

732C and 734C DC Reference Standard

Technical Data

The simple way to maintain and disseminate your volt



The Fluke Calibration 734C DC Reference Standard is a RoHS compliant direct voltage reference used to maintain the volt in primary and secondary standards laboratories. It consists of four electrically and mechanically independent 732C DC Standards and a rack-width enclosure. Individual 732Cs provide 10 V, 1 V, and 0.1 V outputs and may be transported easily to remote locations while the reference is maintained in the laboratory. The base models provide stability of $\pm 2 \mu\text{V}/\text{V}$ per year for 10 V output, $\pm 3 \mu\text{V}/\text{V}$ per year for 1 V output and $\pm 9.8 \mu\text{V}/\text{V}$ per year for 0.1 V output. The Select Models, another new offering from Fluke Calibration, are two times more stable than the Base Models at 10 V. Each 10 V output can drive up to 12 mA of current to simplify use with instrumentation with low input impedance.

The 734C DC Reference Standard was designed for laboratories that need to maintain traceability to national standards and to distribute the volt to production, service, calibration laboratories or other remote locations. To simplify shipment, each 732C Standard is small and highly portable. And

its 72-hour battery life—which can be extended to more than 210 hours with the optional external battery and charger—means it’s practical to ship a 732C across town or around the world.

Because each 732C in the 734C Reference Standard is based on the same architecture pioneered in the popular 732A Direct Voltage Standard you can rely on it to provide the same high stability and predictable drift rate you’ve come to expect, in a smaller, more portable package identical to the 732B Direct Voltage Standard. The 734C is also compatible with 732B DC standards and can support any combination of 732 B and C models. Similarly, a 734B can be used with the newer 732C standards, providing the ultimate flexibility and maximizing asset utilization.

To simplify support of your 734C, Fluke Calibration offers a variety of calibration services to assign values and predicted performance for each of the outputs, traceable to the Fluke Calibration Josephson Array.

The most accurate and stable 10 V reference in your lab

With the 734C, it is remarkably simple to establish and maintain a primary voltage standard in your laboratory. Over time, with frequent intercomparisons of your four units, and regular calibrations of one or more units, you can reduce the uncertainty of your 734C by a factor of three.

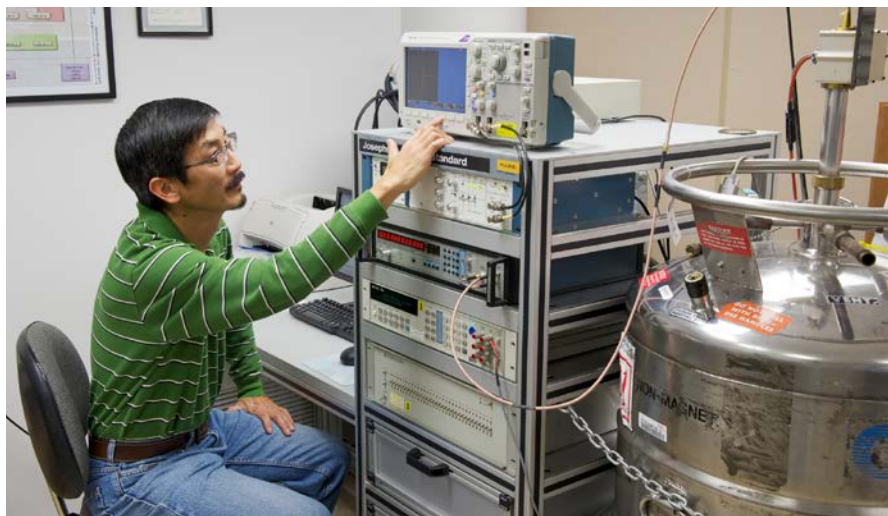
From 1984 until the acquisition of our Josephson Array, the Fluke Calibration Primary Standards Laboratory maintained its corporate volt in this manner, reducing the absolute uncertainty to $\pm 0.35 \mu\text{V/V}$ traceable to national standards.

