton
	Newark, New Jersey		Div. of South Choster Corp. Lester, Peonsylvania	g gyledesi			Industries) Chicago, lilmois
[46.74	Discontinued, sec 16299	24655	General Radio Co.	55026	Simpson Electric Company Chicago, (Binois	72982	
14752	Liggins Cube Inc. San Gabriel, California	w	West Concord, Massachusetts	56 289	Sprague Electric Co.		Eric, Penosylvania
Lana A	Replaced by 96853	24759	Lonox-Fugic Electronics		North Adam's, Massachusetts	73138	Retipot Division
14869	,		Plainfield, New Jersey	58474	Superior Electric Co.		Fullerton, California
15636	Electrol Inc. North-alge, California	25403	Amperex Electronic Corp. Semiconductor & Receiving		Bristol, Connecticut	73293	Hughes Aircraft Co. Flectron Dynamics Div.
15801	Lenwal legtromes Inc.		Tube Division Statopaville, Rhode Island	60399	Torrington Mfg. Co. Torrington, Connecticut		Torrenge, California
	Frandagham, Massachosetts			6944/-	•	73445	Amperex 1 lectronic Corp. Hicksville, New York
15818	Ameleo Semiconductor Div. of Teledyne Inc.	27014	National Semiconductor	62460	Deleted	73559	
	Mountain View, California		Corp. Santa Clara, California	63743	Ward Leonard Flectric Co. Mount Vernon, New York	13339	Hardord, Connectical
15849	USECO, Inc. Mr. Vernin, New York	27264		648.34		73586	
, cum		-/	Downers Grove, Illinois		San Urancisco, California		Trenton, New Jersey
1.5898	Machines (IBM) I ssex Junction, Vermont	284 25	Bohannon Industries Fort Worth, Texas	65092	Weston Instruments Inc. Newark, New Jersey	23734	Lederal Screw Products, Inc. Cincago, Illinois
	A SACS TRUE DOWN, WORKING						10 1 70

