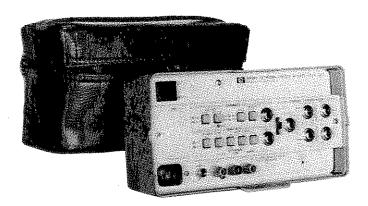
# 4938A

# NETWORK CIRCUIT ACCESS TEST SET







#### OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

# HEWLETT-PACKARD MODEL 4938A Network Circuit Access Test Set

#### SERIAL NUMBERS

This manual applies directly to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 2432A.

For additional important information about serial numbers, see INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Section 1.

COPYRIGHT HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY/COLORADO TELECOMMUNICATIONS DIVISION 1984 5070 Centennial Blvd., P.O. Box 7050, Colorado Springs, CO 80933 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

#### WARNING

#### SAFETY

If this instrument is to be energized via an autotransformer for voltage reduction, make sure the common terminal is connected to the earthed pole of the power source.

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, the protective earth terminals of this instrument must be connected to the protective conductor of the (mains) power cord. The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. The protective action must not be negated by use of an extension cord (power cable) without a protective conductor (grounding).

Make sure that only fuses with the required rated current and of the specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) are used for replacement. The use of repaired fuses and the short-circuiting of fuse holders must be avoided.

Whenever it is likely that the protection offered by fuses has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

#### GROUNDING

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal can make this instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.

#### HIGH VOLTAGE

Any adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the opened instrument under voltage should be avoided as much as possible and, when inevitable, should be carried out only by a skilled person who is aware of the hazard involved.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

Adjustments and service described herein are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points, if contacted, result in personal injury.

## CAUTION

#### LINE VOLTAGE

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, make sure instrument requirements match the voltage of the power source.

#### GROUNDING

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, ensure that all devices connected to this instrument are connected to the protective (earth) ground.

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, ensure that the line power (mains) plug is connected to a three-conductor line power outlet that has a protective (earth) ground. (Grounding one conductor of a two-conductor outlet is not sufficient.)

#### IEC SYMBOLS

The following is a list of key IEC symbols used by Hewlett-Packard. All symbols are normally applied adjacent to the device requiring the symbol. They shall not be placed on removable parts likely to be detached or lost.



Instruction Manual symbol: If necessary, to preserve the apparatus from damage it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual, then shall the apparatus be marked with this symbol (IEC 348:16a).



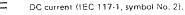
Terminal devices fed from the interior by live voltages that may be dangerous when connecting to or disconnecting from those devices shall be marked with the flash shown when the voltage exceeds 1 KV: The flash shall be red-(FEC-348)18c).



Earth Terminals. If the use of this symbol for the protective earth terminal is not permitted by National Standards, it may be modified, for example, by being placed inside a circle (IEC 348;18a).



AC current (IEC 117-1, symbol No. 3).





AC or DC current (IEC 117-1, symbol No. 8).



Frame or chassis connection. The hatching may be completely or partly omitted if there is no ambiguity. If the hatching is omitted, the line representing the frame or chassis shall be thicker (IEC 117-1, symbol No. 87).

А

Ampere (IEC 117-4, symbol No. 356).

•

Volt (IEC 117-4, symbol No. 357).

VA

Voltampere (IEC 117-4, symbol No. 358).

IAI

Watt (IEC 117-4, symbol No. 360).

Wh

Watthour (IEC 117-4, symbol No. 361).

VAh

Voltamperehour (IEC 117-4, symbol No. 362).

Ηz

Hertz (IEC 117-4, symbol No. 365).



Contactor, normally closed. In order to avoid confusion with the symbol for a capacitor, the distance between the horizontal (as drawn here) lines should be at least equal to the length of those lines (IEC 117-3, symbol No. 215.2).

In addition the following describes the use of Warnings, Cautions and Notes used in HP Automatic Test System Manuals.

Warnings, cautions and notes. (All) Warnings and cautions shall precede the text to which each applies but notes may precede or follow applicable text depending on the material to be highlighted. Warnings, cautions, and notes shall not contain procedural steps nor shall they be numbered. When a warning, caution, or note consists of two or more paragraphs, the heading WARNING, CAUTION, NOTE, shall not be repeated above each paragraph. If it is ever necessary to precede a paragraph by both a warning and a note, or a caution and a note, etc, they shall appear in the sequence as noted, namely, warnings, cautions, notes. Such inserts in the text shall be short and concise and be used to emphasize important and critical instructions.



An operating procedure, practice, etc, which, if not correctly followed, could result in personal injury or loss of life.

### CAUTION

An operating procedure, practice, etc. which, if not strictly observed, could result in damage to, or destruction of, equipment.

NOTE: An operating procedure, condition, etc. which it is essential to highlight.

Health hazards precaution data. (All) When hazardous chemicals or adverse health factors, in the environment or use of the equipment cannot be eliminated, appropriate precautionary requirements shall be included.

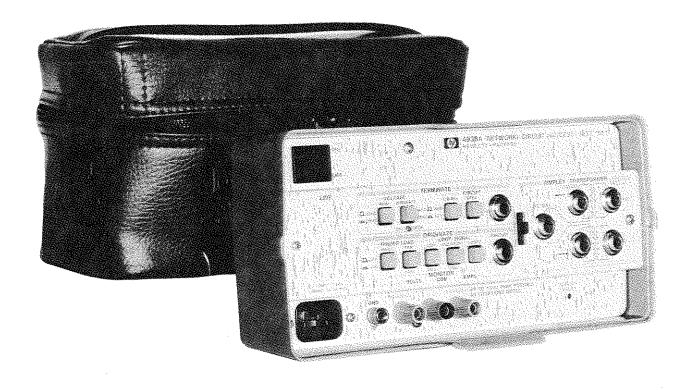


Figure 1-1. Model 4938A Network Circuit Access Test Set

#### **SECTION I**

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1-1. INTRODUCTION

- 1-2. This Operating and Service Manual contains information required to install, operate, test, adjust, and service the Hewlett-Packard Model 4938A Network Circuit Access Test Set (NCATS). Figure 1-1 shows the instrument and accessories supplied. Throughout the remainder of this manual the Model 4938A will be referred to as HP 4938A or the instrument.
- 1-3. The Manual part number is listed on the title page. Also listed on the title page of this manual is a Microfiche part number. This number can be used to order 4 X 6 inch microfilm transparencies of the manual. Each microfiche contains up to 96 photo-duplicates of the manual pages. The microfiche package also includes the latest Manual Changes supplement as well as pertinent Service Notes.

#### 1-4. SPECIFICATIONS

1-5. Instrument specifications are listed in table 1-1. These specifications are the performance standards or limits against which the instrument is tested.

#### 1-6. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

1-7. This product is a Safety Class 1 instrument (provided with a protective earth terminal). The instrument and manual should be reviewed for safety markings and instructions before operation.

#### 1-8. INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY THIS MANUAL

- 1-9. Attached to the instrument is a serial number plate. The serial number is in the form: 0000A00000. It is in two parts; the first four digits and the letter are the serial prefix and the last five digits are the suffix. The prefix is the same for all identical instruments; it changes only when a change is made to the instrument. The suffix however, is assigned sequentially and is different for each instrument. The contents of this manual apply to the instruments with the serial number prefix(s) listed under SERIAL NUMBERS on the title page.
- 1-10. An instrument manufactured after the printing of this manual may have a serial number prefix that is not listed on the title page. This unlisted serial number prefix indicates the instrument is different from those described in this manual. The manual for this newer number is accompanied by a yellow Changes Sheet supplement. This supplement contains "change information" that explains how to adapt the manual to the newer instrument.
- 1-11. For information, concerning a serial number prefix that is not listed on the title page or in the Manual Changes supplement, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard sales office.

#### 1-12. DESCRIPTION

- 1-13. The HP 4938A is a test set that, when used in conjunction with the HP 4937 Transmission Impairment Measuring Set, provides the capability to perform all the required signaling and transmission tests or measurements on telephone voice and voiceband data circuits.
- 1-14. The HP 4938A is an ac powered, portable test set that is installed in a front panel dust cover that fits the HP Models 4935A and 4937A Transmission Impairment Measuring Sets.
- 1-15. The HP 4938A features can be divided into four main categories:
  - 1. Ring testing
  - 2. Loop signal margin testing
  - 3. Battery Simulation
  - 4. 4 wire network access
- 1-16. Ring Testing -- this feature provides two functions:
  - 1. Ringing voltage generator
  - 2. Ringer termination
- 1-17. The Ringing Voltage Generator is a telephone company specified source of ringing used for verifying the operation of a ringer or ringing detector in an Off Premises Extension (OPX). The generator provides 86 Vrms at either 20 or 30 Hz superimposed on -48 Vdc with a 2-second on and a 4-second off duty cycle. When the OPX goes off-hook or a loop closure is sensed, the ringing will stop (ring trip). The OFF-HOOK indicator is illuminated to show this condition.
- 1-18. The Ringer Termination is a terminating impedance that simulates the load of 3 ringers, which is a Ring Equivalent Number 3 (REN-3). A test jack is provided to measure the ringing voltage from a remote generator. A ring trip closure is also provided to simulate an off hook condition to the remote generator.
- 1-19. Loop Signal Margin Testing-Loop Signaling margin tests are performed using a dc loop-closure network, which is internal to the HP 4938A NCATS. Using an externally connected multimeter, the network circuit-loop current can be verified. The HP 4938A can initiate either a Loop Start or Ground Start line seizure on a 2-wire circuit.
- 1-20. The loop network can be connected to the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER jacks. This 4-wire access transformer provides 4-wire Loop or Ground Start signaling. This allows the HP 4937A, and the HP 4935A Transmission impairment Measuring Sets to perform 4-wire transmission tests.
- 1-21. Battery Simulation. The HP 4938A provides a source of 48 volts for simulation of the Central Office Battery. The battery simulator will detect the presence of a loop closure greater than 17 mA and will indicate the closure by illuminating the OFF HOOK led.

1-22. Four wire network access—A 4-wire transformer with Simplex leads is provided for signaling and for transmission tests in 4 wire environments on the network side of the network interface (NI). Loop Start and Ground Start Signaling or busy conditions may be enforced using the internal loop signaling network or the internal battery simulator respectively.

1-23. This feature also allows simultaneous 4 wire network access and 4 wire transmission testing when used in conjunction with the HP 4937A, and the HP 4935A Transmission Impairment Measuring Sets.