The 734C supports 1 V and 0.1 V as well

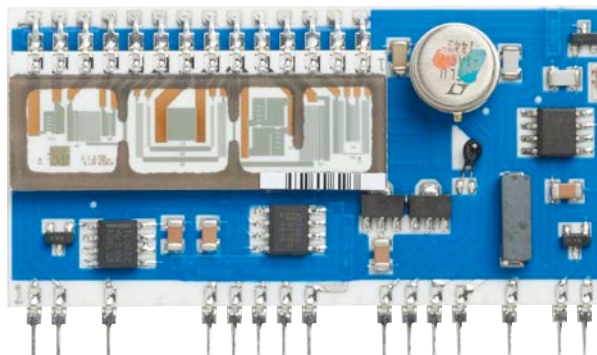
The 1 V and 0.1 V are key calibration/verification points for digital multimeters. Thanks again to the high-precision thin-film resistive networks, which are manufactured in Fluke’s own thin-film fab facility, the 734C now comes standard with those two additional outputs. It eliminates the need for external dividers, making the measurement setup easier and less prone to errors.

Choice of Select models for demanding applications

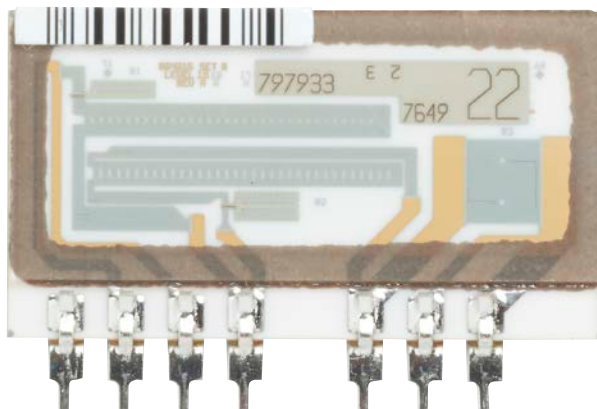
Fluke Calibration offers Select models for customers requiring primary standards lab capability for calibrating demanding workloads and gaining independence from sending standards to other labs for calibration. The process of calibration is the same for both the Base and the Select models. The only exception is that the Select models (732C/S/C or 734C/S/O4) are compared to Fluke Calibration J-array for 180 days of drift characterization data. This process ensures the selection of the best possible standards meeting stringent drift performance requirements.



The Fluke Calibration Standards Laboratory offers traceability to its own Josephson Array, an intrinsic standard of voltage.



The Fluke Calibration 732C Standard uses the same specially selected zener reference technology pioneered in the popular 732A and 732B.



The internal wire-wound-based resistors have been replaced by hermetic thin-film resistive networks, which are less prone to time- and temperature-induced drift.

Supporting your traceability requirements

Fluke Calibration provides the products and services you need to manage your traceability requirements. Fluke Calibration performs an output voltage calibration on a new 732C by comparing it against its own J-array maintained at the factory. The base model 732C is shipped COLD (“not powered”) and comes with a voided calibration certificate demonstrating its operability. The owner is responsible for providing traceability as required locally.

Accredited calibration and drift characterization data comes standard with 732C units ordered to ship “HOT” (powered on). During manufacturing, each 732C is compared to Fluke Calibration direct voltage standards for at least 90 days to obtain the drift characterization data. Once the drift rate is known, the 12-month projected output voltage is determined. The units are then shipped under power. The continuous power-on condition is required during shipment through delivery to your lab for the calibration to remain valid. If continuous power is not maintained, then the validity of the calibration may be compromised. Contact your Fluke Calibration representative to determine if the 732C alternatives are available in your area.

Why a four-unit reference?

A four-unit reference is desirable any time you need to maintain and disseminate a reference voltage. At a minimum, three units are intercompared to detect and identify changes in the output of any one cell. A fourth unit may be used as a spare or to transport the volt to or from remote locations. When it returns to the laboratory, it can be compared to the other three to determine if its output has shifted during transport.

However, there is more to a four-unit reference. According to NBS Technical Note 1239, published by the U.S. National Bureau of Standards (now NIST) in 1987, four to six references are required to provide measurement integrity and redundancy, and to minimize the number of measurements required. References must be completely independent of one another. Otherwise, common elements, such as a power supply or oven, might affect the correlation of reference outputs. In addition, with frequent intercomparisons of four units, you can detect when any one of the units begins to drift beyond specifications or needs to be repaired.

