# HP 70311A and HP 70312A Clock Sources Operating and Calibration Manual

#### SERIAL NUMBERS

This manual applies directly to:

HP 70311A Clock Source with serial number(s) prefixed 3120U.

HP 70312A Clock Source with serial number(s) prefixed 3143U.

For additional important information about serial numbers, refer to SERIAL NUMBER INFORMATION in Chapter 1.

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## WARNING

READ THE FOLLOWING NOTES BEFORE INSTALLING OR SERVICING ANY INSTRUMENT.

- 1. IF THIS INSTRUMENT IS TO BE ENERGISED VIA AN AUTO-TRANSFORMER MAKE SURE THAT THE COMMON TERMINAL OF THE AUTO-TRANSFORMER IS CONNECTED TO THE NEUTRAL POLE OF THE POWER SOURCE.
- 2. THE INSTRUMENT MUST ONLY BE USED WITH THE MAINS CABLE PROVIDED. IF THIS IS NOT SUITABLE, CONTACT YOUR NEAREST HP SERVICE OFFICE. THE MAINS PLUG SHALL ONLY BE INSERTED IN A SOCKET OUTLET PROVIDED WITH A PROTECTIVE EARTH CONTACT. THE PROTECTIVE ACTION MUST NOT BE NEGATED BY THE USE OF AN EXTENSION CORD (POWER CABLE) WITHOUT A PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR (GROUNDING).
- 3. BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT:
  - a. Make sure the instrument input voltage selector is set to the voltage of the power source.
  - b. Ensure that all devices connected to this instrument are connected to the protective (earth) ground.
  - c. Ensure that the line power (mains) plug is connected to a three-conductor line power outlet that has a protective (earth) ground. (Grounding one conductor of a two-conductor outlet is not sufficient).
  - d. Check correct type and rating of the instrument fuse(s).

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## **Documentation Description**

## Introduction

This manual provides information on how to install and operate the HP 70311A/HP 70312A clock source. Topics covered by this manual include specifications, installation, operation, performance tests, and programming information to enable the clock source to be operated remotely.

#### **Reference Documentation**

The following manuals are not provided with the HP 70311A/HP 70312A clock source, but provide useful reference material when installing a clock source in an HP 71600 Series Modular Measurement System.

#### HP 70004A Graphics Display

Operating Manual (Part Number 70004-90031) Installation and Verification Manual (Part Number 70004-90005)

#### HP 70001 Mainframe

Installation and Verification Manual (Part Number 70001-90021)

#### HP 71600 Series of Gbit/s Testers

Installation and Verification Manual (Part Number 71600-90005) Operating and Programming Manual (Part Number 71600-90004)

## **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

Manufacturer's Name:

Hewlett-Packard Limited

Queensferry Telecommunications Division

Manufacturer's Address:

South Queensferry

West Lothian

Scotland EH30 9TG

declares, that the product

Product Name:

Clock Source

Model Number(s):

HP 70311A

**Product Options:** 

This declaration covers all options of the

above product.

conforms to the following Product Specifications:

Safety:

IEC 348 (1978)

CSA Bulletin 556B (1973)

EMC:

EN 55011 (1991) Group 1, Class A

EN 50082-1 (1991)

South Queensferry, Scotland

05 March 1992

Location

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# **General Information**

## **General Information**

## Introduction

This chapter provides the following information on the HP 70311A and HP 70312A clock source modules:

- A general description of clock source features.
- Serial number information
- Returning modules for service.
- ESD precautions
- Specifications

## HP 70311A/HP 70312A Clock Source

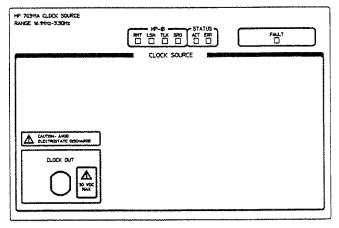


Figure 1-1. Clock Source

## **Description**

The HP 70311A and HP 70312A modules are synthesized clock sources designed to operate from 16 to 3300 MHz and 16 to 1500 MHz respectively. Both modules are part of the Hewlett-Packard Modular Measurement System (MMS) and may be used as a clock source for the HP 71600 Series of error performance analyzers and pattern generators, or any other MMS system with a suitable display (for example HP 70004A).

The clock source contains a non-volatile memory store which can be used to store and recall 10 user-definable instrument setups.

## HP 70311A Clock Source (16 to 3300 MHz)

The HP 70311A can be used with the HP 70841B pattern generator, which does not have an internal clock source, and the HP 70842B error detector, both of which are part of an HP 71600 Series System. The HP 70311A may be used with an HP 70310A precision frequency reference in applications which require greater frequency accuracy. Refer to chapter 3 for information on how to configure the HP 70310A with the clock source.

## HP 70312A Clock Source (16 to 1500 MHz)

The reduced frequency range is the only specification difference between the HP 70312A and the HP 70311A; otherwise all references to the HP 70311A apply to the HP 70312A.

#### **Front Panel Leds**

The HP 70311A/70312A clock source modules include the standard HP-IB status indicators (RMT, LSN, TLK, SRQ) and MMS status indicators (ACT, ERR). It also includes a fault indicator LED; if this is on, then the instrument has detected a hardware fault.

#### User Interface

The HP 70311A clock source does not itself have a display or keyboard capability. It formats information suitable for an MMS display and communicates with the display over the HP-MSIB interface. The HP 70312A clock source user interface is identical to the HP 70311A. The recommended display for use with the clock source is the HP 70004A.

## Using Softkeys to Select User Functions

Clock source functions are set up using softkeys on either side of the display; refer to chapter 4 for an explanation of clock source softkeys.

#### Notation

Throughout this manual, (hardkey) indicates hardkeys and softkey indicates softkeys.

#### **Clock Source Window Size**

In an MMS display you can elect to display module status in a full size (24 lines by 53 characters), half size or quarter size window. See pages 6-3 to 6-4 of the HP 70004A display Operation Manual.

The clock source will work with a small window (down to 6 lines by 26 characters) by restricting the amount of information that is displayed. If the window is too small to display the minimal amount of information, a warning message Window is too small is displayed. If your clock source is part of an HP 71600 Series Error Performance Analyzer or Pattern Generator system only full or half size windows are permissible. Refer to chapter 5 of the HP 71600 Series of Gbit/s Testers Operating and Programming Manual for advice on how to display module status in two half size windows.

#### Serial Number Information

Attached to the clock source module is a serial number plate. A typical serial number is in the form XXXXUXXXXX. It is in two parts; the first four digits and the letter are the serial prefix and the last five are the suffix, the letter designates the country of origin - U is the United Kingdom. The prefix is the same for identical clock source modules, it only changes when a change is made to the clock source. The suffix however, is assigned sequentially and is different for each clock source module. The contents of this manual apply to clock source modules with the serial number prefix(es) listed under SERIAL NUMBERS on the title page.

A module manufactured after the printing of this manual may have a number prefix that is not listed on the title page. The unlisted serial number prefix indicates the module is different from the one described in this manual. The manual for this new clock source is accompanied by a Manual Changes supplement. This supplement contains change information that explains how to adapt the manual to the new clock source.

In addition to change information, the supplement may contain information for correcting errors in the manual. To keep this manual as current and accurate as possible, Hewlett-Packard recommends that you periodically request the latest Manual Changes supplement. The supplement for this manual is identified with the manual print date and part number, both of which appear on the manual title page. Complimentary copies of the supplement are available from Hewlett-Packard. For information concerning a serial number prefix that is not listed on the Manual Changes supplement, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

## **Returning Modules for Service**

This section explains how you return a module to Hewlett-Packard for servicing.

## **Packaging Requirements**

Modules can be damaged as a result of using packaging materials other than those specified. Never use styrene pellets as packaging material. They do not adequately cushion the module nor prevent it from shifting in the carton. They also cause instrument damage by generating static electricity.

## Preparing a Module for Shipping

- 1. Fill out a blue repair tag (located at the front of this manual) and attach it to the module. Include any error messages or specific performance data related to the problem. If a blue tag is not available, the following information should be noted and sent with the module:
  - Type of service required.
  - Description of the problem.
  - Whether problem is constant or intermittent.
  - Name and phone number of technical contact person.
  - Return address.
  - Model number of returned module or instrument.
  - Full serial number or returned module or instrument.
  - List of any accessories returned with the module or instrument.
- 2. Pack the module or instrument in the appropriate packaging materials. Original shipping or equivalent materials should be used. If the original or equivalent material cannot be obtained, follow the instructions below:

#### Caution



Inappropriate packaging of the instrument may result in damage to the instrument during transit.

- Wrap the instrument in anti-static plastic to reduce the possibility of damage caused by electrostatic discharge (ESD).
- Use a double-walled, corrugated cardboard carton of 159 kg (350 lb) test strength.

## Caution



If you are shipping a complete system, remove the module(s) from the Display and Mainframe, individually pack each module, then ship them to Hewlett-Packard.