#### 1-24. WARRANTY

1-25. Instrument warranty is as listed inside the front cover of this manual.

#### 1-26. ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE

- 1. Test Cord w/310 male to alligator clips, 60 inches, HP P/N 18182A
- 2. Test Cord w/310 male at both ends, 36 inches, HP P/N 15513A
- 3. Power Cord, HP P/N 8120-1378

#### 1-27. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

1-28. Equipment required to maintain the Model 4938A is listed in table 1-2. Other equipment may be substituted if it meets or exceeds the critical specifications listed in the table.

#### 1-29. OPERATING TEMPERATURE

1-30. Normal operating temperature of the HP 4938A should be between 0 degrees C and +55 degrees C (+32 degrees F and +131 degrees F).

#### Table 1-1. Specifications

#### Ringing Voltage Generator

Output

Level

86 volts rms (typical)

Frequencies

20 Hz +/-3 Hz

30 Hz +/-3 Hz

Waveform

Shaped squarewave

Duty cycle DC offset 2 seconds on and 4 seconds off -48 volts dc Tip to Ring (typical)

Impedance

220 ohms in series with Tip and with Ring

Tip is grounded

Ring Trip

Threshold

17 mA (typical)

Time to trip

< 200 ms

#### Ringer Termination

REN-3 load impedance

2330 ohms  $\pm / -1\%$  in series with 0.45 uF  $\pm / -10\%$ 

Ring trip closure

330 ohms +/-1%, 5 watts

#### Loop Signaling Network

Loop start

430 ohms +/-1%, 5 watts

Ground start

550 ohms  $\pm /-1\%$ , 5 watts momentary contact

#### Four Wire Network Access

Simplex transformer

Dual center tapped

Insertion loss: <1dB at 1004 Hz Flatness (relative to 1004Hz): +/-0.5 dB, 200 Hz to 4 kHz

#### **Battery Simulator**

Output

Level

48 volts dc typical

Maximum current

100 mA

Impedance

220 ohms in series with Tip and with Ring

Tip is grounded

#### Table 1-1. Specifications (cont'd)

# Power Requirements 108 to 126 Vac 60 Hz Temperature Range 0 C to +55 C (+32 F to +131 F) Dimensions Width 127 mm (5.0 inches) Length 260 mm (10.3 inches) Depth 91 mm (3.6 inches) Weight 1.6 kg (3.2 pounds)

# MODEL 4938A GENERAL INFORMATION

Table 1-2. Recommended Test Equipment

Instrument	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model	Use
Multimeter	dc current	HP 3478A	Р,Т
Oscilloscope	Dual Chan: 5mV/div	HP 1740A	P
Power Supply	50 volt	HP 6200B	P
Signal Generator		HP 3336B	р
Voltmeter		HP 3456A	р
310 to Dual Bannana	a Connector	Pamona Electronics 2112	2 P

Note:

P=Performance Test

T=Troubleshooting

#### SECTION II

#### INSTALLATION

#### 2-1. INTRODUCTION

2-2. This section provides installation instructions for the Model 4938A NCATS. This section also includes information about initial inspection and damage claims, preparation for use, power requirements, storage and shipment.

#### 2-3. INITIAL INSPECTION

2-4. Inspect the shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been checked mechanically and electrically. The contents of the shipment should be as shown in figure 1-1. The procedures for checking electrical performance are given in Section IV. If the contents are incomplete, if there is mechanical damage or defect, or if the instrument does not pass the performance tests, notify the nearest Hewlett-Packard sales and support office. If the shipping container is damaged, or the cushioning material shows signs of stress, notify the carrier as well as the Hewlett-Packard sales and support office.

#### 2-5. PREPARATION FOR USE

#### 2-6. Power Requirements

2-7. This instrument requires a power source of 108 to 128 Vac, single phase 48 to 66 Hz.

#### 2-8. Power Cable



Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal can make this instrument dangerous to electrical shock.

2-9. This instrument is supplied with a three-wire power cable. When connected to an appropriate three-wire ac power receptacle, the cable grounds the instrument. See table 2-1 for available power cables.

#### 2-10. OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

#### 2-11. Temperature

2-12. This instrument may be operated in temperatures from 0 degrees C to +55 degrees C (+32 degrees F to +131 degrees F).

Table 2-1. Power Cables Available

Plug Type	Cable HP Part Number	CD	Plug Description	Cable Length (inches)	Cable Color	For Use In Country
125V	8120-1348 8120-1398	5	Straight *NEMA5-15P 90°	80 80	Black Black	United States, Canada,
	8120-1754 8120-1378	7	Straight *NEMA5-15P Straight *NEMA5-15P	36 80	Black Jade Gray	Japan (100V or 200V).
	8120-1521 8120-1676	6 2	90° Straight *NEMA5-15P	80 36	Jade Gray Jade Gray	Mexico, Philippines, Taiwan

<sup>\*</sup>Part number shown for plug is industry identifier for plug only. Number shown for cable is HP Part Number for complete cable including plug.

#### 2-13. Humidity

2-14. This instrument may be operated in environments with humidity from 5 percent to 95 percent relative humidity at +40 degrees C (+104 degrees F). However, the instrument should be protected from temperature extremes that can cause condensation within the instrument.

#### 2-15. STORAGE AND SHIPMENT

#### 2-16. Environment

- 2-17. The instrument may be stored and shipped within the following environmental limits:
  - Temperature..... −20 to +65 degrees C (-4 to +149 degrees F)
  - Humidity...... Up to 90% Relative at +65 degrees C (+149 degrees F)

#### 2-18. Packaging

- 2-19. Tagging for Service --If the instrument is being returned to Hewlett- Packard for service, please complete one of the blue repair tags located at the back of this manual and attach it to the instrument.
- 2-20. Original Packaging.—Containers and materials identical to those used in factory packaging are available through Hewlett-Packard sales and support offices. If the instrument is being returned for servicing, attach a tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number, and full serial number. Also mark the container FRAGILE to ensure careful handling. In any correspondence, refer to the instrument by model number and full serial number.
- 2-21. Other Packaging.--The following general instructions should be used for repacking with commercially available materials:
- a. Wrap the instrument in heavy paper or plastic. (If shipping to Hewlett- Packard office or service center, attach a tag indicating type of service required, return address, model number, and full serial number.)

E = Earth Ground; L = Line; N = Neutral

- b. Use strong shipping container. A double-walled carton made of 350-pound test material is adequate.
- c. Use a layer of shock-absorbing material 70 to 100 mm (3 to 4 inches) thick around all sides of the instrument to provide firm cushioning and to prevent movement inside the container. Protect the control panel with cardboard.
- d. Seal the shipping container securely.

....

1

4.89

E WA

.

1

138

100

. .

48

Tage

.

Marie

11

- e. Mark shipping container FRAGILE to ensure careful handling.
- f. In any correspondence, refer to instrument by model number and full serial number.

# SECTION III OPERATION

#### 3-1. INTRODUCTION

3-2. This section contains an explaination of the HP 4938A operating modes and describes the function of the front panel controls.

#### 3-3. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

- 3-4. The HP 4938A provides four major functions:
  - Ring Testing

1.91M

HI

. 1

1 6

調整

5 E

....

a series

.

ा हो अपन

- Loop Signal Margin Testing
- Battery Simulation
- Four Wire Network Access Simplex Signaling
- 3-5. The HP 4935A, HP 4937A, and the HP 4945A Transmission impairment Measuring Sets can perform four wire circuit testing with the use of the HP 4938A. This method of testing four wire circuits is described later in this section.

#### 3-6. PANEL FEATURES

- 3-7. Figure 3-1 identifies the front panel features and includes a brief description as to the function of each feature. The numbers used to reference these functions are also used in the procedural steps next to the control name.
- 1. LINE switch: Applies power to the instrument when in the ON position.
- 2. RING: Selects frequency of ringer voltage; Up is 20 Hz and Down is 30 Hz.
- 3. OFF HOOK: Indicates that a dc loop has been closed across the TERMINATE CIRCUIT Jack and that a current of at least 17 mA typically is flowing.
- 4. SIMULATE: Selects function; Up is -48 volt battery simulator (-48 volts Tip to Ring); Down is 20 or 30 Hz ring voltage superimposed on -48 volts.
- 5. T/R REV: Tip/Ring Reverse; Up position the Tip and Ring are connected to the TERMINATE CIRCUIT Jack in normal polarity. Down position the Tip and Ring are connected to the TERMINATE CIRCUIT Jack in reverse polarity.
- 6. OPEN: Opens circuit; Up position the TERMINATE CIRCUIT Jack is connected. Down position the TERMINATE CIRCUIT Jack is disconnected.
- 7. TERMINATE CIRCUIT jack: Provides connection between the TERMINATE CIRCUIT functions and the circuit under test.

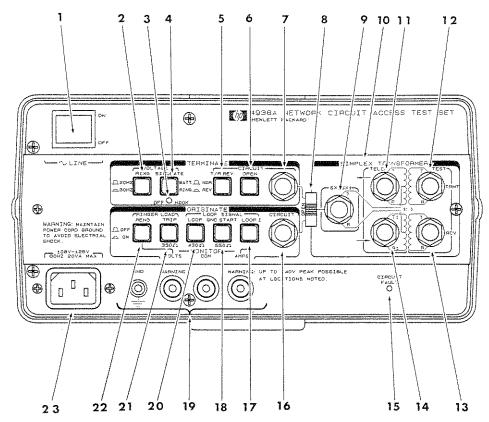


Figure 3-1. Front Panel Controls, Connectors, and Indicators.

- 8. Simplex Lead Patch Switch: provides an internal connection between either the TERMINATE or ORIGINATE functions and the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER. The slide switch positions are:
  - Up position connects the TERMINATE functions to the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER.
  - Middle position disconnects the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER from both the TERMINATE and the ORIGINATE functions.
  - Down position connects the ORIGINATE function to the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER.
- 9. SX/SX1 Jack: Simplex lead SX is the Tip and lead SX1 is the Ring.
- 10. SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER: Provides 4 wire network access with Simplex leads, SX/SX1. The front panel graphics show the internal connections.
- 11. TELCO Jack: Output from transformer to telephone company circuits.
- 12. TEST TRMT Jack: Input to transformer from test equipment.
- 13. TEST RCV Jack: Output from transformer to test equipment.
- 14. TELCO Jack: Input to transformer from telephone company circuits.
- 15. CIRCUIT FAULT LED: Indicates that a circuit fault (a short or a high foreign voltage) exists on the circuit being tested. The internal protection circuit will automatically disconnect the instrument from the faulty circuit. The fault must be cleared before continuing with the testing.