Each 732C is a stand-alone dc standard with its own power supply, oven, supporting electronics and packaging. Each may be purchased separately, or as a full 734C system, which includes four 732Cs that slide into a rack-width enclosure.

Why should you prefer the 734C?

- **Independence.** The 734C is the only standard of its type offering complete mechanical and electrical independence of each of its four standards.
- **Portability.** Each 732C Standard is designed for portability. Each is small, light, rugged and has a long operating battery life.
- **Confidence.** The 732C is based on the proven technology of the Fluke Calibration 732A and 732B. The 732A was the first standards lab quality electronic reference to gain wide acceptance as a replacement for saturated standard cells. Originally designed for internal transfers of Fluke’s corporate volt to the production floor, thousands are now in service worldwide in a variety of applications—from maintaining an institutional reference to transferring values from national labs or privately-operated 10 V Josephson Arrays.

Ideal support for Artifact Calibration

Combined with 742A-1 and 742A-10k Resistance Standards, a single 732C makes a robust and compact Artifact Calibration support package for instruments such as the Fluke 5730A High Performance Multifunction Calibrator and Fluke 8508A Reference Multimeters, including the older generation 5700A and 5720A models.

Taking your reference to the workload

Standards laboratory operations have changed. In the past, people brought their workload to the standards lab. Today, the functions of the standards lab are being distributed, requiring that many calibrations be performed in the field. The 734C, and its electrically and mechanically independent 732C Standards, are designed to meet that need. The voltage reference remains undisturbed in your laboratory, while at the same time you can distribute the volt to remote locations outside the lab. When the unit is returned to the lab, comparisons can be made to the reference to determine if a shift has occurred during the transfer. To maintain traceability to national standards, one unit may be transported to a national lab or other primary standards lab for calibration, again, without disturbing the reference. Each 732C Standard is relatively light, weighing just 5.9 kg, and its 72-hour battery life provides ample capacity for long shipments. An optional external battery extends that capacity to 210 hours. A special transit case, designed to hold one 732C and an external battery, simplifies transport even further.

The 732C can stand up to a lot of abuse. The outputs can be shorted indefinitely and the 10 V output is protected up to 1100 V dc, 25 mA, without damaging the unit or affecting its output.

Service Options from Fluke

Fluke provides two service options:

For existing 732As, 732Bs or 732Cs or similar standards that are already in use, the Direct Voltage Maintenance Program is a service where Fluke Calibration can provide calibration certificates for these standards. This service consists of two calibration alternatives that can be used depending on your needs.

- **Calibrations done by Fluke.**

Calibration certificate services can be easily performed on standards returned to Fluke Calibration service facilities. Contact your Fluke Calibration representative or your local Fluke service center for details regarding these calibration certificate alternatives.

- **Calibration in your laboratory.** With the Direct Voltage Maintenance Program (DVMP) 732C-200 services, a standard owned and calibrated by Fluke Calibration, including all necessary connecting cables and operating instructions, is sent to your site for comparison with one or more of your own reference standards. You make a series of readings over several days and forward the standard to the Fluke Calibration Standards Laboratory. A value for your reference relative to the Fluke standard is assigned. Within one week, a preliminary Report of Calibration is returned to you. Once the standard is returned to Fluke Calibration, it is compared to the Fluke Voltage Standard. A final value is assigned to your reference, and a final Report of Calibration is sent to you. The 732C-200 service provides a calibration certificate for one local standard. Each additional standard that requires a certificate can use the 732C-201 service. In this way, comparing multiple standards to a single Fluke Calibration standard will provide any required number of standards with individual calibration certificates.

Note: DVMP is not available in all areas. Contact your local Fluke representative for details.

Specifications

Performance

Output voltages

10 V, 1 V, and 0.1 V are provided at separate binding posts referenced to the VCOM binding post.

Stability

Stability for the 732C outputs at $T_{cal} \pm 1$ °C and IN CAL indicator on is specified in the standard stability table below.