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73743	Fischer Special Mfg. Co. Cincinnati, Oblo	80145	API Instruments Co. Chesterland, Ohio	86684	Radio Corp. of America Electronic Components & Devices	95263	Lecenti Mfg, Co. Long Island City, New York
73899	JFD Electronics Co. Brooklyn, New York	80183	Sprague Products North Adams, Massichusetts	86GN9	Harrison, New Jersey Deleted	95264	Replaced by 98278
73949	Courdian Electric Mfg. Co	80294	Bourns Inc. Riverside, California	87034	Marco-Oak (ne.	95275	Vitramon Inc. Bridgeport, Connecticut
74199	Chiengo, Ulinois Ouam Nichols Co.	80583	Hammarland Co., Inc.		Anahelm, California	95303	Radio Corp. of America Solid State & Receiving Tube Div.
	Chicago, Olinois		Marx Hill, North Carolina	88245	Litton Products Inc. Van Nuys, California		Cincinnati. Ohio
74217	Radio Switch Corp. Marlboro, New Jersey	80640	Stevens, Arnold Inc. Boxton, Massachusetts	88419	Use 14655	95354	Methode Mfg. Corp. Rolling Meadows, Illinois
74276	Signalite Inc. Neptune, New Jersey	81073	Gra, bill Inc. La Grange, filinois	88690	Replaced by 04217	95712	Dago Electric Co., Inc. Franklin, Indiana
74306	Piezo Crystai Co, Carlisle, Pennsylvania	81590	Korry Mig. Co. Scattle, Washington	89536	Fluke, John Mfg. Co., Inc. Seattle, Washington	95987	Weekesser Co., Inc. Chicago, Illinois
74542	Hoy: Elect. Instr. Works	81312	Winchester Electronics	89730	Replaced by 08806		
	Penacook, New Hampshire	******	Div. of Litton Industries Oakville, Connecticut	90201	Malfory Capacitor Co. Indianapolis, Indiana	96733	San Fernando Electric Mfg, Co. San Fernando, California
74970	Johnson, F., F., Co. Wascea, Minnesota	81439	Therm-O-Disc Inc. Mansfield, Ohio	90215	Bost Stamp & Mfg. Co Kansas City, Missouri	96853	Rustrak Instrument Co. Manchester, New Harnpshire
75042	fRC Inc. (Div. of TRW) Philadelphia, Fennsylvania	81483	International Rectifier Corp. Los Angeles, California	90211	Square D Co.	96881	Thomson Industries, Inc. Manhasset, New York
75376	Kurz-Kasch, Inc.		-		Chicago, Illinois		Maintassot, 146W FORE
	Dayton, Ohio	82376 82389	Deleted Switchcruft Inc.	90303	Mailory Bottery Co. Tarrytown, New York	97540	Master Mobile Mounts Div, of Whitehall Electronics Corp. Las Angelos, California
75382	Kulka Electric Corp. Mount Vernon, New York		Chicago, Hinnis	91 293	Johanson Mfg. Co. Boomon, New Jersey	97913	industrial Electronic Haware Corp.
75915	Littlefuse Inc. Des Plaines, Illinois	82415	Price Electric Corp. Frederick, Maryland	91407	Replaced by 58474	97945	New York, New York White, S. S. Co.
76854	Oak Mfg, Co. Cryst ⁽¹⁾ Lake, Illinois	82872	Roanwell Corp. New York, New York	91502	Associated Machine Santa Clara, California	9/940	Plastics Div, New York, New York
77342	Potter & Brumfield Div, of Amer, Machine & Foundry	82877	Rotron Mfg, Co., Inc. Woodstock, New York	91637	Dale Electronics Inc. Columbus, Nebraska	97966	Replaced by 11358
	Princeton, Indiana	82879	ITT Wire & Cable Div.		•	98094	Replaced by 49956
77969	Rubbereraft Corp. of Catif. LTD, Torrance, California		Pawtucket, Rhode Island	91662	Eleo Corp. Willow Grove, Pennsylvania	98159	Rubber-Teek, Inc. Gardena, California
78189	Shakeproof Div. of Illinois Tool Works	83003	Vuro Inc. Garland, Texus	91737	Gremar Mfg Co., Inc. (ITT) Woburn, Massachusetts	98278	Microdot Inc. Pasadena, California
	Elgin, Illinois	83298	Bendix Corp. Electric Power Division	91802	Industrial Devices, Inc.		
			Eatontown, New Jersey		Edgewater, New Jersey	98291	Sealectro Corp.
7X277	Signus Instruments, Inc. South Braintree, Massachusetts	83330	Smith, Herman H., Inc. Brooklyn, New York	91836	King's Electronics Tuckahoe, New York		Conhex Div. Mamaroneck, New York
78488	Stackpole Carbon Co.			91929	Honeywell Inc.	98388	Accurate Rubber & Plastics
	Saint Marys, Pennsylvania	X347X	Rubbereraft Corp. of America New Haven, Connecticus	21.722	Micro Switch Div, Freeport, Illinois		Culver City, California
78553	Tinnerman Products Cleveland, Ohio	83594	Burroughs Corp.	91934	Miller Elgetrie Cu., Inc.	98743	Replaced by 12749
79136	Waldes Kahingor Inc.		Electronic Components Div. Plainfield, New Jersey		Pawrocker, Rhode Island	98925	Deleted
	Long [sland City, New York	83740	Union Carbide Corp. Consumer Products Div.	93332	Sylvania Electric Products Semiconductor Products Div Woburn, Massachusetts	99120	Plastic Capacitors, Inc. Chicago, Illinois
79497	Western Rubber Company Goshen, Indiana	84171	New York, New York Areo Electronics, Inc.	94145	Replaced by 49956	99217	Southern Electronics Corp. Burbank, California
79963	Zierick Mfg. Corp.		Great Neck, New York	94154	Tung-Sol	00616	Marshall Industries
	New Rochelle, New York	84411	TRW Ogaliała, Nebraska	77139	Div, of Wagner Electric Corp, Newark, New Jersey	99515	Capacitor Div. Monrovia, California
80031	Mepeo Div. of Sessions Clock Co. Morristown, New Jersey	86577	Precision Metal Products Stoneham, Massachusetts	95146	Alco Electronies Products Inc. Lawrence, Massachusetts	99779	Barnes Corp. Lansdowne, Pennsylvania