- 16. ORIGINATE CIRCUIT Jack: Provides connection between the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT functions and the circuit under test.
- 17. LOOP I: Momentary switch that, when pressed interrupts the Tip/Ring loop closure and places the MONITOR COM and AMPS binding posts in series with the loop for measuring loop current.
- 18. GND START: Momentary switch that, when pressed grounds the ring through a load of 550 ohms.
- 19. Monitor binding posts.
  - VOLTS: Access to monitor ring voltage from far end generator or to monitor dial tone after affecting loop closure.
  - COM: Common connection for voltage or current monitor.
  - AMPS: Access to monitor loop current.
  - GND: Chassis ground.
- 20. LOOP: Push/push switch that, when pressed in, connects 430 ohms across the loop circuit.
- 21. TRIP: Push/push switch that, when pressed in, connects 330 ohms across the loop circuit.
- 22. REN3: Push/push switch that, when pressed in, applies a load to the circuit that is equivalent to the load of three ringers. The voltage can be measured across the VOLTS and COM binding post.
- 23. Connection for power cord.

#### 3-8. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

#### 3-9. POWER ON AND SET UP

- 3-10. Make sure all front panel pushbuttons are in the up position before connecting LINE power to the instrument.
- 3-11. Connect power cord to the front panel connector.

WARNING

Always connect power cord to a properly grounded 3-wire power outlet. Any interruption of the protective earth grounding will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury.

- 3-12. Connect the line under test to the instrument as described in the measurement procedures in this section.
- 3-13. Set LINE switch to ON.
- 3-14. The HP 4938A has the following signaling and measuring capabilities:
- a. Ring Simulator
  - Send ring voltage
  - Terminate and measure ring voltage
  - Test for ring trip
- b. Loop Simulator
  - Loop start
  - Measuring loop current
  - Ground start
- c. Battery Simulator
- d. Four Wire Circuit Testing
  - 4-wire access
  - Ring simulation on 4-wire circuits
  - Battery simulation on 4-wire circuits
  - 4-wire transmission testing

#### 3-15. OPERATING PROCEDURES

#### 3-16. Ring Simulator (see figure 3-1)

3-17. The ringing voltage generator is used to verify the operation of a ringer or ringing detector in an Off Premises Extension (OPX). The generator provides 86 Vrms, at either 20 Hz or 30 Hz, superimposed on -48 Vdc with a 2 second on and 4 second off duty cycle. When the OPX goes off hook or a loop closure is sensed, the ringing will stop (ring trip) and the OFF HOOK indicator will be lighted.

#### 3-18. Sending Ring Voltage

- 4

11

158

11

No.

4

4

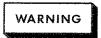
. H

11.5

15

4

ı



The TERMINATE CIRCUIT Jack has live ring voltage on it when the circuit is being tested.

- a. Connect the circuit under test to the TERMINATE CIRCUIT Jack (7).
- b. Select the RING VOLATGE (2) frequency of either 20 or 30 Hz.
- c. Press the VOLTAGE SIMULATE (4) pushbutton to begin ringing.
  - 1. Ring voltage will be impressed on the circuit under test if that circuit is open for dc current.
  - 2. The OFF HOOK LED (3) should be off until a dc loop is closed on the far end.
  - 3. When a dc loop is closed on the circuit and the loop current is greater than 17 mA, the OFF HOOK LED (3) will light and ring voltage will stop within 200 ms. Battery will remain on the circuit.
  - 4. Ringing will not restart if the do loop is removed.
  - 5. To restart the ring, release the VOLTAGE SIMULATE (4) pushbutton to the up position. Then, press the pushbutton to the down position.
  - 6. Ringing will not restart if the dc loop is still closed.
- 3-19. Terminating and Measuring Ring Voltage
- 3-20. The ringer termination is a terminating impedance that simulates the load of three ringers or Ring Equivalent Number 3. The load is used when measuring the ringing voltage from a remote generator. This voltage can be measured across the VOLTS and COM binding posts.
- a. Connect the circuit under test to the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT Jack(16).

# MODEL 4938A OPERATION

3-20. (cont'd)

- b. Press the REN3 (22) pushbutton.
  - 1. This will terminate the circuit with ring equivalent number 3 load.

WARNING

The Voltage Monitor may have live ring voltage.

- 2. The MONITOR VOLTS (19) binding posts are also placed across the REN3 load.
- c. To measure ring voltage, connect a multimeter across the MONITOR VOLTS (19) binding post and the MONITOR COM (19) binding post.
- 3-21. Testing for Ring Trip
- a. With the circuit under test terminated with REN3 and ring voltage present from the far end, press the TRIP (21) pushbutton to cause a ring trip closure
- b. If ring trip capability of the far end generator is operational, the ring voltage being measured in step 3-20, c will stop.

#### 3-22. Loop Simulator

- 3-23. Loop signaling margin tests are performed using a dc loop closure network internal to the HP 4938A. The circuit loop current can be measured across the AMPS and COM binding post using a multimeter. The HP 4938A can originate either loop start or ground start on both two-wire and four-wire circuits. The four-wire circuit must be connected to the Simplex Transformer.
- 3-24. Loop Start Originate
- a. Connect the circuit under test to the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT (16) Jack.
- b. Press the LOOP (20) pushbutton to cause a loop closure on the circuit.
- c. The circuit can be monitored for a dial tone by connecting a lineman's handset (butt-in) across the line.

#### Note

186

The loop circuit can momentarily be broken by pressing the LOOP I pushbutton. The multimeter must not be connected to the Current Monitor binding posts.

The TRIP pushbutton may be used to affect the loop closure. The loop resistance in this case is 330 ohms.

The TRIP and the LOOP pushbuttons may be used together for loop closure. The resistance in this case is 187 ohms.

3-25. Measuring Loop Current

1 12**4** 

A new

E TANG

5-10a

10 M

11

10

; **\*\*** 

0.0

-103-445 -103-445

遊廳

- a. Connect a multimeter across the MONITOR COM (19) and AMPS (19) binding posts.
- b. Set the multimeter for dc current, 100 mA range.
- c. Press the LOOP (20) pushbutton to cause a loop closure on the circuit.
- d. Press the LOOP I (17) pushbutton. The MONITOR COM (19) and AMPS (19) binding posts are placed in series with the circuit while the LOOP I (17) pushbutton is held down.
- 3-26. Ground Start Originate
- a. Connect the circuit under test to the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT (16) Jack.
- b. Press the LOOP (20) pushbutton.
- c. Momentarily press the GND START (18) pushbutton.

#### Note

A ground will be placed on the ring conductor of the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT Jack through the margin test resistance.

d. The circuit can be monitored for dial tone by connecting a linesman's handset (butt-in) across the line.

#### 3-27. Battery Simulator

- a. Connect circuit under test to the TERMINATE CIRCUIT (7) Jack.
- b. With the SIMULATE (4) pushbutton in the up position (BATT), -48 Vdc will be applied to the TERMINATE CIRCUIT (7) Jack.
  - The OFF HOOK LED (3) should be off until a dc loop is closed on the far end.
  - When a dc loop is closed on the circuit and the loop current is greater than 17 mA, the OFF HOOK LED (3) will go on.
- c. The battery simulator can be reversed by pressing the T/R REV (5) pushbutton switch.
- d. The battery simulator may be removed from the circuit by pressing the OPEN (6) pushbutton switch.

# 3-28. Four Wire Circuit Testing

- 3-29. The Simplex Transformer leads provide connections for signaling and transmission testing in four wire circuits on the network side of the network interface. Loop start signaling and ground start signaling can be enabled using the internal loop signaling network. Busy conditions can be enabled by using the internal battery simulator.
- 3-30. 4 Wire Loop Start Originate
- a. Move the Simplex Lead Patch Switch (8) to the down position.
- b. Connect the 4 wire circuit under test to T/R (11) and T1/R1 (14) jacks on the TELCO side of the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER (10).
- c. Press the LOOP (20) pushbutton to cause a loop closure on SX/SX1 (9) jack.

#### Note

The loop circuit may be momentarily broken by pressing the LOOP I pushbutton. The multimeter must not be connected to the COM and AMPS binding posts.

The TRIP pushbutton may be used to affect the loop closure. The loop resistance in this case is 330 ohms

The TRIP and the LOOP push buttons may be used together for loop closure. The resistance in this case is 187 ohms.

- 3-31. Measuring Loop Current Across SX/SX1
- a. Move the Simplex Lead Patch Switch (8) to the down position.
- b. Connect the 4 wire circuit under test to T/R (11) and T1/R1 (14) jacks on the TELCO side of the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER (10).
- c. Connect a Multimeter across the MONITOR COM (19) and AMPS (19) binding posts.
- d. Set the Multimeter for dc current, 100 mA range.
- e. With the LOOP (20) pushbutton pressed in, press the LOOP I (17) pushbutton. The COM and AMPS (19) binding posts will be placed in series with the circuit.

#### Note

Note that if a linemen's handset (butt-in) is used to monitor dial tone through the AMPS and COM binding posts, the dial tone will be interrupted while the LOOP I switch is held down.

3-32. 4 Wire Ground Start - Originate

ı

· 日本 日本

EII

FIRM

17

100

I

11

17

200- 100 100-- 100

E Carriera

2.00

E.

- a. Move the Simplex Lead Patch Switch (8) to the down position.
- b. Connect the 4 wire circuit under test to T/R (11) and T1/R1 (14) jacks on the TELCO side of the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER (10).
- c. Press the LOOP (20) pushbutton.
- d. Press the GND START (18) pushbutton momentarily. A ground will be placed on the ring conductor or SX1 lead of the SX/SX1 (9) jack through the margin test resistance.
- 3-33 Other 4 Wire Access
- a. 4-wire access using signaling not available in the HP 4938A can be accomplished by connecting the source of external signaling to the SX/SX1 (9) jack.
- b. Move the Simplex Lead Patch Switch (8) to the OPEN (middle) position to disconnect the terminate or originate functions from the Simplex Leads.
- 3-34. Ring Simulation on 4 Wire Circuits
- a. Move the Simplex Lead Patch Switch (8) to the up position.
- b. Repeat steps 3-16 through 3-21.
- 3-35. Battery Simulation on 4 Wire Circuits
- a. Move the Simplex Lead Patch Switch (8) to the up position.
- b. With the SIMULATE (4) pushbutton in the up position, -48 Vdc will be applied to the SX/SX1 (9) jack.