- The carton must be large enough to allow 3 to 4 inches on all sides of the instrument for packing material and strong enough to accommodate the weight of the instrument.
- Surround the instrument with 3- to 4-inches of packing material, to protect the instrument and prevent it from moving in the carton.
- ullet If packing foam is not available, the best alternative is S.D.-240 Air Cap  $^{TM}$  from Sealed Air Corporation (Commerce, California 90001). Air Cap<sup>TM</sup> looks like a plastic sheet filled with air bubbles.
- Use the pink (anti-static) Air Cap<sup>TM</sup> to reduce static electricity. Wrapping the instrument several times in this material will protect the instrument and prevent it from moving in the carton.
- 3. Seal the carton with strong nylon adhesive tape.
- 4. Mark the carton FRAGILE, HANDLE WITH CARE.
- 5. Retain copies of all shipping papers.

## **Precautions**

#### **ESD Precautions**

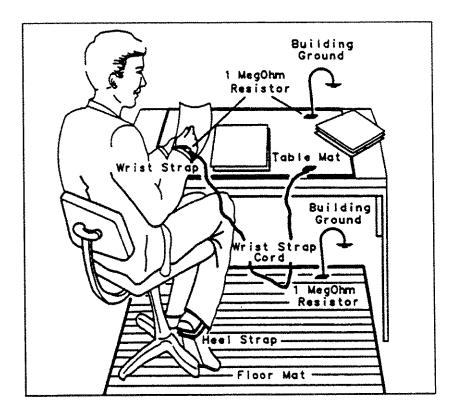
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destroy electronic components. All work on electronic assemblies should be performed at a static-safe workstation.

## Static-safe Workstation

A typical static-safe workstation is illustrated in the following diagram. There are two types of ESD protection:

- Wrist-strap (with > 1 M $\Omega$  isolation to ground) with table-mat.
- Heel-strap (with > 1 M $\Omega$  isolation to ground) with conductive floor-mat.

These two types must be used together to ensure adequate ESD protection. Isolation to ground must be provided for personnel protection.



## **Static-safe Accessories**

The following table lists the accessories that may be ordered through any Hewlett-Packard sales and service office.

HP Part Number	Description
9300-0797	3M static control mat 0.6 m x 1.2 m (2 ft x 4 ft) and 4.6 m (15 ft) of ground wire. (The wrist-strap and wrist-strap cord are not included. They must be ordered separately.)
9300-0980	Wrist-strap cord 1.5 m (5 ft).
9300-1383	Wrist-strap, black, stainless steel, has four adjustable links and a 7 mm post-type connection.
9300-1169	ESD heel-strap (reusable 6- to 12- months)
*92175A	Black, hard surface, static control mat, 1.2 m x 1.5 m (4 ft x 5 ft)
*92175B	Brown, soft surface, static control mat, 1.2 m x 2.4 m (4 ft x 8 ft)
*92175C	Small, black, hard surface, static control mat, 0.9 m x 1.2 m (3 ft x 4 ft)
*92175T	Table-top static control mat, 58 cm x 76 cm (23 in x 30 in)
*92176A	Natural color anti-static carpet, 1.2 m x 1.8 m (4 ft x 6 ft)
*92176B	Natural color anti-static carpet, 1.2 m x 2.4 m (4 ft x 8 ft)
*92176C	Russet color anti-static carpet, 1.2 m x 1.8 m (4 ft x 6 ft)
*92176D	Russet color anti-static carpet, 1.2 m x 2.4 m (4 ft x 8 ft)

<sup>\*</sup>Can also be ordered by calling HP DIRECT Phone (800) 538 8787.

## **Specifications**

#### Introduction

Except where otherwise stated, the following parameters are warranted performance specifications. Parameters described as *typical* or *nominal* are supplemental characteristics which provide a useful indication of typical, but non-warranted, performance characteristics. All specifications are for 0 °C to 45 °C after 30 minutes warm-up.

## **Frequency Range**

Frequency Range (HP 70311A) 16.09375 - 3300 MHz Frequency Range (HP 70312A) 16.09375 - 1500 MHz

## **Frequency Bands**

The exact end points and their approximations for each frequency band of the instrument are shown below.

Approx End points MHz	Exact End points Hz
16 - 32	16,093,750.00 - 32,187,499.99
32 - 64	32,187,500.00 - 64,374,999.99
64 - 128	64,375,000.00 - 128,749,999.99
128 - 257	128,750,000.00 - 257,499,999.99
257 - 515	257,500,000.00 - 514,999,999.99
515 - 1030	515,000,000.00 - 1,029,999,999.99
1030 - 2060 (70311A)	1,030,000,000.00 - 2,059,999,999.99
2060 - 3300 (70311A)	2,060,000,000.00 - 3,300,000,000.00
1030 - 1500 (70312A)	1,030,000,000.00 - 1,500,000,000.00

Signal paths are switched when changing from one band to another. Signal paths are also switched within frequency bands. This is done to select the correct filtering so that the instrument specifications are met.

## **Frequency Resolution**

Resolution	$0.01~\mathrm{Hz}$
Min frequency step size	$0.01~\mathrm{Hz}$
Max frequency step size	1 GHz

## Stability (typical)

Using Internal Reference Source:

Aging, after 1 year

 $\pm 2 \text{ ppm/year}$ 

Temperature, 0 to 45 °C

 $\pm$  6 ppm

## **Settling Times (typical)**

To within 100 Hz of final frequency and to within level spec: <200 mS

## **Output Characteristics**

Connector

N type, female

Output impedance

50 ohms, ac coupled

Output Waveform

Sine wave

Protection

No damage with any load VSWR

Maximum applied power

+20 dBm

Maximum applied DC voltage

30 V

Output Return Loss (typical)

6 dB

Output Level, dBm

Output on

 $0 \text{ dBm} \pm 3 \text{ dB}$ 

Output off (typical)

 $<-50~\mathrm{dBm}$ 

## **Sub Harmonics**

Frequency Band	
16 - 515 MHz	None
515 - 1030 MHz	<-55 dBc
1030 - 2060 MHz (70311A)	<-40 dBc
2060 - 3300 MHz (70311A)	<-35 dBc
1030 - 1500 MHz (70312A)	<-40 dBc

## **Multiplied Sub Harmonics**

(Output frequency 1.5)

Frequency Band	
16 - 1030 MHz	None
1030 - 2060 MHz (70311A)	<-40 dBc
2060 - 3300 MHz (70311A)	<-35 dBc
1030 - 1500 MHz (70312A)	<-40 dBc

## **Harmonics**

Frequency Band	
16 - 3300 MHz (70311A)	<-30 dBc
16 - 1500 MHz (70312A)	<-30 dBc

## Non-Harmonic Spurious Tones at >15 kHz offset

Frequency Band	
16 - 1030 MHz	<-100 dBc
1030 - 2060 MHz (70311A)	<-94 dBc
2060 - 3300 MHz (70311A)	<-88 dBc
1030 - 1500 MHz (70312A)	<-94 dBc

## **Phase Noise Using Internal Reference Source**

Frequency Band MHz	Offset 1 kHz	20 kHz	100 kHz	
	dBc/Hz	dBc/Hz	dBc/Hz	
16 - 32	-113	-140	-140	
32 - 64	-108	-140	-140	
64 - 128	-103	-140	-140	
128 - 257	-98	-138	-140	
257 - 515	-93	-134	-140	
515 - 1030	-88	-128	-138	
1030 - 2060 (70311A)	-81	-121	-131	
2060 - 3300 (70311A)	-75	-115	-125	
1030 - 1500 (70312A)	-81	-121	-131	

#### **Broadband Noise Floor**

At >10 MHz offset from carrier <-140 dBc/Hz (typical)

## **External Reference Input**

Connector

SMB male, rear panel

Input impedance

50 ohms, ac coupled

Maximum input power

+20 dBm

Frequency

10 MHz + /-1 kHz

Amplitude

0.224/2 V rms

#### Module control

May be controlled using an MMS display, for example the HP 70004A display.

## General

Form: 4/8 width MMS module

MMS configuration: Can be MMS master, or slave to HP 70841A, HP 70841B or HP 70845A pattern generator modules. The HP 70310A precision frequency reference module may be slaved to the HP 70311A or HP 70312A.

Non-volatile set-up stores: Save and recall 10 instrument set-ups.

#### Status indicators:

HPIB: RMT, LSN, TLK, SRQ

MMS: ACT, ERR

FAULT: On when the instrument has detected a hardware fault.

Weight: 8.9 kg (20 lbs)

Power requirements: All module power requirements are provided by the MMS mainframe or display.

## **HP-IB** interface and capability

The HP 70311A and HP 70312A clock source modules can be operated under HP-IB control when fitted in an MMS display or mainframe.

Operates according to IEEE standard 488.1 and 488.2, 1987. Conforms, where appropriate, to the Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) standard 1990.0.

Capability: SH1, AH1, T6, TE0, L4, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0, E1.

Addressable operation: An external controller can control all module functions except HP-IB, HP-MSIB addresses and power switch, and has access to all status and alarm codes.

## **Environmental**

Operating temperature range: 0 to 45 °C

Storage temperature range: -40 to 65 °C

Humidity: 95% RH @ 40 °C

EMC: Conducted and radiated interference is in compliance with CISPR Pub 11, FTZ 526/1979 and MIL-STD 461B RE02/part 7 when operated in an MMS rack.

Safety: Complies with IEC 348 and CSA Bulletin 556B when operated in an MMS rack.