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Appendix B

List of Abbreviations

A, amp	ampere(s) (2.1A, 2.1 amp)	met fim	metal film
ampi	amplifier	MOS	metal oxide silicon
ac	alternating current	μ	micro or 10 ^{_6} (60μV)
assy	assembly	m	milli or 10 ⁻³
@	at	mA	mil(iampere(s)
BCD	binary coded decimal	mm	millimeter
cap	capacitor	n	nano or 10 ⁻⁹
cm	centimeter	neg	negative
Ç_	clear; reset	Ω	ohm
° ¢	celsius or centigrade (0°C)	scope	oscilloscope
cer	ceramic	ppm	parts per million
cik	clock	prv	peak inverse voltage
ew .	clockwise	р-р	peak to peak_
CMRR	common mode rejection ratio	P	pico or 10 ⁻¹² (300pF)
ebn empsn	carbon composition	pisto	plastic
ccw	counterclockwise	±	plus or minus
conn	connector	pos	positive
obn film	carbon film	pps	pulses per second
CRT	cathode ray tube	PCB	printed circuit board
cps	cycles per second (Hz preferred)	QTY	quantity
db	decibel	rf	radio frequency
dep cbn	deposited carbon	rfi	radio frequency interference
dvm	digital voltmeter	RECM	recommended
dio	diode	REF	reference
de	direct current	RH	relative humidity
dpdt	double-pole, double-throw	rės	resistor
dost	double-pole, single-throw	rms	root mean square
eletit	electrolytic	rtry	rotary
elek	electronic (equip.)	\$	second
olex	electronics (science)	sect	section
ext	external	SERNO	serial number
F	fahrenheit (32° F)	Si	silicon
r F	farad	ser	semiconductor controlled rectifie
FET	field effect transistor	spdt	single-pole, double-throw
Ge	germanium	spst	single-pole, single-throw
9	giga or 10 ⁹	Ş₩ Əhar	switch
G	gravity	Ta	tantalum
and	ground	TC	temperature coefficient
jmv	guaranteed minimum value	t	tera or 10 ¹²
gd	guard		tera or 10 transformer
h	.	xfmr	
 Hz	henry Hertz (60Hz, 60gHz, 60 gigahertz)	xstr	transistor
hf	high frequency	tvm	transistor voltmeter
· · ·	inch(es) (6 3/4" or 0.575 feet)	uhf	ultra high frequency
ıc	integrated circuit	vtvm	vacuum tube voltmeter
if	-	var	variable
rr intl	intermediate frequency	V\$	versus
	internal	vhf	very high frequency
ke L	kilocycle (kilohertz preferred) kilo or 10 ³	vif	very low frequency
k		V	volt (115Vac)
lf	low fréquency	vco	voltage controlled oscillator
mc	megacycle (megahertz preferred)	w	watt
М	meg or mega or 10 ⁶	ww	wire wound
met	metal		

Appendix C

Sales Representatives

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ALASKA
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1806 S. Bush Place
Scattle, Washington 98144
Tel. (206) 324-7911

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537 E. Osborn Road, Suite 4
Tel. (602) 263-1250

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INDIANA
INDIANAPOLIS
Cozzens & Cudahy, Inc.
Port O'Call Executive Ctr.
2I Beachway Drive
Tel. (317) 244-2456
Zip 46234

MARYLAND
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11501 Huff Court
Kensington, Maryland 20795
Tel. (301) 881-5300, 744-7700

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Tel. (617) 646-1034

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1474 East Outer Dr.
Tel. (313) 892-2500
Zlp 48234

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NEWARK
SBM Representatives
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Union, New Jersey 07083
Tel. (201) 687-8737

NEW MEXICO
ALBUQUERQUE
Barnhill Associates
1410—D Wyoming N.E.
Tel. (SOS) 299-7658
Zip 87110

NEW YORK
NEW YORK
SBM Representatives
28 Hobby Street
Pleasentville, N.Y. 10570
Tel. (914) 769-1811

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WKM Associates, Inc.
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Tel. (216) 267-0445
Zip 44135