#### Note

The OFF HOOK LED will be off until a dc loop is closed on the far end. When a dc loop is closed on the circuit and the loop current is greater than 17 mA, the OFF HOOK LED will go on.

- c. The battery simulator may be reversed by pressing the T/R REV (5) pushbutton.
- d. The battery simulator may be removed from the circuit by pressing the OPEN (6) pushbutton.

#### MODEL 4938A OPERATION

## 3-36. 4 Wire Transmission Testing

- a. Connect the 4 wire circuit under test to T/R (11) and T1/R1 (14) jack on the TELCO side of the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER (10).
- b. Connect the Transmission Impairment Measuring Set to TRMT and RCV jacks on the test side of the Simplex Transformer.

**198**55.7

**F**\*\*

1/2/20

2.5

E SE

5 (II)

etras:

21

8

1

- c. To use loop start signaling perform step 3-24.
- d. To use ground start signaling perform step 3-26.
- e. When signaling is complete, perform the necessary transmission tests.

# 3-37. SYSTEM CONFIGURATIONS

#### Note

The HP 4935A, HP 4937A, and the HP 4945A Transmission Impairment Measuring Sets (TIMS) can be used in a 4 wire environment with the aid of the HP 4938A. Because signaling with the TIMS requires the use of one of the two circuit jacks, combining the TIMS with the signaling and 4 wire access capabilities of the HP 4938A, frees both of the TIMS's circuit jacks for transmission testing.

# 3-38. Using the HP 4938A with the HP 4937A TIMS

3-39. 4 Wire Transmission Testing Using the HP 4938A with the HP 4937A TIMS.

- a. Connect the 4 wire circuit under test to T/R (11) and T1/R1 (14) jack on the TELCO side of the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER (10).
- b. Connect the HP 4937A TIMS to TRMT (12) and RCV (13) jacks on the test side of the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER (10).
- c. To use loop start signaling perform step 3-24.
- d. To use ground start signaling perform step 3-26.
- e. When signaling is complete, perform the necessary transmission tests.

# 3-40. Using the HP 4938A with the HP 4935A TIMS or the HP 4945A TIMS

- 3-41. 4 Wire Transmission Testing Using the HP 4938A with the HP 4935A or HP 4945A.
- a. Connect the 4 wire circuit under test to T/R (11) and T1/R1 (14) jack on the TELCO side of the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER (10).

3-41. (cont'd)

- b. Connect the HP 4935A or HP 4945A TIMS to TRMT (12) and RCV (13) jacks on the test side of the SIMPLEX TRANSFORMER (10).
- c. To use loop start signaling perform step 3-24.
- d. To use ground start signaling perform step 3-26.
- e. When signaling is complete, perform the necessary transmission tests.

#### SECTION IV

#### PERFORMANCE TESTS

#### AND

#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### 4-1. INTRODUCTION

\*

\*

1

la se

il and

li Se

11

1

4

1

.

4-2. The procedures in this section test the instrument's electrical performance using the specifications in table 1-1 as the performance standards. All tests can be performed without access to the interior of the instrument. These tests can be used for incoming inspection verification. If the instrument should fail any test, the suspected fault or troubleshooting aid are also included along with the test procedure. There are no internal adjustments in the HP 4938A.

#### 4-3. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

4-4. Equipment required for the performance tests is listed in the Recommended Test Equipment table in Section I. Any equipment that satisfies the critical specifications given in the table may be substituted for the recommended model(s).

#### 4-5. TEST RECORD

4-6. Results of the performance test may be tabulated on the Test Record at the end of the procedures. The Test Record lists all of the tested specifications and their acceptable limits. The results recorded at incoming inspection can be used for comparison in periodic maintenance and troubleshooting and after repair or adjustment.

#### 4-7. CALIBRATION CYCLE

4-8. This instrument requires perodic vertication of performance. Depending on the use and environmental conditions, the instrument should be checked using the performance test every six months. Performance tests should also be made following repair.

## 4-9. PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-10. Reset	
EQUIPMENT:	
none	
1. On the HP 4938A set:	
Set LINE ON	
2. The red CIRCUIT FAULT indicator should be on for less than 1 se	cond, ther

#### Troubleshooting aid

turn off.

- 1. If the CIRCUIT FAULT indicator remains on check the following:
  - a. Cable A4W1 to A2J3 (see figure 6-1) connection is not making proper contact and the power supplies are not properly loaded.
  - b. An external voltage is connected to the TEST RCV jack that is greater than 30 volts.

#### 4-11. Power Supply Voltage Checks

#### EQUIPMENT:

.

T. III

SEE .

11

n **e** 

¥1

g IS

1

3

.....

Digital Multimeter HP 3478A

1. On the HP 4938A set:

VOLTAGE SIMULATE..... BATT

2. On the Digital Multimeter set:

POWER......ON
FUNCTION......DC VOLTS

3. Connect the digital multimeter across the HP 4938A test points and verify the voltages as listed in table 4-1.

Table 4-1. Power Supply Voltage Measurements

and the second s		
TEST POINT CONNECTION	DC VOLTAGE SHOULD BE	TYPICAL RIPPLE
2 and 3	48 +/ -2 volts	< 0.5 Vrms
2 and 7	48 +/-2 volts	< 0.5 Vrms
6 and 7	40 +/-2 volts	< 0.5 Vrms
5 and 8	5 +/-0.5 volts	< 0.5 Vrms
5 and 9	-5 +/-0.5 volts	< 0.5 Vrms
4 and 5	5 +/-0.5 volts	< 0.5 Vrms

#### Troubleshooting aid

1. The typical ripple (with loading or with 10k load across voltmeter) on these power supplies is less than 0.5 Vrms and is usually 0.1 to 0.2 Vrms.

# 4-12. Simplex Transformer

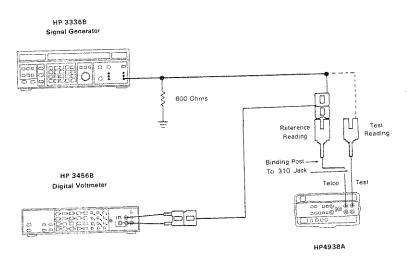


Figure 4-1. Simplex Transformer Test Setup

#### EQUIPMENT:

Signal Generator HP 3336B Digital Voltmeter HP 3456A 600-ohm termination

- 1. Connect equipment as shown in figure 4-1.
- 2. Set HP 4938A LINE power to ON.
- 3. On the Signal Generator set:

POWER	ON
FREQUENCY	1004 Hz
AMPLITUDE	0 dBm

4. On the Digital Voltmeter set:

POWER	ON
FUNCTION	AC volts
AUTOZERO	ON
RANGE	AUTO
TRIGGER	INTERNAL

5. Connect the digital voltmeter across the signal generator output. Press the STORE Y (8) pushbut-ton and the math (9) 20 LOG X/Y pushbutton.

#### 4-12. Simplex Transformer (cont'd)

Ĺ

2

- 6. Disconnect the digital voltmeter from the signal generator (at the HP 4938A connection) and reconnect to the HP 4938A TRMT tip and ring jack. The insertion loss at 1004 Hz should be less than 1.0 dB.
- 7. Sweep the signal generator from 200 Hz to 4000 Hz. The difference in level should be less than 0.5 dB.
- 8. Connect the digital voltmeter across the signal generator output. Press the STORE Y (8) pushbutton and the math (9) 20 LOG X/Y pushbutton.
- 9. Disconnect the digital voltmeter from the signal generator and reconnect to the HP 4938A TELCO RCV tip and ring jack. The insertion loss at 1004 Hz should be less than 1.0 dB.
- 10.Sweep the signal generator from 200 Hz to 4000 Hz. The difference in level should be less than 0.5 dB.

## 4-13. Continuous 20 Hz Ringing

#### EQUIPMENT:

Oscilloscope HP 1740A Digital Voltmeter HP 3456A Digital Multimeter HP 3478A

- 1. On the HP 4938A connect the TERMINATE CIRCUIT jack to the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT jack.
- 2. Connect the digital voltmeter to the VOLTS and COM binding posts on the HP 4838A.
- 3. Connect the oscilloscope to the HP 4938A TERMINATE CIRCUIT jack ring (tip is a reference).
- 4. Connect the digital multimeter across the HP 4938A TERMINATE CIRCUIT tip to ring.
- 5. On the Oscillocope set:

INPUT	10 TO 1 probe
VERTICAL	5 V/DIV
HORIZONTAL	10 ms/DIV

6. On the Digital Multimeter set:

POWER		ON
	.,,.,,.,.,.,.,	

7. On the Digital Voltmeter set:

FUNCTION	AC volts
AUTOZERO	ON
RANGE	AUTO
TRIGGER	INTERNAL

8. On the HP 4938A set:

Power	ON
VOLTAGE	RING
RING	20 Hz
CIRCUIT	NOR
RINGER LOAD	REN3

#### 4-13. Continuous 20 Hz Ringing (cont'd)

7

II.

0

1

- 9. Set the HP 4938A Ring jumper (JU1) into the continuous ring position (T).
- 10. The amplitude of the signal displayed on the digital voltmeter should be from 82.7 to 90.3 Vrms.
- 11. Change the mode on the digital voltmeter from AC volts to DC volts. The amplitude of the signal displayed on the digital voltmeter should be  $< 50 \, \text{mV}$ .
- 12. The amplitude of the signal as shown on the digital multimeter should be  $48.0 \pm 7 2.0 \text{ volts}$ .
- 13. The ON/OFF signal time as seen on the oscilloscope should be 25.0 + -2.5 ms.

#### 4-14. Continuous 30 Hz Ringing

#### EQUIPMENT:

Oscilloscope HP 1740A Digital Voltmeter HP 3456A Digital Multimeter HP 3478A

- 1. On the HP 4938A connect the TERMINATE CIRCUIT jack to the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT jack.
- 2. Connect the digital voltmeter to the VOLTS and COM binding posts on the HP 4838A.
- 3. Connect the oscilloscope to the HP 4938A TERMINATE CIRCUIT jack tip (ring is a reference).
- 4. Connect the digital multimeter across the HP 4938A TERMINATE CIRCUIT tip to ring.
- 5. On the Oscillocope set:

INPUT	10 TO 1 probe
VERTICAL	
HORIZONTAL	10 ms/DIV

6. On the Digital Multimeter set:

POWER	ON
FUNCTION	DC volts

7. On the Digital Voltmeter set:

FUNCTION	AC volts
AUTOZERO	ON
RANGE	AUT0
TRIGGER	INTERNAL

8. On the HP 4938A set:

Power								,	 		,	ON
VOLTAGE												
RING	٠.											30 Hz
CIRCUIT							,			 		NOR
RINGER	LC	AD				 				 	,	REN3

Ť

#### PERFORMANCE TESTS

## 4-14. Continuous 30 Hz Ringing Check (cont'd)

1

M

n

is at

i Dang

5 **1** 

...