#### Noise:

LpA < 70 dB LpA < 70 dB

operator position am Arbeitsplatz

normal operation Normaler Betrieb

per ISO 7779 nach DIN 45635 T. 19

Calibration interval: Recommended 1 year

## Installation

Modules

This chapter enables you to install your clock source ready for use. The information is presented under the following headings:

Provides information you should read before you install your Preparation for Use

clock source. It contains information on initial inspection, power

requirements, and address switches.

Module Installation Shows you how to install your clock source into an HP 71600

Series of Gbit/s Testers Error Performance Analyzer or Pattern

Generator System.

Describes the events at power-on. Selftest at Power-on

Module Verification Describes where to find procedures to verify instrument operation.

Describes how you install modules into an MMS display and Installing/Removing

mainframe.

## **Preparation for Use**

This section should be read before you install your system. It contains the following:

- Initial Inspection
- Operating Requirements
- HP-MSIB Address Switches
- HP-IB Address Switches

## **Initial Inspection**

#### Warning



To avoid hazardous electrical shock, do not perform electrical tests when there are signs of shipping damage to any portion of the outer enclosure (covers, panels, meters).

Inspect the shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the clock source module has been checked both mechanically and electrically. Procedures for checking the electrical operation are given in chapter 5 of this manual.

If the clock source module appears damaged or is defective, contact the nearest Hewlett-Packard service office. Hewlett-Packard will arrange for repair or replacement of the equipment without waiting for a claim settlement. Retain the shipping materials for the carrier to inspect.

Undamaged shipping materials should be kept. Original HP or equivalent shipping materials are required for module re-shipment, as substandard packaging may result in damage. Refer to Returning Modules for Service in chapter 1 for information on re-shipment.

## **Operating Requirements**

#### **Operating and Storage Environment**

The clock source module can be operated in temperatures from 0 °C to +45 °C. For storage, the temperature range is -40 °C to +65 °C.

The module should be protected against temperature extremes which can cause condensation within the elements in your system.

#### Physical Specifications

The HP 70311A/HP 70312A clock source is packaged in a 4/8 size MMS module. Its weight is approximately 8.9 Kg.

#### **Power Requirements**

The clock source derives its power from the MMS display or mainframe in which it is installed.

#### **Electrical Specifications**

Refer to chapter 1 for detailed clock source specifications.

## Warning



Before turning the system on, make sure it is grounded through the protective conductor of the power cable to a socket outlet with protective earth contact. Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor inside or outside the instrument, or disconnection of the protective earth terminal, can result in personal injury.

#### **HP-MSIB Address Switches**

The HP-MSIB address switches are factory preset to configure your clock source as a slave in a master/slave Modular Measurement System (MMS). For example, in an HP 71600 Series Error Performance Analyzer or Pattern Generator system.

If you want to change the master/slave addressing or want to change to master/master configuration, ensure you are fully aware of the HP-MSIB address protocol, see chapter 6 of the HP 71600 Series of Gbit/s Testers Installation and Verification Manual, or refer to the HP 70004A Display Installation and Verification Manual.

In an HP 71600 Series Error Performance Analyzer system the error detector master module controls the slave pattern generator module and the clock source. The pattern generator module (a slave to the error detector) is a sub-master to the clock source. The clock source is controlled directly by the pattern generator, and indirectly by the error detector (through the pattern generator).

In a pattern generator system the master module is the pattern generator, it controls the slave clock source.

## **Factory Preset HP-MSIB Addresses**

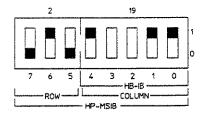
The clock source factory preset HP-MSIB addresses (row,column) are listed below:

Clock Source :Row 2, Column 19

\* The column value defines the factory preset HP-IB addresses.

#### **Clock Source Address Switches**

The factory preset switch settings are shown in the following diagram:



#### **HP-IB Address Switches**

The HP-MSIB address switches in a master module (one whose row address is 0) also act as HP-IB switches. If you want your system to communicate over the HP-IB the row switches must be set to 0. The column switches define the HP-IB address.

If you want to change the HP-IB address ( use an address that is different from that defined by the *column* switch settings), it is recommended that you use the Display *HP-IB Address* function, see the *HP 70004A Display Operating Manual*.

#### Caution



It is not recommended that you change the HP-IB address using the HP-MSIB/HP-IB switches, as these also change the HP-MSIB address. If the HP-MSIB address protocol is violated your system will fail to operate.

#### Factory Preset HP-IB Addresses

The Clock Source HP-IB address is factory preset to 19 (column part of HP-MSIB switch setting).

## Module Installation

Your HP 70311A or HP 70312A clock source can be installed as part of the HP 71600 Series Error Performance Analyzer, or Pattern Generator systems. The recommended addresses for HP 71600 Series Modules configured in master/slave format are as follows:

■ Display: row 0, column 21

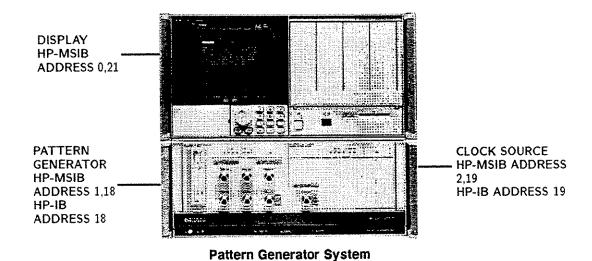
Error Detector: row 0, column 17

■ Pattern Generator: row 1, column 18

■ Clock Source: row 2, column 19

■ Precision Frequency Reference: row 3, column 20

A graphic example is given below of each system.



ERROR DETECTOR **DISPLAY HP-MSIB ADDRESS HP-MSIB** 0.17 ADDRESS 0,21 **HP-IB ADDRESS 17 CLOCK SOURCE PATTERN HP-MSIB GENERATOR** ADDRESS 2,19 **HP-MSIB** HP-IB ADDRESS 1.18 ADDRESS 19 HP-IB **ADDRESS 18 Error Performance Analyzer System** 

#### Selftest at Power-on

At power-on the HP 70004A display will carry out a number of internal self-test routines lasting approximately five seconds.

On the clock source module all LEDs are lit for approximately two seconds, and then extinguished. If a fault occurs the FAULT LED on the clock source front panel is illuminated, and a red letter E is displayed at the top left of the HP 70004A display. The FAULT LED will remain on until the fault is cleared.

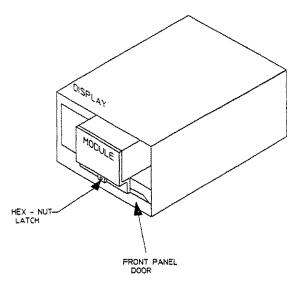
#### **Module Verification**

If you wish to verify that the clock source module is operating correctly, refer to the Operational Verification procedures given in chapter 6 of this manual.

## Installing/Removing Modules

Use the following procedures to install your module into the Display or Mainframe. To remove a module, perform the steps in the reverse order.

## Installing a Module into a Display

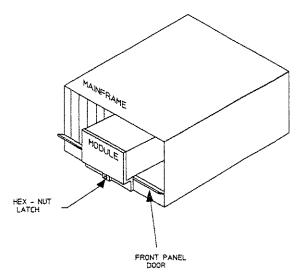


- 1. Switch off the power to the display.
- 2. Open the front panel door then insert the module.
- 3. Secure the module by pressing against its front panel while tightening the hex-nut latch with an 8 mm hex-ball driver.
- 4. Close the front panel door.
- 5. Turn on the power to the display.

When removing a clock source module, disconnect any cable connected to the rear panel EXT REF port.

#### 2-6 Installation

## Installing a Module into a Mainframe



- 1. Switch off the power to the mainframe.
- 2. Open the front panel door, then insert the module into the mainframe (the module can operate in any location).

## Caution



The Mainframe LINE power switch must be set to off before the front panel door will open.

3. Secure the module by pressing against its front panel while tightening the hex-nut latch with an 8 mm hex-ball driver.

When removing a clock source module, disconnect any cable connected to the rear panel EXTREF port.

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# **Operating Guide**

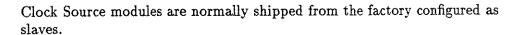
## **Operating Guide**

#### Introduction

The method of selecting the clock frequency and the display presented to the user differs, depending upon whether the clock module is configured as a slave, or a master. There are separate procedures given here for setting clock frequency in modules configured as a slave or master; refer to the appropriate one for your clock source.

If you are unsure how your clock source is configured refer to the procedure titled How to Check Your Clock Source HP-MSIB Address on page 3-5.

Note





## To Set Up Clock Frequency and Step Size (Clock Source a slave)

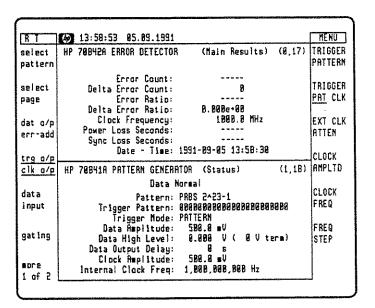
In the following procedure it is assumed that the clock source is installed in an HP 71600 Series Error Performance Analyzer system, which is configured in master/slave format. See page 3-6 for an example of master/slave configuration in such a system.

It is assumed that the display used is an HP 70004A.