DAYTON WKM Associates, Inc. 6073 Far Hills Ave, Tel. (513) 434-7500 Zip 45429

OREGON
PORTLAND
Showalter-Judd, Inc.
1445 N. E. Arrington
Hillsboro, Oregon 97123
Tel. (503) 648-6372

PENNSYLVANIA
PHILADELPHIA
Electronic Marketing Assoc.
210 Goddard Blvd. — Suite 100
King of Prussia, Pennsylvania
Tel (215) 248-5050
Zip 19406

PITTSBURGH WKM Associates, Inc. 90 Clairton Blvd. Tal. (412) 892-2953 Zip 15236

TEXAS
DALLAS
Barnhill Associates
Suite 220
312 N. Central Express Wy.
Richardson, Texas 75080
Tel. (214) 231-2573

HOUSTON Barnhili Associates Suite 332 310 Westheimer Tel. (713) 621-0040 Zip 77027

EASTERN VIRGINIA WILLIAMSBURG BCS Associates, Inc. 107 Rich Neck Road Tel. (703) 229-5108 Zip 23185

WASHINGTON
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Seattle, Washington 98144
Tcl. (206) 324-7911

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1820 Pandora St.
Tel. (604) 253-7136

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QUEBEC LONGUEUIL Allan Crawford Associates, Ltd. 157 (rue) St. Charles Street W. Tel. (514) 670-1212

INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES

ARGENTINA

Coasin S.A. Virrey del Pino 4071 Buenos Aires, Argentina

Elmeasco Instruments

AUSTRALIA

7 Chard Road P.O. Box 334 Brookvale, N.S.W. Australia 2100

AUSTRIA

Kontron GMBH & Co., Kg. Lederergøsse 16 1080 Wien Austria

BELGIÚM

C. N. Rood 5/A 37, Place de Jamblinno de Meux B-1040 Brussels, Bolglum

BRAZIL

AMBRIEX S.A. Av. Gráca Aranha 226—6° And. Río De Janeiro, Brazit

AMBRIEX S.A. Av. Pacaembu, 811 Sao Paulo, Brazil

CHILE

Coasin Chile Ltd. Casilla 14588 Correo 15. Şantiago, Chile

Marones Litda. Apartado Aereo 90687 Bogota 8, Colombia

DENMARK

Tage Olsen A/S 1, Ronnegade Сорельадел 0, Denmark

FINLAND Oy Findip AB

Oy Findip AB Postbox 52025 Helsinki 52, Finland

FRANCE

Radio Equipment Antarcs 9, Rue Ernest Cognacq 92 Levallois — Perret

France

GREECE

Marios Dalleggio Representations 2 Alopekis Street Athens 19 Greece

HONG KONG

Gilman & Co. Ltd. P.O. Box 56 Hong Kong

INDIA

Hinditron Services Pvt. Ltd. 69/A Nepean Sea Road Bombay 6, India

RAN

Berkeh Company Ltd. 20 Salm Road, Roosevelt Ave. Tehran, Iran

ISRAEL

R.D.T. Electronics Eng'r. Ltd. P.O. Box 21082 Tol Aviv. Israel

TALY

Elettronucleonica S.P.A. 7, P.zza De Angeli 20146 Milano, Italy

IAPAN

Toyo Trading Co., Ltd. P.O. Box 5014 International Tokyo Japan 2-38 Junkeicho-dori Minami-ku, Osaka, Japan

KOREA

M-C International I.P.O. Box 1355 Secul, Korca

MALAYSIA

O'Connor's (Pte) Ltd. P.O. Box 1197 Kota Kinabalu East Maiaysia P.O. Box 91 Pataling Jaya West Mataysia MEXICO

Moxitok, S.A. Eugonia 408 Departments 1 y 5 Mexico 12, D.F.