21

2010

O.

1

归岭

- 9. Set the HP 4938A Ring jumper (JU1) into the continuous ring position (T).
- 10. The amplitude of the signal displayed on the digital voltmeter should be from 82.7 to 90.3 Vrms.
- 11. Change the mode on the digital voltmeter from AC volts to DC volts. The amplitude of the signal displayed on the digital voltmeter should be < 50 mV.
- 12. The amplitude of the signal as shown on the digital multimeter should be  $48.0 \pm 7 2.0 \text{ volts}$ .
- 13. The ON/OFF signal time as seen on the oscilloscope should be 16.7  $\pm$ /-1.0 ms.

#### 4-15. Trip Point Voltage

#### **EQUIPMENT:**

Power Supply HP 6200B 2.38k ohm Termination 2.756k ohm Termination

1. On the HP 4938A set:

Power	ON
SIMULATE	BATTERY
CIRCUIT	NORM
RINGER LOAD	REN3

- 2. On the HP 4938A connect the TERMINATE CIRCUIT jack to the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT jack.
- 3. Jumper JU1 should be in the normal position (N).
- 4. Connect the 2.756k ohm termination into the HP 4938A TERMINATE CIRCUIT. The TRIP indicator should not light.
- 5. Connect the 2.38k ohm termination into the HP 4938A TERMINATE CIRCUIT. The TRIP indicator should be lighted.
- 6. Diconnect all leads and press the SIMULATE RING pushbutton on the HP 4938A.
- 7. Connect the Power Supply from the TERMINATE CIRCUIT tip to the GND connection.
- 8. Increase the output voltage on the power supply until the FAULT indicator is lighted. The voltage indicated should be > 30 volts.

	-	

# SECTION V ADJUSTMENTS

### 5-1. INTRODUCTON

5-2. The HP 4938A is adjusted and calibrated at the factory. The instrument does not contain any operator adjustments.

## SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

### 6-1. INTRODUCTION

**\*** 

ji j

2

Ø

Ũ

1

Ä,

1

6-2. This section contains information for ordering parts. Table 6-1 lists the abbreviations used in table 6-3, table 6-2 is the Manufacturer's Code List, and table 6-3 lists the replaceable parts. Figures 6-1 is illustrated parts breakdown.

### 6-3. REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

6-4. Table 6-3 lists the replaceable parts in alphanumerical order. Included is the description, quantity (total number used in the instrument), the HP Part Number and the manufacturer's part number.

### 6-5. ORDERING INFORMATION

6-6. To order a part listed in the replaceable parts table, quote the Hewlett-Packard part number, indicate the quantity required, and address the order to the nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales Office.

Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations

	REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS									
A B BT C CR DL DS E F FL H	= assembly = fan; motor = battery = capacitor = diode; diode thyristor; varactor = delay line = annunciator; lamp; LED = misc electrical part = fuse = filter = hardware	J = electrical connector (stationary portion); jack L = coil; inductor MP = misc. mechanical part P = electrical connector (movable portion); plug Q = transistor; SCR; triode thyristor R = resistor RT = thermistor S = switch; jumper T = transformer	TB = terminal board TP = test point U = integrated circuit; microcircuit V = electron tube; glow lamp VR = voltage regulator; breakdown diode W = cable X = socket Y = crystal unit (piezo- electric or quartz)							
		ABBREVIATIONS								
A AC ADD ADJ AL AR ASM ASSY B	= amperes = alternating current = address = adjust, adjustment = aluminum = as required = algorithmic state machine = assembly = base	DIA = diameter DIP = dual in-line package DPDT = double-pole, double-throw DPST = double-pole, single-throw DR = drive DRVR = driver DSPL = display DTL = diode-transistor logic  E = emitter	K = kilo (103), kilohm  LED = light emitting diode  LFT = left  LG = long  LH = lefthand  LKWR = lockwasher  LP = low pass  LS = low power Schottky  LSB = least significant bit							
CKTS	<ul> <li>binary coded decimal</li> <li>beryllium copper</li> <li>binary</li> <li>black</li> <li>blue</li> <li>band pass</li> <li>brown</li> <li>brass</li> <li>British thermal unit</li> <li>collector</li> <li>cathode</li> <li>counterclockwise</li> <li>cadmium plate</li> <li>ceramic</li> <li>T = ceramic met flm</li> <li>circuits</li> </ul>	ECL = emitter-coupled logic  ELECT = electrolytic  ENCAP = encapsulated  EXT = external  EXTR = extractor  F = female, farads  FF = flip-flop  FLM = film  FRNT = front  FXD = fixed  G = giga (109)  GE = germanium  GL = glass  GND = ground(ed)  GP = General Purpose	M = milli (10-3), male, mega (106), megohm  MET FLM= metal film  MET OX. = metal oxide  MHZ = megahertz  MFR = manufacturer  MINTR = miniature  MISC = miscellaneous  MOM = momentary  MOS = metal oxide semiconductor  MSB = most significant bit  MTCHD = matched  MTG = mounting  MTLC = mano (10-9)  N C = normally closed, no							
C FLM CLK CLR CMOS COML COMP COMPL COND CONN CONT CPRSN CTL CW	= conductor = connector = contact	GRA = gray GRN = green  H = henries HDW = hardware HEX = hexagon, hexagonal, six HP = high pass HR = hour(s) HZ = Hertz  IC = integrated circuit ID = inside diameter IF = intermediate frequency IN. = inch, inches INCAND = incandescent INCL = include(s) INSUL = insulation, insulated INT = internal	N.C. = normally closed, no connection  NE = neon  NO. = number  N.O. = normally open  NP = No Polarity  NPN = negative-positive-negative  NPO = negative-positive zero (zero temperature coefficient)  NRFR = not recommended for field replacement  NS = normally shorting, nanosecond  NSR = not separately replaceable  NYL = nylon  OBD = order by description  OD = outside diameter  ORN = orange							

Ε

Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations (Continued)

1

IP.

7

1

I.

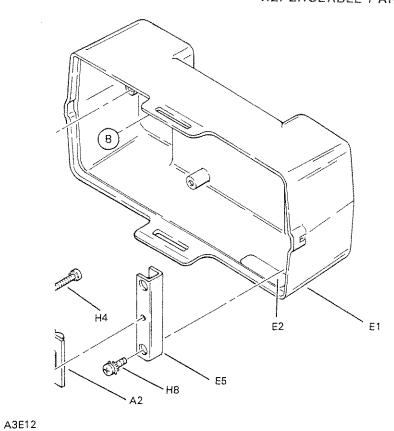
ABBREVIATIONS								
		pico (10-1 2)	RVT	=	rivet	TRN		turn
		printed circuit	RWV		reverse working voltage	TTL		transistor-transistor logic
C		printed-circuit assembly	1 1111		1010100 1101111119 1011119	TYP		typical
CA	=	picofarad	S	=	second			,,
F			SB	WL	slow blow	U (μ)	****	micro (10-6)
IV	==	Peak Inverse Voltage			silicon controlled rectifier	UF		microfarad
K		peak	SCR	<del></del>		us		
NL	=	panel	SE		selenium	03		meroscomas
NP	222	positive-negative-positive	SGL	ш	single			3+(=)
-P	===	peak-to-peak	SI	==	silicon	V		voit(s)
PM	****	parts per million	SHK	===	shank	VAR		variable
OLYC	=	polycarbonate	SIP	<b>777</b>	single in-line package	vco	===	voltage controlled
OLYE	=	polyethylene	SKT	m	socket			oscillator
OLYST	Y=	polystyrene	SLDR		solder	VDCW	=	direct current working volt
ORC	· =	porcelain	SPCG		spacing	VIO	=	violet
		•	SPDT		single-pole, double-throw	VNP	=	no polarity voltage
OSN	=	position(s)						
OZI	****	pozidrive	SPST		single-pole, single-throw	l w	-	watts
RV	****	peak reverse voltage	SST		stainless-steel	1		
WV	===	peak working voltage	STL	==	steel	WT		weight
/0	==	part of	SZ	===	size	WW		wirewound
						WHT		white
t	==	ring	T	=	tip	WIP	=	wiper
IAM		random access memory	TA		tantalum	WIV	===	working inverse voltage
		read only memory	TEL	=		WSHR	===	washer
OM		,	T.C.		Temp. Compensated,			
RECT		rectifier	1,0,	_	•	X		times, multiple
₹F	=	radio frequency			temp. coefficient	^		times, manapic
≀H	200	right hand	THKNS		thickness			41 .
MS	==	root-mean-square	TI	=	titanium	YEL	=	yellow
IND	-	round	TGL		toggle			
₹T	-	right hand	THD	1125	thread	ZNR	===	zener
tTL	_		THK	=	thick			
RTNT		retainer	TOL		tolerance	φ	-	phi, phase
RTRY			TRMR		trimmer	7		•
1   1   1		rotary						
						and the second s		
			- Andrew Commission			STREET, STREET		
						Attaches		
			***********			de de viver de l'annual de		
			\$ .					
						***************************************		

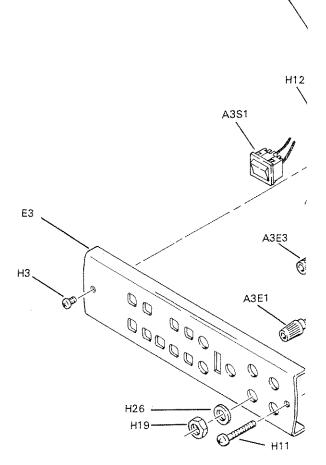
### MODEL 4938A REPLACEABLE PARTS

Table 6-2. Manufacturer Code List

MFR NO.	MANUFACTURER NAME	ADDRESS	ZIP CODE
C0633	RIFA	BROMA	
00000	ANY SATISFACTORY SUPPLIER		
01121	ALLEN-BRADLEY CO	MILWAUKEE WI	53204
01295	TEXAS INSTR INC SEMICOND CMPNT DIV	DALLAS TX	75222
04713	MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS	PHOENIX AZ	85008
07263	FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR DIV	MOUNTAIN VIEW CA	95042 .
19701	MEPCO/ELECTRA CORP	MINERAL WELLS TX	76067
24546	CORNING GLASS WORKS (BRADFORD)	BRADFORD PA	16701
27014	NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP	SANTA CLARA CA	95051
28480	HEWLETT-PACKARD CORP HQ	PALO ALTO CA	94304
56289	SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO	NORTH ADAMS MA	01247
82389	SWITCHERAFT INC	CHICAGO IL	60630

E .