Standard stability			
Output voltage	Stability ($\pm \mu\text{V/V}$)		
	30 days	90 days	1 Year
10 V	0.3	0.8	2.0
1 V	0.6	1.2	3.0
0.1 V	1.2	2.9	9.8

Select stability			
Output voltage	Stability ($\pm \mu\text{V/V}$)		
	30 days	90 days	1 Year
10 V	0.3	0.8	1.0
1 V	0.6	1.2	2.5
0.1 V	1.2	2.9	8.0

Noise at the output terminals

Output noise is specified for both day-to-day observations and for short-term observations, at $k=1$.

Output voltage	S_i ($\pm \mu\text{V/V}$) ¹	S_{ra} ($\pm \mu\text{V/V}$) ²	Noise ($\pm \mu\text{V/V rms}$)
10 V	0.07	0.05	0.06
1 V	0.16	0.14	0.15
0.1 V	1.4	1.3	1.0

¹ S_i is the standard deviation about the regression (SDEV) of 90 days of at least twice daily stability test data.

² S_{ra} is the SDEV of the stability test data with a 7-day moving average filter (MAF).

To obtain the best performance, use the Product in controlled environments with good system grounding and shielding practices. For radiated EMI fields from 0.25 to 1 V/m from 80 to 130 MHz, add 9 μV to the 1 V output, and 3.6 μV to the 0.1 V output. For ac mains conducted EMI of 1 Vrms from 75 to 80 MHz, add 1 μV to the 1 V output, and 0.7 μV to the 0.1 V output. The 10 V output is mostly unaffected by EMI fields up to 1 V/m or by conducted EMI up to 1 Vrms.

Output current and impedance

Output voltage	Output current limit	Output impedance
10 V	12 mA ¹	$\leq 1 \text{ m}\Omega$
1 V	1.2 mA ¹	$\leq 1 \text{ m}\Omega$
100 mV	20 pA	$\leq 100 \Omega$

¹Limit total output current to $\leq 0.1 \text{ mA}$ to realize specified battery operation.

Retrace (Hysteresis) Error

The table below shows the change in 10 V output voltage following a power outage (with the battery turned off) and temperature held constant in a 23 °C to 35 °C range.

Period that power is turned off	Change in 10 V output value ($\pm \mu\text{V/V}$)
≤ 10 min	0.1
10 min to 24 hr	0.25
24 hr to 14 days	0.25

Stabilization Time Requirements

Warmup times required after ac line and battery power have been turned off. The IN CAL indicator will be off, and recalibration will be necessary. The previously-specified retrace error specification can be used in the case of power interruptions.

With no power interruption	No stabilization time is required after the Product is moved to another environment
Power off for <1 hr	1-hr warmup required
Power off for >1 hr	24-hr warmup required

Temperature Coefficient (TC) of Output

From 15 °C to 35 °C, the temperature coefficient is bound by the information in the table below.

Output voltage	Temperature Coefficient ($\pm \mu\text{V/V per } ^\circ\text{C}$)
10 V	0.04
1 V	0.1
0.1 V	0.2

Output change with altitude

For an altitude change from calibration altitude, the output voltage change is bound by the information in the table below.

Output voltage	Output Change ($\pm \mu\text{V/V per 1000 ft}$)
10 V	0.05
1 V	0.09
0.1 V	0.18

Load regulation

10 V output load change	Maximum 10 V output change ($\pm \mu\text{V/V}$)
0 mA to 12 mA (no load to full load)	1
0 mA to 2 mA	0.1

Line Regulation

The outputs will change no more than 0.05 $\mu\text{V/V}$ for any 10% line voltage change or for the entire operating range of the battery.