THE NETHERLANDS

C.N. Rood N.V. Post Office Box 4542 Rijswijk (Z.H.) 2100 The Netherlands

Fluke (Nederland) N.V. Post Office Box 5053 Industrieterrein Noord Tilburg, The Netherlands

NEW ZEALAND

Eimeasco Instruments Pty. Ltd. Suite 1, 33 Queens Road Melbourne, Vic. 3004 Australia

NIGERIA

Decintos Electrotechnics Ltd. P.O. Box 3073 Lagos, Nigeria NORWAY

Morgenstierne & Co. A/S P.B. 6688 Rodelokka Oslo 6, Norway

PAKISTAN

Pak International Operations P.O. Box 5323 Karachi, Pakistan

PORTUGAL

Equipamentos De Laboratorio, Ltda. P.O. Box 1100 THI Lisbon, Portugai SINGAPORE

O'Connor's (Pte) Ltd. Maybank House 124-126 Robinson Road Singapore 1, Singapore

SOUTH AFRICA

K. Baker (Pty.) Ltd.
P.O. Box 1257
Johannesburg, So. Africa
P.O. Box 3641
Cape Town, So. Africa
P.O. Box 2143
Durban, So. Africa

SPAIN

Rema Leo Haag, S.A. General Sanjurjo 18 Madrid 3, Spain

SWEDEN

Erik Ferner AB Box 56 Snormakarvagen 35 161.26 Stockholm-Bromma Sweden

SWITZERLAND

Kontron Electronic A.G. Hardstrasse 235 P.O. Box 193 8031 Zurich Switzerland

TAIWAN-REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Heighten Trading Co., Ltd. P.O. 1408 Talpoi, Talwan, 104

THAILAND

G,Simon Radio Ltd. 30 Patpong Avenue Suriwong Bangkok, Thailand

taa. THE UNITED KINGDOM

> Fluke International Corp. Garnett Close Watford, WD2 417 England

URUGUAY

Coasin Uruguaya S.A. Cerrito 617 - 4º Piso Montevideo, Uruguay

VENEZUELA

Coasin C.A. APDO, Postal 50939 Sabana Grande No. 1 Caracas, Venezueta

In Europe, contact FLUKE NEDERLAND, N.V., POST OFFICE BOX 5053, INDUSTRIETERREIN NOORD, TILBURG, THE NETHERLANDS

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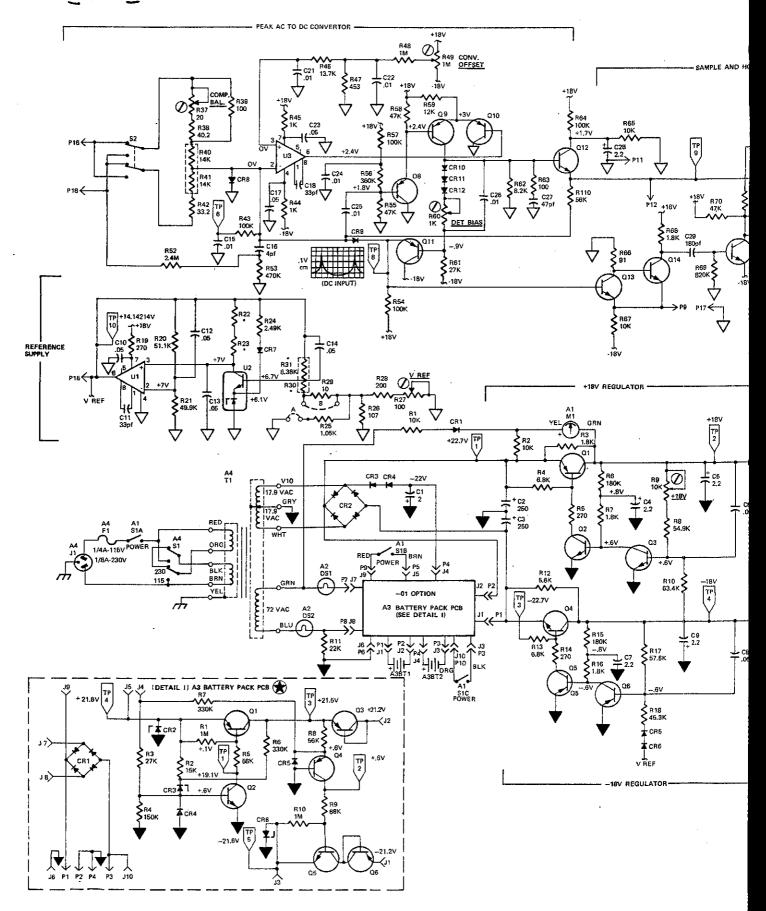
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