\*

đ

7

1

.

3

1

1

1

1

G

Figure 6-1. Illustrated Parts Breakdown 6-5/(6-6 blank)

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	C D	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
				,		
	84938-60001	4	2	MAIN PC BD ASSY	28480	04938-60001
IC1 .C2 IC3 IC4	0160~0576 0160~0576 0160~0576 0160~0576	សស្សស្ស	18 2	CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0140-0574 0140-0576 0140-3878 0140-0574 0140-0576
105 106 107 108 109	0160-0576 0160-0197 0160-0576 0160-0576 0160-6141 0180-2815	- ស្មាធា	3	CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10X 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .45UF 10X 200V CAPACITOR-FXD 108UF+-20% 10VDC TA	54289 28480 28480 28480 28480	150D225X9020A2 0160-0576 0160-0576 0160-6141 0180-2815
1010 (011 (012 (013 (014 (015	0160-4663 0160-3879 0160-4663 0160-0576 0160-0576	97955	2 7	CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD ,01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-4663 0168-3879 0160-4663 0160-0576 0160-0576
1016 1017	0160-0576 0160-0576 0180-0374	553	i <b>ļ</b>	CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA	28480 28480 56289	0160-0576 0160-0576 150D106X9628B2
1C18 1CR1	1901-0050	3	5	DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35	28480	1901-0050
1DS201	1990-0485	5	1 1	LED-LAMP LUM-INT=800UCD IF=30MA-MAX LED-LAMP LUM-INT=1MCD IF=20MA-MAX BVR=5V	28489 28480	5092-4994 5092-4694
11J1 11J1 11J205 11J208 11J209	1990-0486 1251-7895 1251-3677 1251-5790 1251-3677 1251-3677	9	1 6	CONN-POST TYPE .108-PIN-SPCG 40-CONT CONNECTOR-TEL JACK 2-CKT .25-SHK-DIA CONNECTOR-TEL JACK 2-CKT CONNECTOR-TEL JACK 2-CKT .25-SHK-DIA CONNECTOR-TEL JACK 2-CKT .25-SHK-DIA	28480 28480 82389 28480 28480	1251-7895 1251-3697 M-114B 1251-3697 1251-3697
41 J21 0 41 J305 41 J309 A1 J310	1251-3677 1251-3677 1251-3677		7 7 7	CONNECTOR-TEL JACK 2-CKT .25-8HK-DIA CONNECTOR-TEL JACK 2-CKT .25-8HK-DIA CONNECTOR-TEL JACK 2-CKT .25-8HK-DIA	28480 28480 28480	1251-3677 1251-3677 1251-3677
41R1 41R2 41R3 41R4	0698-3155 0698-3155 0757-0442 0757-0442 0757-0442		1 6 1 9 9 4	RESISTOR 4.64K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4.64K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-180 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/9-T0-4641-F C4-1/8-T0-4641-F C4-1/8-T0-1002-F C4-1/8-T0-1002-F C4-1/8-T0-1002-F
A1RS A1R6 A1R7 A1RB A1R9	0757-0465 0698-3447 0911-3688 0698-3441 0698-8331		6 1 7 1 8 1	RESISTOR 422 1% ,125W F 10=0+-100 RESISTOR 550 OHMS 5W RESISTOR 215 1% ,125W F 10=0+-100	24546 24546 28486 24546 19781	C4-1/8-T0-1003-F C4-1/8-T0-422R-F 0811-3688 C4-1/8-T0-215R-F MF52C1/4-T2-2331-D
A1R10 A1R11	0811-2151 0811-3687		7 1 6 1	RESISTOR 430 1% SW PW TC=0+-20	28480 28480	0811-2151 0811-3687
A1R12 A1S200 A1S201 A1S203 A1S204	3101-2124 3101-2124 3101-2124 3101-2124		2222	SWITCH-PB DPDT ALTNG .25A 115VAC SWITCH-PR DPDT ALTNG .25A 115VAC SWITCH-PB DPDT ALTNG .25A 115VAC SWITCH-PB DPDT ALTNG .25A 115VAC	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	3101-2124 3101-2124 3101-2124 3101-2124 3101-2124 3101-2767
A15207	3101-2767		8 1	m	28480	3191-2766
A15300 A17110	9100-4403		8 2		28480 28480	9100-4403 9100-4403
A1U100 A1U102 A1U103 A1U105	9100-4402 1820-3081 1820-2923 1820-3981 1820-3183	2	4 3	IC FF CHOS/74HC D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG IC GATE CHOS/74HC NAND QUAD 2-INP IC FF CHOS/74HC D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG IC GATE CHOS/74HC D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG IC GATE CHOS/74HC AND TRI 2-INP IC SCHMITT-TRIG CHOS/74HC INV HEX	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1820-2922 1820-3981 1820-3184 1820-3185
A1U108 A1U108 A1U405 A1U406 A1U407 A1U408	1820-318 1820-319 1820-348 1820-319 1820-272	1 7 3	4 52 5	IC FF CMOS/74HC D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG IC CNTR CMOS/74HC BIN ASYNCHRO IC CNTR CMOS/74HC BECD SYNCHRO IC CNTR CMOS/74HC BIN ASYNCHRO IC-MC74HC82N	29480 29480 29480 29480 29480	1820-3199 1820-3683 1820-3199 1820-2924
	0380-125 0380-126 0380-132 1251-543 1258-014	4 6 9	1 3	5 SPACER-PRESS-IN 0.250 IN LG; 0.143 IN 4 STANDOFF-PRESS-IN .250 IN LG; 4-40 THD 2 BTANDOFF-PRESS-IN .510 IN LONG; 4-40 CONNECTOR 12-PIN M POST TYPE 1 JUMPER-REM	29480 00000 00000 29480 28480	GRDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 1251-5439 1258-0141
	5041~030 04938-20	0	66	9 PUSH BUTTON KNOD 1 PC BOARD MAIN	20486	. 1
	****		A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		***************************************	

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts (Continued)

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	C D	Qty		Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
2	04938-60002	5	2	PS PC BOARD ASSY	28480	04938-60002
201 ,202 ,203 ,204	6160-0161 0160-0161 0180-3208 0160-3508 0160-0576	4 4 8 5	2 1.2	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 1000UF +50-10% 16VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +80-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-0161 0160-0161 0180-3200 0160-3508 0160-3576
A2C5 A2C6 A2C7 A2C8 A2C9	0180-0197 0160-0576 0180-0197 0160-0576 0160-3508	90000		CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +80-20% 50VDC CER	56287 28480 56287 28480 28460	150D225X9620A2 0160-0576 150D25X9020A2 0160-0576 0160-3508
A2018 A2011 A2012 A2013 A2014	0160-0576 0160-0576 0160-0576 0160-0576 0160-0576 0180-3508	9555	3	CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-28% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF 100V	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-0576 0160-0576 0160-0576 0160-0576 0180-3508
A2C15 A2C16 A2C17 A2C18 A2C19	0188-2207 0180-2207 0180-2207 0180-3508 0180-3561 0180-3561	55146	3	CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+-10% 10VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+-10% 10VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF 100V CAP FXD ELCTLT CAP FXD ELCTLT	56289 56289 28480 28480 28480	150D107X9010R2 150D107X9010R2 0180-350B 0180-3561 0180-3561
A2C21 A2C21 A2C22 A2C23 A2C24 A2C25	0180-3561 0180-3043 0168-3879 0160-3879	69777		CAP FXD ELCTLT  CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+50-10% 25VDC AL  CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER  CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER  CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0180-3561 0180-3043 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879
A2C26 A2C27 A2C28 A2C29 A2C30	0160-0576 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3878	57 57 5		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .000FF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0146-0576 0140-3879 0140-3879 0140-3879 0160-3878
A2031	0180-3508	1		CAPACITOR-FXD 180UF 100V	28480	0180-3508
A2CR1 A2CR2 A2CR3 A2CR3 A2CR4 A2CR5	1901-0704 1901-0704 1901-0704 1901-0704 1901-0050			DIODE-PWR RECT 1N4002 100V 1A DO-41 DIODE-PWR RECT 1N4002 100V 1A DO-41 DIODE-PWR RECT 1N4002 100V 1A DO-41 DIODE-PWR RECT 1N4002 100V 1A DO-41 DIODE-SWITCHING 88V 200MA 2NS DO-35	01275 01275 01275 01275 01275 28480	1N4002 1N4002 1N4002 1N4002 1701-0058
A2CR6 A2CR7 A2CR8 A2CR9 A2CR10	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1902-0579 1901-0704		3 3 3 1	DIODE-PWR RECT 1N4002 1000 TA DU-41	28480 28480 28480 28480 01295	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1902-0579 1902-0579
A2CR11 A2CR12 A2CR13 A2CR14 A2CR15	1901-0704 1901-0704 1901-0731 1901-0731 1901-0731		4 4 7 7 3 7	DIODE-PWR RECT :N4002 100V 1A D0-41 DIODE-PWR RECT :N4002 100V 1A D0-41 DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A	01295 01295 28480 28480 28480	1N4002 1N4002 1901-0731 1901-0731 1901-0731
A2CR16 A2CR17 A2CR18	1901-0704 1901-0704 1901-0535		4 4 9 1	DIODE-PWR RECT 1N4002 100V 1A DO-41 DIODE-PWR RECT 1N4002 180V 1A DO-41 DIODE-SM SIG SCHOTTKY	01295 01295 28480	1N4002 1N4002 1961-0535
A2DB1 A2DB2 A2DB3	1901-0363 1901-0363 1901-0363 1901-0363		1 4	DIODE-FW BRDG 188V 1A DIODE-FW BRDG 188V 1A DIODE-FW BRDG 188V 1A DIODE-FW BRDG 188V 1A	28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0363 1901-0363 1901-0363 1901-0363
A2DB4 A2J1 A2J2 A2J3	1252-0222 1251-9757 1252-0221	200	4 1 1 3	CONN MALE 9 PIN CONN-POST TYPE 2.5-PIN-SPCG 18-CONT	28480 28480 28480	1251-8757 1252-0221
A2K101 A2K103 A2K200	0490-1409 0490-1354 0490-1841		4 1	RELAY 20 5000-CBIL 2A 2500AC RELAY	28480 28480 28480	0496-1354 0490-T84193
A2L1	9140-0210 9140-0210	,	1 1	INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 100UH 5% .166DX.385LG INDUCTOR RF-CH-MLD 100UH 5% .166DX.385LG	28480 28490	
AZLZ AZMOV1	0837-0116 0837-0116			VARISTOR VIN=250FAC ENERGY=20JOULES VARISTOR VIN=250FAC ENERGY=20JOULES	28490 28490	0837-0116
A2MOV2 A2P1	1252-022			1 CONN-FEMALE 40 PIN	28480	
A2R1 A2R2 A2R3 A2R4 A2R5	0 698-882 0 698-882 0 757-0 41 0 757-0 41 0 757-1 0 9	6	777	RESISTOR 4.64 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4.64 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 511 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 511 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.47K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	28480 28480 24546 24546 24546	0698-8020 6 C4-1/8-T0-511R-F 6 C4-1/8-T0-511R-F