## To Set Up Clock Frequency

### **Procedure**

- 1. Press DISPLAY, then press the NEXT INSTR right-menu softkey until the error detector, or pattern generator or both are selected.
- 2. Press the MENU hardkey.
- 3. Select the trg o/p, clk o/p left-menu softkey. The right-menu changes to reveal CLOCK FREQ and FREQ STEP softkeys as shown below (ignore the module status given in the center of the display).



- 4. Select the CLOCK FREQ right-menu softkey.
- 5. There are three methods of selecting clock frequency as follows:
  - Use the Display knob.
  - Use the A, keys (increments or decrements frequency by a preset amount).
  - Enter a number via the keypad, then select a unit of frequency from the right menu.

### To Select Frequency Step Size

The frequency step size is the amount that the clock frequency is incremented or decremented when using the ▲,▼ keys or display knob.

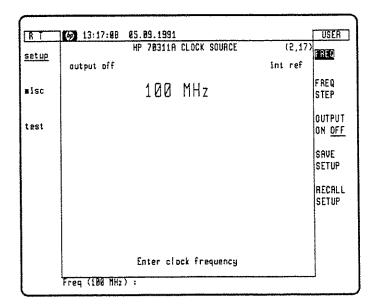
- Select FREQ STEP.
- Enter the frequency step using the numeric keypad, then select one of the units of frequency from the right-menu.

# To Set Up Clock Frequency and Step Size (Clock Source a Master)

Use the following procedure when your clock source is configured as a master. It is assumed that the display used is an HP 70004A.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. At power-on the display will show the module/instrument selected before power-down. If the clock source is not displayed, press DISPLAY), then press the NEXT INSTR right-menu softkey until the clock source is selected.
- Press the (MENU) hardkey to display the clock source softkeys.
- The display should look similar to the following when setup is selected.



### To Set Up Clock Frequency

- 4. Select FREQ (key shown in inverse video when selected). There are three methods of selecting clock frequency as follows:
  - Use the Display R.P.G knob.
  - Use the A, keys (increments or decrements frequency by a preset amount).
  - Enter a number via the keypad, then select a unit of frequency from the right menu.

### **To Select Frequency Step Size**

The frequency step size is the amount that the clock frequency is incremented or decremented when using the  $\blacktriangle, \blacktriangledown$  keys or display knob.

- 5. Select FREQ STEP.
- 6. Enter the frequency step using the numeric keypad, then select one of the units of frequency from the right-menu.

### Switch Clock Output On/Off

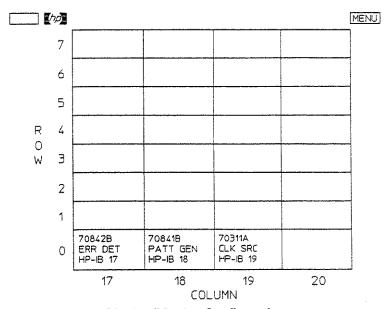
7. To switch the CLOCK OUTPUT ON, set the OUTPUT ON OFF softkey to ON.

## How to Check Your Clock Source HP-MSIB Address

In the following procedure it is assumed that you are using an HP 70004A display.

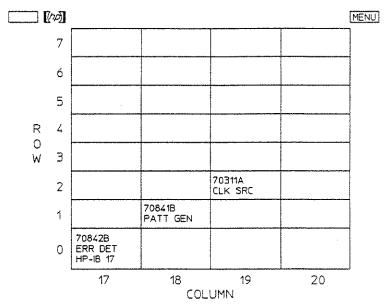
### **Procedure**

- Press the (DISPLAY) hardkey.
- Select the left-menu Address Map softkey.
- Rotate the display knob clockwise and observe the Row Address of each module in your system. If each module (ERR DET, PAT GEN or CLK SRC) row address is 0, the system is configured for master/master operation, as shown below.

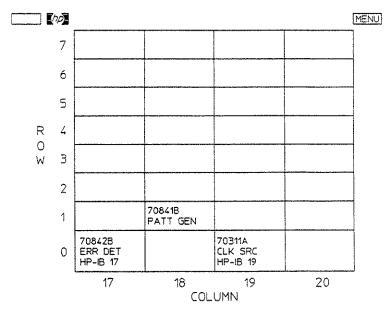


Master/Master Configuration

If the error detector module is the only module on row 0 (except for the HP 70004A display) the system is configured for master/slave operation. An example of master/slave address setup is as follows.



Master/Slave Configuration



Master/Slave/Master Configuration

# To Assign Both Display and Keyboard to the Clock Source

### Why Should I Need to Do This?

To gain access to all clock source softkeys in order to perform calibration, performance tests or diagnostics when the clock source is configured as a slave.

### **Further Explanation**

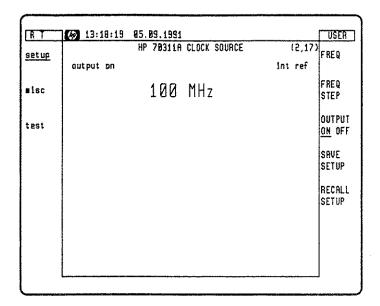
Your clock source may be configured as a master or a slave, depending upon your application or system, a brief description of each follows:

- When configured as a master the clock source operates as an independent instrument, and all primary softkey menus setup, misc, test may be accessed by the user; there is therefore no need to use the following procedure. To access the clock source simply press (DISPLAY), then the NEXT INSTR softkey until the clock source status is displayed.
- When configured as a slave the clock source is setup via its master (Error Detector or Pattern Generator in an HP 71600 Series system), and only the CLOCK FREQ and FREQ STEP softkeys are visible; accessed via the trg o/p, clk o/p softkey. To gain access to all softkeys while configured as a slave, you must assign both display and keyboard to the clock source. The following procedure explains how to assign both display and keyboard to the clock source.

#### Procedure

### To Assign the Display and Keyboard to the Clock Source

- 1. Press (DISPLAY) then Address Map.
- 2. Rotate display knob clockwise until the green box is resting on the same column as the clock source.
- 3. Press ADJUST ROW. Using the display knob move the green box up to rest on the CLK SRC.
- 4. Press the ASSIGN BOTH softkey. This assigns both the keyboard and display exclusively to the clock source.
- 5. Press (MENU), the display should now look similar to the following:



**Clock Source Status** 

- 6 You can now access the clock source setup, misc and test softkey menus.
- 7. To return the keyboard and display to independent operation press DISPLAY, then NEXT INSTR. The instrument status displayed will be the first master on row 0 of the address map (excluding the HP 70004A display) moving from left to right from column 0 to column 31.

# Using an HP 70310A Precision Freq Ref with Your Clock Source

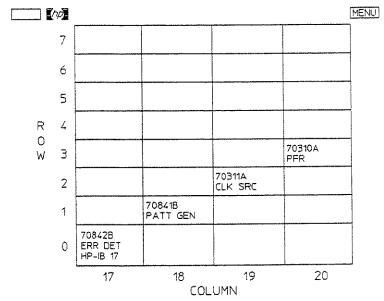
### Introduction

The HP 70310A may be used in applications where a more accurate, clock frequency is required.

### Procedure

- 1. Connect a suitable cable from the HP 70310A rear panel 10 MHz O/P port to the clock source rear panel EXT REF I/P port.
- 2. Set the HP 70310A HP-MSIB address switches to: Row 3; Column 20.

The following figure illustrates an HP 71600 Series Error Performance Analyzer System with an HP 70310A Precision Freq Ref, configured in master/slave format.



HP 70310A in Master/Slave Configuration

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# Softkey Descriptions and Menu Maps

### Softkey Menus

#### Introduction

Clock source functions/parameters are setup via softkeys on either side of the display. This chapter explains the structure of softkey menus, gives graphic representations of softkey functions, and explains how the softkeys visible to the user differ depending upon module configuration.

### How Softkeys are Structured and Displayed

The display has two columns of seven keys, one on either side of the display window. Softkey labels are assigned to keys and change as new menus or functions are selected.

The left-menu softkeys known as PRIMARY softkeys are used to select major functions or groups of functions. The right-menu softkeys are known as SECONDARY softkeys and are used to select functions or parameters relevant to the PRIMARY softkey currently selected.

#### **Softkey Notation**

- Keys labelled by lower-case text are navigation keys which give access to lower level menus.
- Keys labelled by upper-case text are configuration keys which cause an attribute of the instrument to change.
- Some keys are toggle keys (for example OUTPUT ON/OFF). These keys cause an attribute to toggle between one of two states. The current state is indicated by underlining.

### User Softkeys in Master and Master/Slave Configuration

The range of softkeys visible to the user differ depending on whether the clock source is configured as a slave (in perhaps an HP 71600 Series Error Performance or Pattern Generator system), or as an independent master. Information on master and master/slave concepts is given in the HP 71600 Series of Gbit/s Testers Installation and Verification Manual.

### **Clock Source Softkeys in Slave Configuration**

When the clock source is configured as a slave, softkeys are accessed using the trg o/p, clk o/p menu (in HP 71600 Series systems) and only CLOCK FREQ and FREQ STEP clock functions are available. See Figure 4-1.