General			
Mains	Line voltage is accepted as shown in the table below. AC line current at 120 V ac is typically 0.13 A.		
	732C line voltage setting	Line voltage accepted	Frequency accepted
	100 V	90 V to 110 V	50 Hz/60 Hz
	120 V	108 V to 132 V	50 Hz/60 Hz
	220 V	198 V to 242 V	50 Hz/60 Hz
	240 V	216 V to 264 V	50 Hz/60 Hz
Battery	<p>Battery operation: At full charge, the internal battery operates the Product for a minimum of 72 hours at 23 ±5 °C, with 0 mA to 0.1 mA total current drain at the outputs.</p> <p>Charging time: <36 hours with self-contained automatic battery charger</p>		
External dc input	Rear-panel input for external 12 V dc to 15 V dc powers the Product indefinitely. The dc source must be rated ≥300 mA		
Isolation	Resistance from any of the Product binding posts to earth (chassis) ground or to ac line power is >10 000 MΩ shunted by <1000 pF		
Guard and ground terminals	Chassis ground connections are provided on both the front and rear panels. Access to the internal guard is provided by a front-panel binding post		
Output protection	<p>All outputs can be shorted indefinitely without damage to the Product. The 10 V output can withstand voltages from other sources as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. For voltages ≤220 V dc, the Product is protected for a maximum of 50 mA continuous current 2. For voltage ≤1100 V dc, the Product is protected for a maximum of 25 mA continuous current or up to 0.6 joules for short periods of time 		

Environmental	
Specified operation	Temperature range: 15 °C to 35 °C
	Relative humidity: 0% to 90% to 28 °C, to 80% to 35 °C, and to 50% to 50 °C, Noncondensing
	Altitude: 0 m to 1830 m (0 ft to 6000 ft)
Non-specified operation	Temperature range: 0 °C to 50 °C
	Relative humidity: 0% to 90% noncondensing
	Altitude: 0 m to 3050 m (0 ft to 10 000 ft)°
Storage (battery removed)	Temperature Range: -40 °C to 50 °C
	Relative humidity: noncondensing
	Altitude: 0 m to 12 200 m (0 ft to 40 000 ft)

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

The Product operates in Standards Laboratory environments where the radio frequency (RF) environment is highly controlled.

International	IEC 61326-2-1; CISPR 11: Group 1, Class A Controlled Electromagnetic Environment Group 1 equipment has intentionally generated and/or use conductively coupled radio-frequency energy which is necessary for the internal functioning of the equipment itself. Class A equipment is equipment suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to a low voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes. Emissions which exceed the levels required by CISPR 11 can occur when the equipment is connected to a test object. The equipment may not meet the immunity requirements of 61326-1 when test leads and/or test probes are connected.
USA (FCC)	47 CFR 15 subpart B, this product is considered an exempt device per clause 15.103
Korea (KCC)	Class A Equipment (Industrial Broadcasting and Communication Equipment). This product meets requirements for industrial (Class A) electromagnetic wave equipment and the seller or user should take notice of it. This equipment is intended for use in business environments and not to be used in homes.

Safety

Safety	IEC 61010-1, Installation Category II, Pollution degree 2
Ingress protection	IEC 60529: IP20

Mechanical

Size (HxWxD)	734C: 17.8 cm x 43.2 cm x 50.3 cm (7.0 in x 17.0 in x 19.8 in) including handles 732C and 732C-7001: 13.4 cm x 9.8 cm x 40.6 cm (5.28 in x 3.85 in x 16.0 in)
Weight	734C: 30.4 kg (67 lb) 732C and 732C-7001: 5.91 kg (13 lb)

Ordering information

Standard models

732C	10 V dc Reference Standard
732C/C	10 V dc Ref Std + Char (ships hot - INTL)
734C	10 V dc Ref Std
734C/04	10 V dc Ref Std + 4 x/Char (ships hot - INTL)

Select models

732C/S/C	Select 10 V dc Ref Std + Characterization (ships hot - INTL)
734C/S/04	Select 10 V dc Ref Std + 4 w/Char (ships hot - INTL)

Accessories

732C-7001	External Battery and Charger
732C-7002	Transit Case, for qty 1 or 2 732Bs or 732Cs
734C-7001	Instrument Enclosure
Y734	Rack Mount Kit for 734A or 734C

Service Options

732C-200	Direct Voltage Management Program
GCP-ECAL-C	732C Annual Cal, Ext Warranty
SCP-ECAL-C	732C Silver, Ext Warranty
GCP-ECAL-C	734C Annual Cal, Ext Warranty
SCP-ECAL-C	734C Silver, Ext Warranty

Fluke Calibration. Precision, performance, confidence.™

Electrical	RF	Temperature	Humidity	Pressure	Flow	Software
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