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts (Continued)

7

1

1

5

A THE

Reference Designation		C D	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
286 287 288 289 2810	6757-0459 6757-0279 0698-3155 6698-3155 6698-3155	B 0 1 1	ĭ	RESISTOR 56.2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4.64K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4.64K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4.64K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-5622-F C4-1/8-T0-3161-F C4-1/8-T0-4641-F C4-1/8-T0-4641-F C4-1/8-T0-4641-F
2811 2812 2813 2814 2815	0698-3132 0698-3132 0698-3444 0757-0442 0757-0440	A 4 1 9 7	2	RESISTOR 261 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 261 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 316 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 7.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-2610-F C4-1/8-T0-2610-F C4-1/8-T0-316R-F C4-1/8-T0-1802-F C4-1/8-T0-7501-F
2R16 :2R17 2R18 :2R19 :2R20	0757-0424 0757-0440 0757-0424 0757-0424 0698-8776	7 7 7 7 7	3	RESISTOR 1.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 7.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 105% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 105% .25W FC TC=-400/+500	24546 24546 24546 28480 28480	C4-1/8-T0-1101-F C4-1/8-T0-7501-F C4-1/8-T0-1101-F 0698-8776 0698-8776
12R21 12R22 12R23 12R24 12R25	0698-8776 0764-0005 0764-0005 0764-0005 0757-0280	7 5 5 5 3	3	RESISTOR 10.5% .25W FC TC=-400/+500 RESISTOR 10K 5% 2W MO TC=0+-200 RESISTOR 10K 5% 2W MO TC=0+-200 RESISTOR 10K 5% 2W MO TC=0+-200 RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-106	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 24546	068-8776 0764-0005 0764-0005 0764-8005 C4-1/8-T0-1001-F
12R26	0757-0283 0698-3155	6	i	RESISTOR 2K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 4.64K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-2001-F C4-1/8-T0-4641-F
A2U283 A2U382 A2U382 A2U384 A2U484 A2U484	1820-3287 1826-0785 1826-0412 1826-0285 1826-0276	41165	1 1	IC-DRVR CMOS PRPHL GP LATCH INPUT QUAD IC OP AMP LOW-BIAS-H-IMPD DUAL 8-DIP-C IC COMPARATOR PREN DUAL 8-DIP-P PKG IC V RGLTR TO-92 IC 78L05A V RGLTR TO-92	28480 01295 27014 04713 04713	1820-3289 TLO72AC7G LM393N HC79L05C MC7BL05ACP
ME-000 T	0380-1716 04938-20002	3	4	SPACER-PRESS-IN 0.500 IN LG; 0.116 IN ID PS PC BOARD	28480 28480	0380-1714 04938-20002
	04938-62601		2	SUBPANEL ASSY	28480	04938-62601
A3C1	0160-4048 0160-4048	4 4		CAPACITOR-FXD .022UF +-20% 250VAC(RMS) CAPACITOR-FXD .022UF +-20% 250VAC(RMS)	C0633	PME 271 M 522 PME 271 M 522
A3C2 A3E1 A3E2 A3E3 A3E4 A3E5	1510-0076 1510-0076 1510-0038 1510-0087 0340-0719	44870	1 1	BINDING POST SGL SGL-TUR JGK BINDING POST SGL SGL-TUR JGK BINDING POST ASSY SGL THD-GTUD BINDING POST SGL THD-STUD JGK BLK INSULATOR-BDG POST ABS JADE-GRA	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1510-0076 1510-0076 1510-0038 1510-0039 0340-0719
A3E6 A3E7 A3E8 A3E9 A3E10	0340-0719 0340-0719 0340-0732 0340-0732 0340-0732	0 2 7 7	3	INSULATOR-RDG POST ABS JADE-GRA INSULATOR-BDG POST ABS JADE-GRA INSULATOR-BDG POST POLYC INSULATOR-BDG POST POLYC INSULATOR-BDG POST POLYC	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0348-0719 0348-0719 0340-0732 0340-0732 0340-0732
A3E.11 A3E.12 A3E.13 A3E.14 A3E.15	0360-0016 04938-0000 04938-0000 04938-0000 0400-0009 0890-0304	5 2	1	TERMINAL-SLDR LUC LK-MTG FOR-#4-SCR FT PNL LOWER BRKT XFMW GROMMET-RND .125-IN-ID .25-IN-GRV-OD TUBING-MS .125-D/.062-RCVD .02-WALL PVC	28480 28480 28480 28480 29480	0346-0016 04738-00002 04738-00005 0400-0007 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
A3H1 A3H2 A3H3 A3H4 A3H5	2190-0027 2200-0103 2200-0103 2200-0103 2200-0103		7 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	WASHER-LK INTL T 1/4 IN .256-IN-ID SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 4-40 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2190-0027 2200-0103 2200-0103 2200-0103 2200-0103
A3H6 A3H7 A3H8 A3H9 A3H10	2200-0107 2200-0107 2260-0009 2260-0009 2420-0003		6 2 6 3 2 3 7 6	SCREW-MACH 4-40 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-PUZI NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 4-40-THD .694-IN-THK NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 4-40-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 6-32-THD .094-IN-THK	00000 00000 00000 00000 29480	GRDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 2420-0003
A3H11 A3H12 A3H13 A3H14 A3H15	2420-0003 2420-0003 2420-0003 2420-0003 2420-0003		7 7 7 7 7	NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 6-32-THD .094-IN-THK	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2420-0003 2420-0003 2420-0003
A3H16 A3H17 A3H18 A3H19	2950-0006 3050-0227 3050-0227 3050-0227		3 1 2 3 3 3 3	WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .149-IN-ID WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .149-IN-ID WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .149-IN-ID	00000 28480 28480 26480	3050-0227 3050-0227 3050-0227
A3J1	1251-2357		В 1	74 PTO PORT 40 086C1 NO-111C	28480	
A351 A371	3101-0428 9188-4395			SWITCH-RKK RASIC DPDT BH 2503CDN COS	28480	9100-4395

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts (Continued)

teference Designation		C D	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
พา เพร	8150-2640 8150-2641 8150-3284	53 6 55	1 1 1	WIRE 22AWG W/GY 608V PVC 7X30 105C WIRE 22AWG W/BR/GY 600V PVC 7X30 105C WIRE 18AWG G/Y 600V PVC 19X30 105C	28480 28480 28480	8150-2640 8150-2641 8150-3284
	04939-62602	5	2	HT SPREADER ASSY	28480	94938-62602
9E1 9E2 9E3 9E4	0340-0949 0346-0949 0346-0949 0346-0949 04938-00006	88883	4	INSULATOR-XSTR THRM-CNDCT INSULATOR-XSTR THRM-CNDCT INSULATOR-XSTR THRM-CNDCT INSULATOR-XSTR THRM-CNDCT HT SPREADER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0340-0949 0348-0949 0340-0949 0340-0949 04938-00006
4E5 4H2 4H3 4H4 4H4 4H4	0520-0126 0520-0128 0520-0128 0520-0128 0520-0128	7777	4	SCREW-MACH 2-56 .25-IN-LG PAN-MD-POZI SCREW-MACH 2-56 .25-IN-LG PAN-MD-POZI SCREW-MACH 2-56 .25-IN-LG PAN-MD-POZI SCREW-MACH 2-56 .25-IN-LG PAN-MD-POZI NUT-MEX-DBL-CHAM 4-40-THD .124-IN-THK	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
4H6 4H7 4H명 4H9 4H1 8	0590-0910 0590-0910 0590-0810 0610-0891 0610-0881	1 1 1 6	4	NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 4-40-THD .124-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 4-40-THD .124-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 4-40-THD .124-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 4-56-THD .062-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 2-56-THD .062-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 2-56-THD .062-IN-THK	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
4H11 4H12 4H13 4H14 4H15	0610-0001 0610-0001 2190-0014 2198-0014 2198-0014	6 1 1	4	NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 2-56-THD .062-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 2-56-THD .062-IN-THK WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 2 .089-IN-ID WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 2 .089-IN-ID WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 2 .089-IN-ID	00000 00000 28480 28480 28480	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 2190-0014 2190-0014
4H16 4H17 4H118 4H119 4H120	2198-0014 2208-0728 2208-0728 2208-0728 2208-0728	1 7 7 7 7	4	WASHER-LK INTL T NO. 2 .889-IN-ID SCREW-MACH 4-40 .312-IN-LC PAN-HD-SLT SCREW-MACH 4-40 .312-IN-LC PAN-HD-SLT SCREW-MACH 4-40 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-SLT SCREW-MACH 4-40 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-SLT	20490 00000 00000 00000 00000	2170-0014 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
14H21 14H22	2420-0023 3103-0015	1 0		NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK SWITCH-THRM FXD +75C 6A OPN-ON-RISE	28480 28480	2420-0023 3103-0015
4R1	0811-3689 0811-3689	8		RESISTOR 210 OHMS 5W RESISTOR 210 OHMS 5W	28480 28480	0011-3689 6811-3689
44U1 44U2 44U3 44U4	1826-0527 1826-0527 1826-0527 1826-8122	9 9 6		IC 337 V RGLTR TO-220 IC 337 V RGLTR TO-220 IC 337 V RGLTR TO-220 IC 7605 V RGLTR TO-220	27014 27014 27014 27014 07263	LM337T LM337T LM337T 7805UC
14W1	04938-61601	2	1	CABLE ASSY	28480	04939-61601
41 A2 A3 A4	0.4938-60001 0.4938-60002 0.4938-62601 0.4938-62602	4		CHASSIS PARTS MAIN PC BD ASSY PS PC BOARD ASSY SUBPANEL ASSY HT SPREADER ASSY	28480 28486 28480 28480 28480	04938-60601 04938-60002 04938-62601 04938-62602
E1 E2 E3 E4 E5	4040-2171 7120-4184 04738-8600 04738-8000 04738-8000	3 (	1	FT PNL UPPER LEFT DRKT RIGHT BRKT	28486 28480 28480 28486 28480	4040-2171 7120-4184 04938-06001 04938-06003 04938-06004
H1 H2 H3 H4 H5	2200-0103 2200-0103 2200-0103 2200-0117 2200-0117	;	2 2 2 3 4	SCREW-MACH 4-40 .875-IN-LS PAR-HD-FOLI	28480 28480 28480 00000 00000	2200-0103 2200-0103 2200-0103 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
H6 H7 H8 H9 H1 0	2200-0117 2200-0117 2360-0115 2360-0115 2360-0115		3 4 4 4	SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
H11 H12 H13 H14 H15	2360-0131 2360-0195 2360-0195 2360-0203 2360-0203		4 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		06000 26490 26480 00000	2360-0195 2360-0195 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
H16 H17 H18 H19 H20	2420-0023 2420-0023 2420-0023 2750-0001 2750-0001	Ì	1 1 1 8	NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAH 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAH 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK	26460 26460 26460 60000 00000	2420-0023 2420-0023 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
H21 H22 H23 H24 H25	2950-0001 2956-0001 2950-0001 2950-0001 2950-0001	**************************************	8 8 8 8	NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK	0000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION