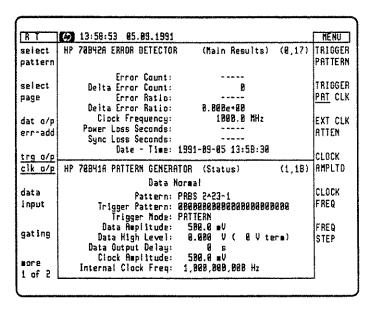


Figure 4-1. Clock Source Softkeys in Slave Configuration

To access the full range of clock source softkeys in order to perform instrument performance tests, calibration or diagnostics, you must either configure the clock source as a master, or assign both display and keyboard to the clock source. Refer to chapter 3 for advice on how to assign keyboard and display to the clock source.

## **Clock Source Softkeys in Master Configuration**

When configured as a master all clock source functions may be accessed by the three primary softkey menus setup, misc and test. An example is given below.

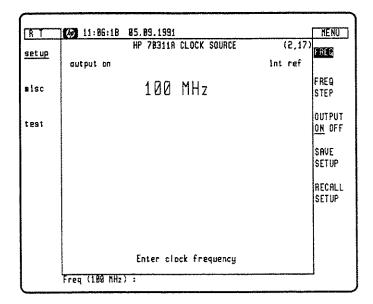


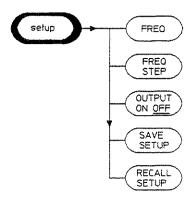
Figure 4-2. Clock Source Softkeys in Master Configuration

Note

The setup, misc and test softkey menus are explained in the following pages.



## setup menu



### **Description**

The setup softkey enables five softkeys in the right-menu, which allow the clock frequency and frequency step to be set, the clock output to be switched on or off, and the current instrument state to be saved into one of ten storage registers, to be recalled later.

FREQ

Alters the clock frequency. The message Enter clock frequency is shown on the bottom of the display window and the message Freq (current value): is shown on the bottom line of the display screen. You can set the clock frequency in the following three ways:

- Use the display RPG knob to adjust clock frequency.
- Increment or decrement clock frequency by a set amount using the A, w keys.
- Use the display numeric keypad to set the clock frequency. When a numeric key on the keypad is hit, the right menu shows the units keys (GHz, MHz, kHz, Hz) and the CLEAR softkey. Enter the desired number then select a unit of frequency.

FREQ STEP

The clock frequency may be incremented or decremented by a fixed amount (or step). The FREQ STEP key enables you to define the size of this fixed amount or step.

Press FREQ STEP, (shown in inverse video when selected). Enter step size using the numeric keypad, then select a unit of frequency from the right-menu.

OUTPUT ON/OFF

Switches the clock source RF output on or off. The output status on the display window is updated as the key is toggled.

SAVE SETUP

Enables the user to store the current clock source configuration in one of ten storage registers. This includes clock frequency, step size, output blanking state and whether the clock output is switched on or off.

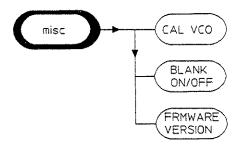
Press the SAVE SETUP softkey; enter the setup number using the numeric keypad, then press the ENTER softkey.

RECALL SETUP

Recalls the clock configuration from one of ten storage registers.

Press the RECALL SETUP softkey; enter the setup number using the numeric keypad, then press the ENTER softkey.

#### misc menu



### Description

The misc menu allows the user to call up various miscellaneous instrument functions. The misc right menu has three softkeys. These are:

CAL VCO

Causes the clock source to do a self calibration of the VCO loop. This process takes about five minutes to complete. While the calibration is in progress, the message Calibrating VCO is displayed and a progress marker moves across the screen from left to right then back again. An audible beep is sounded when the calibration is completed. No other instrument action is allowed during calibration.

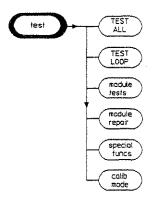
BLANK ON/OFF

Turns the RF output blanking ON or OFF. With blanking ON, the RF output is temporarily turned off during changes in frequency. With blanking OFF, the RF output remains on during frequency changes. Note that there may be indeterminate transients in output frequency and level while a new frequency value is being set.

FMWARE REV

Shows the instrument firmware revision. A message is displayed in the format: Firmware revision: A.01.01

### test menu



### Description

The selftest features of the clock source are controlled by a hierarchy of test menus accessed using the six softkeys shown above. The module repair, special function, and calibration mode menus are only for use by qualified service personnel. Further information on these keys is given in the HP 70311A/70312A Service Manual

### **Error Messages**

The grouped tests (TEST ALL and TEST LOOP) and individual module tests run automatically until completed. If they run successfully a *No error* message is shown on the bottom line of the display.

If an error occurs, an error message is shown on the bottom line of the display and an audible bleep is sounded. Hardware errors are grouped into non-fatal and fatal errors. For non-fatal errors, the test continues to run.

#### Top Level Menu

TEST ALL Runs a group of module tests in a defined order. The tests are:

CPU, MEMORY, MFPC, MSIB, HP-IB, DAC, PSU, MOD I/F, REF

OSC, VCO, FRAC N, RF O/P and SWEEP.

TEST LOOP Turns the test loop mode ON or OFF. When the instrument is in test loop mode a sequence of tests is run continuously until the loop mode

is turned off. The tests which are run are:

CPU, MEMORY, MFPC, MSIB, HPIB, DAC, PSU, MOD I/F, REF

OSC, VCO, FRAC N, RF O/P, and SWEEP tests.

If any error occurs during the test, an error message is displayed and an audible bleep is sounded. No further tests are run, but the

TEST LOOP key is still selected.

module tests

There are three pages of softkeys joined by more keys for performing individual module tests. The module test selected is displayed in inverse video and a message Busy testing (module name) is displayed.

The module tests are as follows:

CPU

Tests the 68000 Processor.

MEMORY

Tests the RAM, ROM and EEROM memories.

MFPC

Tests the multi-function Peripheral chip.

MSIB

Tests the MSIB interface chip.

**HPIB** 

Tests the HP-IB interface chip.

DAC

Tests the analog measurement circuitry on the processor board.

PSU

Checks the power supply voltages.

MOD I/F

Tests the module interfaces on the processor board, for example the serial and parallel interfaces.

REF OSC

Tests the reference oscillator module.

VCO

Tests the voltage controlled oscillator module.

FRAC N

Tests the fractional N divider module.

RF O/P

Tests the RF output board.

SWEEP

Sweeps the clock source frequency from 515 to 1029 MHz in 1 MHz steps, and checks that the frequency locked loop stays in lock at each frequency.

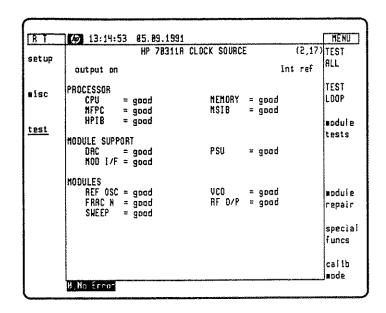
LED ON/OFF

Causes a rotating test pattern to be displayed on the front panel LEDs. This menu key is a toggle key which alternately turns the test on and off. Note that the test is not included in the power-on test because it conflicts with standard power-on LED settings.

TEST STATUS

Calls up a display of the status of all the individual module tests, as illustrated by the following figure. The test status values are:

- good..... the test has run successfully.
- bad.....the test has failed.
- unknown........the test has not yet been run.



# **Special Service Only Keys**

The module repair, special funcs and calib mode softkeys are intended for use by qualified service personnel, and may only be accessed by keying in the correct password. Information on these keys is given in the HP 70311A/70312A Service Manual.

# **Programming Information**

### Introduction

This document defines the remote interface specification for the HP 70311A and HP 70312A clock sources. It covers the HP-IB/HP-MSIB commands, the device status reporting structure, error messages and the power-on/reset conditions. As far as interface commands are concerned, the two instruments are identical.

#### References

All commands are assumed to be compatible with the following documents:

- ANSI/IEEE std 488.2-1987 IEEE Standard Codes, Formats, Protocols and Common Commands.
- ANSI/IEEE std 488.1-1987 IEEE Standard Digital Interface for Programmable Instrumentation.
- Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) Version 1991.0 May 1991.

### IEEE Std 488.2-1987 Device Capability

#### **Device Interface Functions**

#### **IEEE 488.1 Interface Functions**

The following Interface functions, as defined in IEEE std 488.1-1987, are implemented:

Interface function	Identification	Description
Source Handshake	SH1	complete capability
Acceptor Handshake	AH1	complete capability
Talker	<b>T</b> 6	basic talker, serial poll, unaddress if MLA
Extended Talker	TE0	no capability
Listener	L4	basic listener, unaddress if MTA
Extended Listener	LE0	no capability
Service Request	SR1	complete capability
Remote Local	RL1	complete capability
Parallel Poll	PP0	no capability
Device Clear	DC1	complete capability
Device Trigger	DT0	no capability
Controller	C0	no capability
Electrical Driver	E1	open collector drivers
Characteristics		

### **HPIB Address Outside Legal Range**

If the module is configured as a row-address zero device then it is illegal to set the column address (that is, the HPIB address) to 31. As hardware switches are used to set these addresses, it is possible to set an illegal address. In this case, the device will generate an HP-MSIB error.

## **HPIB** Address Change

The user can change the HPIB address either by module hardware switches or from the DISPLAY menu. Hardware switch changes are only recognised at power-on. DISPLAY menu changes are recognised immediately.

# **Device Setting at Power-On**

All device settings are preserved through a power off/on cycle.