TRAIL CO

E.C.

**建** 

. S.

est.

1 ST 10

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts (Continued)

Reference	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
Designation  26 27 28 29	3050-0067 3050-0067 3050-0067 3050-0067	9 9 9 9	7	WASHER-FL NTLC 5/16 IN .375-IN-ID	26480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	3050-0067 3050-0067 3050-0067 3050-0067 3850-0067
130 131 132	3050-0067 3050-0067 3050-0067	9 9 3		WASHER-FL MILC 5/16 IN .375-IN-ID WASHER-FL MILC 5/16 IN .375-IN-ID WASHER-FL MILC NG, 6 .149-IN-ID	28480 28480 28480	3050-0067 3050-0067 3050-0227
133	3050-0227 8120-1378	1	1	CABLE ASSY 18AWG 3-CNDCT JGK-JKT	28480	8120-1378
d1	9211-4500 9211-4501 9220-4120 9222-0667	1 2 0 6	1 2 1 1 2	CARTON-CORR RSC 12-IN-LG 12-IN-WD CARTON-CORR RSC 290-MM-LG 144-MM-WD PAD-CORR DCT 390MM-LG 285MM-WD BAG-ASTAT POLYETH FLM ENV 13.5X0-IN-OPNG CUSHION-END CAP	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	9211-4500 9211-4501 9220-4120 9222-0667 04925-29001
	64925-29001 04938-80001 04938-90003 64938-90004	6 9	1 1	SERIAL TAG OP & SERVICE MAN QUICK REF GUIDE	28480 28480 28480	04938-80801 84938-90803 84938-90806
e e						
	, and the second					
			A STANLAND OF THE STANLAND OF			
			elecchitch and the control of the co			
					Annual Valence of the Control of the	

# SECTION VII MANUAL CHANGES

### 7-1. INTRODUCTION

7-2. This section normally contains information for adapting this manual to instruments for which the content does not apply directly. Because this manual does apply directly to instruments having serial numbers listed on the title page, no change information is given here. Refer to INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY THIS MANUAL in Section I for additional important information about this serial number coverage.

# SECTION VIII SERVICE

#### 8-1. INTRODUCTION

1

8-2. This section contains service information for the HP 4938A NCATS. Included are the circuit descriptions, component locators, and schematics.

### 8-3. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

- 8-4. This section contains warnings and cautions that must be followed for your protection and to avoid damage to the equipment.
- 8-5. Before any repair is completed, ensure that all safety features are intact and functioning, and that all necessary parts are connected to their protective grounding means. Safety markings displayed inside the instrument must be adhered to.

### 8-6. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

8-7. The HP 4938A contains four main sections. They are the mechanical, simplex transformers, originate circuitry, and the terminate circuitry. See figures 6-1, 8-2, and 8-4.

#### 8-8. Mechanical

8-9. Most of the originate circuitry, terminate circuitry, and the simplex transformer circuitry is located on the upper circuit board (A1). The power supply and relays are located on the lower circuit board (A2). The series regulators in the power supply and the 5-watt load resistors are located on a heat spreader (A4). The thermal rise of the heat spreader bracket is controlled by a thermal cutout switch, A4TS1. The switch is activated at 55 degrees C surface temperature. When the thermal cutout switch is activated the CIRCUIT FAULT indicator will light.

### 8-10. Simplex Transformers

- 8-11. There are two simplex transformers (A1T110 and A1T410) in the instrument. The transformers allow the conversion between 2-wire and 4-wire circuits. The transformers have a one to one turns ratio with the secondary center tapped. The center tap allows for a dc signal to be applied to the circuit without imbalancing the line. The loop dc resistance is also reduced to half because the tip and ring are, in effect, in parallel.
- 8-12. The transformers can be connected to the terminate circuitry or the originate circuitry, or they can be disconnected from both, through switch A1S207. Also, the transformers are automatically disconnected from the terminate and originate circuitry when a 310 jack is inserted into the SX/SX1 jack, A1J208.

#### Note

By convention, the transmit side of a 4-wire termination set is carried on T and R leads. The receive direction is carried on T1 and R1 leads.

8-13. Two wires of a 4-wire input circuit are connected to jack A1J309, T1 and R1. The other two wires are connected to jack A1J209, T and R. The center tap of each transformer becomes one conductor of the internal two-wire bidirectional circuit. This circuit becomes the conducting path for loop closure, ring trip closure, loop current measurement, and the 3-ringer load.

## 8-14. Originate Circuitry

- 8-15. The originate circuitry allows margin testing to be performed on the line from the originate end. The circuitry is wired to function as either a ringer load or as a loop closure for the circuit under test.
- 8-16. When the originate circuit is to function as a ringer load, the input must be connected to the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT jack, A1J305. There are two ringer loads available; A1R10, 2330 ohms (REN3) or A1R12, 330 ohms (TRIP). The signal flows from A1J305 to the LOOP I, A1S300 switch. The LOOP I switch, when in the normal position (out), is wired through to REN 3, A1S300 switch. When LOOP I switch is pressed in, the signal flows to the front panel COM when LOOP I switch is pressed in, the signal flows to the front panel COM and AMP MONITOR binding posts. The monitor binding posts are ac coupled to the line by two 2.2 uF capacitors, A1C11 and A1C13.
- 8-17. When REN 3 switch is closed A1R10, 2330 ohms ringing load, is connected into the signal flow circuit. This load is the equivalent to three ringers. The ringing voltage (>55 Vrms) can be measured by connecting a voltmeter across the VOLTS and COM MONITOR binding post.
- 8-18. When initiating a loop start the input must be connected to the ORIGINATE CIRCUIT jack, A1J305. The signal flows through the LOOP I switch to the LOOP, A1S300 switch. Closing the LOOP switch inserts a 430-ohm load into the circuit. This provides a dc current path (about 20 mA) for the loop closure.
- 8-19. When in the loop start signaling mode a ground start can be simulated by pressing the GND START pushbutton. This places an additional 550 ohms, A1R8 into the circuit.
- 8-20. The loop current can also be measured by connecting a current meter to the AMPS and COM MONITOR binding posts and pressing the LOOP I pushbutton.

## 8-21. Terminate Circuitry

8-22. The terminate circuitry consists of the power supply, digital control logic, and the analog sensing circuitry. The terminate circuitry provides a ringing voltage at either 20 Hz or 30 Hz, at -48 Vdc battery. The ringing voltage can be applied to the SX/SX1 jack by setting the front panel switch to the up position.

8-23. The power supply consists of five different voltage supplies. There are two supplies rated at -48 volts, one at -38 volts, one at +5 volts, and one at -5 volts.

đ

í

1

1

C

8-24. The  $\pm$ /- 5 volt supplies are used to power the digital logic, operating amplifiers, and relays. These supplies are standard full-wave rectifiers with three terminal regulators. The  $\pm$ 5 volt supply uses two of the regulators to keep relay noise from interfering with the digital logic.

8-25. One of the -48 volt supplies is used as the battery simulator. The other -48 volt supply is added to the -38 volt supply to provide 86 V rms. Relay A2K 101 is used to select either the -48 volts for battery simulation or the output of relay A2K 103, which is the ringing voltage. The ringing voltage is generated by switching A2K 103 between +48 volts and -134 volts. Relay driver A2U 2O3 toggles relay A2K 1O3 at a rate of either 2O Hz or 3O Hz depending on the selected ringing frequency.

8-26. The digital logic controls the operation of the ringer. The clock is taken from the power line by full wave rectifying it. This voltage is then sent to the Schmitt trigger A1U105 where it is shaped into a square wave. The output frequency from A2U105 is 120 Hz. The clock signal is then sent to A1U100 and A1U108 where the frequency (120 Hz) is divided by 6 or 4 respectively. This gives the 20 Hz or 30 Hz ringing frequency. The output of the dividers is then used to drive A1U203 and A1U408, which toggles relay A2K103 at the correct rate.

8-27. A 1U 405 and A 1U 406 are used to generate the two second on and four second off ringing time. The clock turns the frequency generator on for 2 seconds and off 4 seconds. Placing jumper JU1 in the T position the ring generator will run continuously.

8-28. The analog sensing circuit consists of A2U302, A2U304 and a thermal switch A4TS1. If the temperature in the instrument exceeds 55 degrees C the switch will open and disconnect the ringer.

8-29. A 1U302 is used to determine if dc current is flowing in the loop. The average voltage is sensed across A2R2. If the average voltage is above 74 mV (about 16 mA) A 1U107 will trip and stop the ringing generator and the OFF HOOK LED will light. A 2U304 is an overvoltage/current detector. When the current flow in the ring exceeds 138 mA, A 2U304 will open relay A 2K 200.