# **Message Exchange Control Protocol**

## Multiple <RESPONSE MESSAGE UNITS>

There are no <QUERY MESSAGE UNITS> that return more than one <RESPONSE MESSAGE UNIT>.

### **Generation of Response Message Data**

The generation of the bytes of a <RESPONSE MESSAGE> always occurs at the time when the query message is parsed, rather than delaying the generation until the response is read.

#### Parser Errors

When the parser detects a Command Error the device does not discard any prior parsable elements of the same < PROGRAM MESSAGE>.

### **Coupled Commands**

There are no coupled commands in the device.

#### **Functional Elements Used**

The complete list of functional elements defined in IEEE 488.2 is shown below together with statements showing which elements are used in this device.

<program message=""></program>	used in this device
<program message="" terminator=""></program>	used in this device
<program message="" unit=""></program>	used in this device
<program message="" separator="" unit=""></program>	used in this device
<command message="" unit=""/>	used in this device
<query message="" unit=""></query>	used in this device
<command header="" program=""/>	used in this device
<program header="" separator=""></program>	used in this device
<program data=""></program>	used in this device
<program data="" separator=""></program>	used in this device
<query header="" program=""></query>	used in this device
<character data="" program=""></character>	used in this device
<decimal data="" numeric="" program=""></decimal>	used in this device
<non-decimal data="" numeric="" program=""></non-decimal>	not used in this device
<arbitrary block="" data="" program=""></arbitrary>	not used in this device
<expression data="" program=""></expression>	not used in this device
<suffix data="" program=""></suffix>	used in this device
<string data="" program=""></string>	not used in this device
< COMPOUND COMMAND PROGRAM HEADER>	used in this device

### **Device Talking Formats**

#### **Device-to-Device Messages**

All the device-to device message transfer traffic conforms to IEEE 488.2 conventions.

#### **Common Commands and Queries**

The IEEE 488.2 common commands which are implemented by the device are listed below. A fuller description of the device's response to these commands and queries is given in pages 5-7 and 5-8.

#### **IEEE Mandatory Commands**

The following IEEE 488.2 mandatory commands are implemented:

- \*CLS Clear Status Command
- \*ESE Standard Event Status Enable Command
- \*ESE? Standard Event Status Enable Query
- \*ESR? Standard Event Status Register Query
- \*IDN? Identification Query
- \*OPC Operation Complete Command
- \*OPC? Operation Complete Query
- \*RST Reset Command
- \*SRE Service Request Enable Command
- \*SRE? Service Request Enable Query
- \*STB? Read Status Byte Query
- \*TST? Self-Test Query
- \*WAI Wait-to-Continue Command

### **IEEE Optional Commands**

The following IEEE 488.2 optional commands are implemented:

- \*CAL? Calibration Query
- \*OPT? Option Identification Query
- \*PSC Power-on Status Clear Command
- \*PSC? Power-on Status Clear Query
- \*RCL Recall Command
- \*SAV Save Command

#### Command overlapping

The device does not implement overlapped commands; all commands are executed sequentially.

#### 5-4 Programming Information

### HP-IB/HP-MSIB Commands

#### **Notes on Terms**

When found in a command, indicates that "Hz", "kHz", "MHz", "GHz" or no <freq term>

termination is required in the command statement. If the command statement

is not terminated, then "HZ" is assumed.

< NRf >When found in a command, indicates that an ASCII representation of a

number is required in the command statement. The number may be integer or floating point, and may include a decimal exponent. A numeric suffix may be added to <NRf> when a command contains more than one numeric

parameter.

<br/>
<br/>
boolean> When found in a command, the following boolean values are recognized:

1 | 0 | ON | OFF

### Caution



No HP-IB activity should take place within 15 seconds of system power up, as this will effect the system power up routine and may result in system hang up.

### Frequency Subsystem

[SOURce:] FREQuency

[:[CW | FIXed]]? [MINimum | MAXimum | DEFault]

Query the RF output frequency, or MIN/MAX allowable values of frequency, or the default frequency.

[:[CW | FIXed]] <NRf> [<freq term>] | UP | DOWN | MINimum | MAXimum | **DEFault** 

Set the RF output frequency to a specified value, or UP/DOWN a frequency step, or set to MAX/MIN allowable frequency, or set to the default frequency. The \*RST value and default values are both 100 MHz.

#### :STEP

[:INCRement]? [MINimum | MAXimum | DEFault]

Query the step size for RF frequency steps, or MAX/MIN allowable step sizes, or the default step size.

[:INCRement] <NRf>[<freq term>] | MINimum | MAXimum | DEFault

Set the STEP size for RF frequency to a specified value, or to the MAX/MIN step size, or to the default step size.

The \*RST and default values of step size are both 1MHz.

# **Output Subsystem**

### **OUTPut**

#### STATe?

Query the RF output power state.

### [:STATe] <boolean>

Turns the RF output ON or OFF. The \*RST value is ON.

#### :BLANk?

Query the RF output blanking state.

#### :BLANk <boolean>

Turns the RF output blanking ON or OFF. The \*RST value is OFF. With blanking ON, the RF output is temporarily turned off during changes in frequency. With blanking OFF, the RF output remains on during frequency changes. Note that there may be indeterminate transients in output frequency and level while a new frequency value is being set.

### IEEE 488.2 Common Commands and Queries

#### \*CAL? Self calibration query

Causes the HP 70311A to perform a calibration of the instrument's internal VCO circuitry. An integer error code is returned when the calibration is completed. An error code of zero indicates successful calibration. If errors are present one or more specific error messages are put into the error message queue. This command is equivalent to activating the CAL VCO command from the display subsystem.

#### \*CLS Clear status command

Clears the status register and associated status data structures summarized in the Status Byte, such as the Event Status Register. Clears all event registers and the error message queue.

#### <NRf> Event status enable command \*ESE

Sets the Standard Event Status Enable Register.

#### Event status enable query \*ESE?

Queries the Standard Event Status Enable Register.

#### Event status register query \*ESR?

Queries the Standard Event Status Register.

#### \*IDN? Identification query

Returns an identification string which is 4 fields separated by commas.

Field 1: Is always HEWLETT-PACKARD

Field 2: Is the model number, 70311A.

Field 3: Is the serial number field. The 70311A returns a value of 0.

Field 4: Is the firmware version number, in the format: A.01.01.

For example: HEWLETT-PACKARD,70311A,0,A.01.01

#### Operation complete command \*OPC

The OPC bit is set in the Standard Event Status Register but no other operation is performed. Note that the instrument does not implement overlapped commands.

#### \*OPC? Operation complete query

Always causes an ASCII 1 to be returned. Note that the instrument will not accept a second HP-IB command until the previous command has completed execution. The \*OPC? command can therefore be used to indicate when a previous command has been fully completed, for example when a new frequency has been set and the output has settled.

#### Option identification query \*OPT?

No options are currently defined. The instrument returns the single character 0.

#### \*PSC <NRf> Power-on status clear command

Sets or clears the power-on status clear flag. A non-zero value of <NRf> sets the flag and a zero value clears the flag.

#### \*PSC? Power-on status clear query

Queries the power-on status clear flag.

#### \*RCL <NRf> Recall instrument state

Recalls the instrument state which was stored in the specified register number. The parameters recalled are: frequency, frequency step, RF output state and RF output blanking state. The HP 70311A has 10 available storage registers, numbered 0 to 9.

#### \*RST Reset command

Causes the HP 70311A to do an instrument preset. Sets all operating parameters to the known states listed on page A-5 (Instrument reset). It does not affect the status reporting information, nor does it clear the error message queue, and does not affect the contents of the 10 storage registers.

#### \*SAV <NRf> Save instrument state

Saves the current instrument state in the specified register number. The parameters saved are: frequency, frequency step, RF output state, and RF output blanking state. The HP 70311A has 10 available storage registers, numbered 0 to 9.

#### \*SRE <NRf> Service request enable command

Sets the Service Request Enable Register.

#### \*SRE? Service request enable query

Queries the Service Request Enable Register.

#### \*STB? Read status byte query

Queries the HP-IB Status Byte.

#### \*TST? Self-test query

Causes the HP 70311A to perform internal instrument level tests and returns an integer error code. An error code of zero indicates no failures, other numbers indicate an error. In addition, one or more specific error messages are put into the error message queue. A list of specific error codes is defined in appendix B. This command is equivalent to activating the TEST ALL function from the display subsystem.

The tests which are run are: cpu, memory, mfpc, msib, hpib, D/A converter, power supply, module interfaces, reference oscillator, fractional N divider, VCO, RF output, sweep and LED tests.

#### \*WAI Wait-to-continue command

The command is recognized by the instrument but no operation is performed. Note that the instrument does not implement overlapped commands.

### **Reference Oscillator Subsystem**

### [SOURce:] ROSCillator

:SOURce?

A SOURce? query returns the status of the reference source: INT, EXT or NO that is (internal, external or no reference source). The query reply is equivalent to the int/ext/no ref status display on the display subsystem. Note that the

reference source cannot be selected under program control.

:IDN?

Returns an identification string for the slaved external Precision Frequency Reference (PFR), if fitted. The string format is identical to that for the \*IDN?

For example: HEWLETT-PACKARD,70310A,0,A.01.01

If a PFR is not fitted, a null string is returned and a Slave not present error is

put into the error message queue.

### **Calibration Subsystem**

#### CALibration

[:ALL]?

Causes the HP 70311A to perform a calibration of the instrument's internal VCO circuitry. An integer error code is returned when the operation is completed. An error code of zero indicates successful calibration. If errors are present one or more specific error messages are put into the error message queue. This command is equivalent to activating the CAL VCO command from the display subsystem.

### Status Subsystem

**STATus** 

:OPERation (Operational Status register) Return contents of event register [:EVENt]? Return contents of condition register :CONDition? Set register enable mask :ENABle <NRf> Return contents of event enable register :ENABle? Set positive transition filter :PTRansition <NRf> Return contents of positive transition filter :PTRansition?

Set negative transition filter :NTRansition <NRf>

Return contents of negative transition filter :NTRansition?

:QUEStionable

(Questionable Status register) Return contents of event register [:EVENt]? Return contents of condition register :CONDition? Set register enable mask :ENABle <NRf> Return contents of event enable register :ENABle?

:PTRansition <NRf> Set positive transition filter

Return contents of positive transition filter :PTRansition?

Set negative transition filter :NTRansition <NRf>

Return contents of negative transition filter :NTRansition?

:FREQuency (Frequency Status register)

[:EVENt]? Return contents of event register Return contents of condition register

:ENABle <NRf> Set register enable mask

:ENABle? Return contents of event enable register

:PTRansition <NRf> Set positive transition filter

:PTRansition? Return contents of positive transition filter

:NTRansition <NRf> Set negative transition filter

:NTRansition? Return contents of negative transition filter

:CALibration (Calibration Status register)

[:EVENt]? Return contents of event register condition? Return contents of condition register

:ENABle <NRf> Set register enable mask

:ENABle? Return contents of event enable register

:PTRansition <NRf> Set positive transition filter

:PTRansition? Return contents of positive transition filter

:NTRansition <NRf> Set negative transition filter

:NTRansition? Return contents of negative transition filter

:HARDware (Hardware Status register)

[:EVENt]? Return contents of event register :CONDition? Return contents of condition register

:PRESet The PREset command configures the SCPI and device-dependent status reporting structure, such that device-dependent events are reported at a higher level through the mandatory part of the status-reporting

mechanism.

This means that:

- 1. Operational Status Register and Questionable Status Register the enable register is set to 0's and the transition filters are set to recognize only positive transitions.
- 2. Frequency Status Register, Calibration Status Register, Hardware Fail Status Register the enable register is set to 1's and the transition filters are set to recognize only positive transitions.
- 3. Status Byte Register and Standard Event Status Register these registers are not affected.

### System Subsystem Commands

#### **SYSTem**

:ERRor?

Reads an error from the system error queue. If the error queue is empty the instrument returns with 0, No error. If there is more than one error, the instrument returns with the first one in its error queue. Subsequent responses to ERR? continue with the error queue until it is empty. The format of error messages is:

<error number>, "<error description>"

For example: -222, "Data out of range"

:PRESet

Causes the HP 70311A to do an instrument preset. Sets all operating parameters to the known states listed on page A-5 (Instrument reset). It does not affect the status reporting information, nor does it clear the error message queue, and does not affect the contents of the 10 storage registers.

:VERSion?

Returns a formatted numeric value corresponding to the SCPI version number with which the instrument complies. The response is in the form YYYY.V where YYYY represents the year and V represents an approved revision number for that year. If no approved revisions are claimed then the number shall be 0. For example, 1990.0

### **Test Subsystem**

All the tests in this section return an integer error code. A returned value of 0 indicates that the test completed successfully. If an error occurs, an error number is returned and a message is put into the error message queue.

After a test, the instrument restores the previously set values of frequency and output state.

#### TEST

#### :MODule

:CPU?	Tests the 68000 processor.
:MEMory?	Tests the RAM and ROM memories.
:MFPC?	Tests the multi-function peripheral chip.
:MSIB?	Tests the MSIB interface chip.
:HPIB?	Tests the HP-IB interface chip.
:DAC?	Tests the D/A converter chip on the processor board.
:PSU?	Checks the power supply voltages.
:MINTerface?	Tests the module serial and parallel interfaces on the processor board.
:ROSCillator?	Tests the reference oscillator module.
:VCO?	Tests the voltage controlled oscillator module.
:NF?	Tests the fractional N divider module.
:RFOP?	Tests the RF output board.
:SWEEP?	Sweeps the instrument frequency from 515 to 1029 MHz in 1 MHz steps and checks for any synthesizer loop errors at each frequency.
:LED <boolean></boolean>	Turns the front panel LED test ON or OFF. The test causes a rotating

#### :LOOP?

Queries if the instrument is in test loop mode. Note that if this command is issued while the MEMORY test is running, the response will be delayed until the end of the MEMORY test.

"1" pattern to be displayed on the LEDs.

#### :LOOP <boolean>

Turns the test loop mode ON or OFF. When the instrument is in test loop mode a sequence of tests is run continuously until the loop mode is turned off or an error occurs. The tests which are run are: CPU, MEMORY, MFPC, MSIB, HPIB, DAC, PSU, MODIF, ROSC, VCO, NF, RFOP and SWEEP tests.

If any error occurs during the test, an error message is put into the error message queue. No further tests are run and test loop mode is automatically turned off.

As the :LOOP? command could take a long time to respond to, it is recommended that the user checks for errors during the loop test by either of the following:

- (a) serial poll the instrument status byte
- (b) program the instrument so that it generates an SRQ signal on error.

### Command Overlapping and Timing

The instrument does not implement command overlapping. Each command must run to completion before the next command will be accepted. The \*OPC, \*OPC? and \*WAI commands are, however, recognized by the instrument. See the description of the \*OPC command for further details.

The instrument accepts one message containing several commands, separated by semicolons. The commands are executed sequentially. The response message, if any, is not returned until after the last command in the message has been executed.

The user should be aware that some commands take a long time to execute and generate a response. These commands and their approximate timings are listed below.

\*CAL? 5 minutes 5 seconds \*TST? 2 minutes 40 seconds 5 minutes 5 seconds CAL:ALL? TEST LOOP? 60 seconds (maximum) TEST:MOD:MEM? 60 seconds TEST:MOD:VCO? 6 seconds 8 seconds TEST:MOD:NF? TEST:MOD:SWEEP? 1 min 6 seconds

## **Device Status Reporting**

The device status reporting structure is shown in figure 5-1 (page 5-16). The register model follows the structure described in IEEE 488.2, section 11. The registers and their bit functions are defined below.

### Status Byte Register

The Status Byte Register contains the instrument's single-bit summary messages as defined in *IEEE 488.2* section 11.

- 0 HWF Hardware Fail Register summary bit.
- 1 SLV Slave instrument summary bit.
- 3 QSR Questionable Status Register summary bit.
- 4 MAV Message Available summary bit.
- 5 ESB Standard Event Status Register summary bit.
- 6 RQS Request Service bit.
- 7 OSR Operational Status Register summary bit.

### Standard Event Status Register

The Standard Event Status Register contains the instrument's standard event status as defined in IEEE 488.2 section 11.5.

- 0 OPC Operation Complete
- 1 RQC Request Control
- 2 QYE Query Error
- 3 DDE Device Dependent Error
- 4 EXE Execution Error
- 5 CME Command Error
- 6 URQ User Request
- 7 PON Power On

### **Operational Status Register**

The Operational Status Register contains conditions which are part of the instrument's normal operation. Note that this register can be read if the instrument is calibrating on power-up or if calibration has been initiated from the front panel. The register cannot be read if the user has initiated calibration remotely, by a \*CAL? or CAL:ALL? command.

- 0 CAL The instrument is currently performing a calibration.
- 1 TST The instrument is currently performing a self-test or calibration.

### **Questionable Status Register**

The Questionable Status Register contains conditions which indicate that the instrument's signal is of questionable quality.

- 5 QFRE The frequency of the instrument is of questionable quality, that is the frequency-locked loop is out of lock.
- 8 QCAL The calibration of the instrument is of questionable quality, that is an error has been detected in the instrument's calibration data.

### **Frequency Status Register**

The Frequency Status Register contains conditions which indicate errors during the normal operation of the instrument.

- 0 FVCO Out-of-lock error in the VCO module.
- 1 FNF Out-of-lock error in the Fractional-N module.

### **Calibration Status Register**

The Calibration Status Register contains conditions which indicate errors during the normal operation of the instrument.

- 0 CREF The internal Reference Oscillator is not calibrated.
- 1 CLOP The frequency-locked loop is not calibrated.
- 2 COL The output power level is not calibrated.

### Hardware Fail Status Register

The Hardware Fail Status Register contains conditions which indicate errors detected during self-test or power-up of the instrument.

- 0 HCPU Hardware error detected in the microprocessor.
- 1 HROM Hardware error detected in the ROM memory.
- 2 HRAM Hardware error detected in the RAM memory.
- 3 HNVM Hardware error detected in the non-volatile RAM memory.
- 4 HEEP Hardware error detected in the EEPROM memory.
- 5 HMFP Hardware error detected in the Multi-Function Peripheral chip.
- 6 HMSI Hardware error detected in the MSIB interface chip.
- 7 HPIB Hardware error detected in the HP-IB interface.
- 8 HDAC Hardware error detected in the D/A converter.
- 9 HPSU Hardware error detected in the power supply.
- 10 HMIF Hardware error detected in the module interfaces.
- 11 HREF Hardware error detected in the reference oscillator module.
- 12 HVCO Hardware error detected in the VCO module.
- 13 HNF Hardware error detected in the Fractional-N module.
- 14 HOUT Hardware error detected in the RF output module.

# **Status Register Initialization**

The following table defines the initialization values for all the device status reporting registers. The values are set when the instrument is powered up for the first time. All values are given in hexadecimal code.

Register	Enable Mask	PTransition	NTransition
Status Byte	F9	00	00
Standard Event	FF	FF	00
Operational	01	01	01
Questionable	0120	0120	0000
Frequency	03	03	00
Calibration	07	07	00
Hardware	3FFF	3FFF	0000

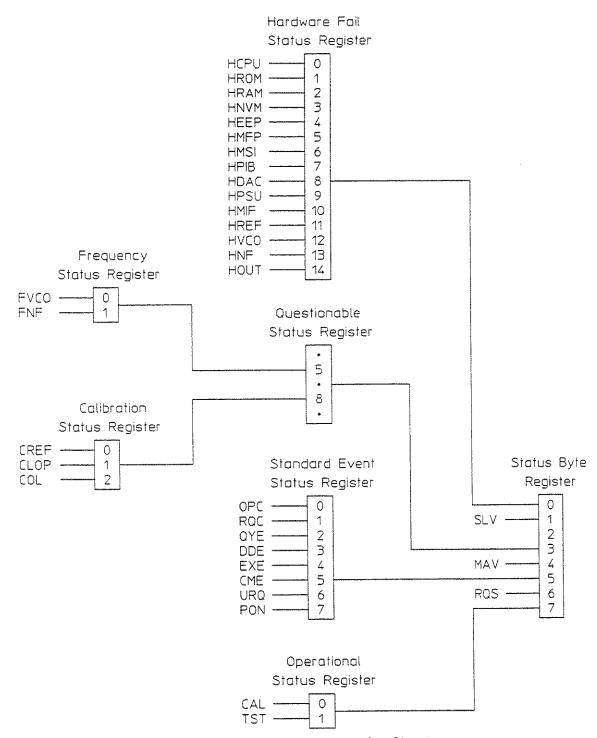


Figure 5-1. TMSL Status Reporting Structure

# **Performance Tests**

### Introduction

The procedures in this section test the instrument's electrical performance to the specifications listed in chapter 1. All tests are performed without accessing the interior of the instrument.

#### Note



If the clock source has been in transit or otherwise stored outwith its normal environment, a 24 hour acclimatization period should be allowed before beginning the performance tests. The clock source should be installed in the MMS System and a 30 minute warm-up period allowed after switch on.

#### **Test Levels**

There are two levels of performance testing:

#### **Operational Verification**

Provides >90% confidence that the module is operating to its full warranted specification.

#### **Full Performance Test**

Ensures that the module is operating to its full warranted specification.

#### Note



The clock source output must be terminated with a 50 ohm impedance when performing operational verification or performance tests. The equipment specified for these tests meets this requirement.

## **Recommended Test Equipment**

The test equipment required is listed in Table 6-1. Any equipment that satisfies the critical specifications provided in the table may be substituted for the recommended model(s).

Table 6-1. Recommended Test Equipment

Instrument	Critical Specification	Recommended Model	Use *
Display Unit **	Unique	HP 70004A	PO
Microwave Counter	Frequency Range 10 Hz-3.3 GHz	HP 5343A	PO
Power Meter	-10 to +10 dBm ±0.03 dB; 50 MHz to 3.3 GHz.	HP 435A	PO
Phase Noise Test Set	Unique	HP 3048A	PO
Signal Generator	Phase Noise <-113 dBc 1 kHz offset	HP 8662A	PO
Signal Generator	Phase Noise <-140 dBc 20 kHz offset	HP 8642B	PO
Spectrum Analyzer	Frequency 1 MHz to 7 GHz Sensitivity 110 dBc - 110 dB	HP 8566B	PO
Cable Adaptor	Unique	HP 11500B (1250-0671)	PO

<sup>\*</sup>P=Performance Tests; O=Operational Verification

#### **Performance Test Record**

Results of the performance tests may be tabulated on the Performance Tests Record at the end of the procedures. The Performance Tests Record lists all of the tested specifications and their acceptable limits. The results recorded at Incoming Inspection can be used for comparison in periodic maintenance and troubleshooting and after repairs or adjustments.

### **Calibration Cycle**

This instrument requires periodic verification of performance depending on its use and environmental conditions. The instrument should be checked using the following performance tests every three years.

## **Operational Verification**

The following Operational Verification tests give a 90% confidence check that the clock source meets the specifications listed in chapter 1.

#### **Procedure**

Install the clock source into the display, setup the equipment as shown in Figure 6-1 and switch on.

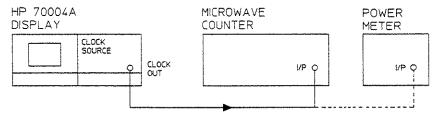


Figure 6-1. Operation Verification Hook-up Diagram

- The display will carry out some self test routines lasting approximately five seconds (these are explained fully in the HP 70004A operating manual).
- The front panel leds on the clock source should all be lit for approximately two seconds 3. and then extinguish.

### To Assign both Display and Keyboard to the Clock Source

To ensure that all clock source softkeys are accessible to the user, the display and keyboard are assigned exclusively to the clock source as follows:

- Press DISPLAY then Address Map.
- Rotate the display knob clockwise until the green box is resting on the same column as the clock source.
- Press ADJUST ROW. Using the display knob move the green box to rest on the CLK SRC.
- Press the ASSIGN BOTH softkey. This assigns both the keyboard and display exclusively to the clock source.

#### **Operational Verification**

8. Press MENU, the display should now look similar to the following:

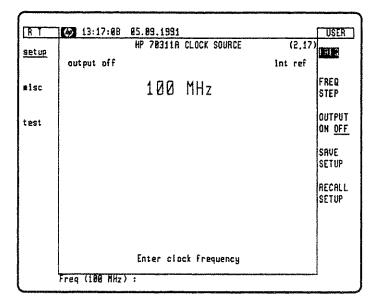


Figure 6-2. Clock Source Status (with setup selected)

- 9. You may now access the clock source setup, misc and test softkey menus.
- 10. Press the Test softkey on the lefthand menu followed by the test All softkey on the righthand menu. The clock source now executes a series of module tests, and at completion gives a display similar to Figure 6-3.

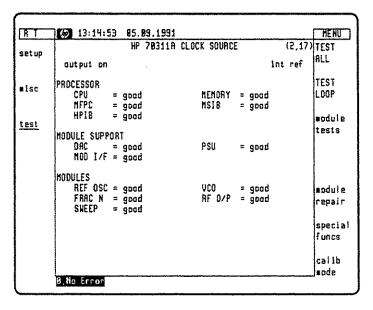


Figure 6-3. Module Tests Display

11. Press the Setup softkey on the lefthand menu. The output frequency which appears at the top of the display should correspond with that shown on the frequency meter.

#### 6-4 Performance Tests

- 12. Change the clock source output frequency to 16.09375 MHz and ensure that the reading on the frequency meter is the same.
- 13. Change the frequency to 1.5 GHz (in the case of the HP 70312A clock source) or 3.3 GHz (in the case of the HP 70311A clock source). Ensure that the reading on the frequency meter corresponds to the value set in the clock source.
- 14. Connect the power meter in place of the frequency meter. Ensure that the reading is in the range -3 dBm to +3 dBm for the three frequencies given in steps 11, 12 and 13.

# **Note**



If any of the above steps cannot be executed or any of the readings should be incorrect, refer to the Troubleshooting section of the HP 70311A/70312A Service Manual.

This completes the Operational Verification tests.

# **Performance Tests**

### Introduction

The following tests assume that the clock source is installed correctly in the display (HP 70004A recommended) and that both display and keyboard are assigned to the clock source. Steps 4 to 8 of the Operation Verification procedures explain how to assign the display and keyboard to the clock source.

### Note



The clock source output must be terminated with a 50 ohm impedance when performing any of the following tests. The equipment specified for these tests meets this requirement.

# **LED Test**

### **Procedure**

- Switch on the display.
- Assign the display and keyboard to the clock source (see steps 4 to 8 of Operation Verification procedure, page 6-4).
- Check that the display is similar to Figure 6-4, and that no errors are present.

#### Note



If errors are present in the system a red letter E will appear in the top lefthand box of the display. To identify the source of errors press the DISPLAY hardkey, followed by the right-menu REPORT ERRORS softkey. Refer to Appendix A at the end of chapter 5 for advice on error reporting. Correct any errors before proceeding to step 4.

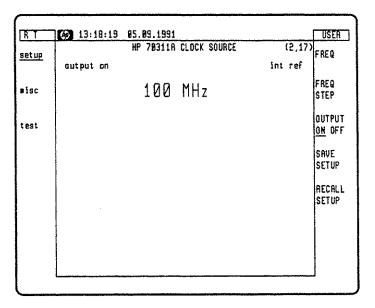


Figure 6-4. HP 70004 Graphics Display

- 4. Select Test from the left hand menu and then module tests from the right hand menu.
- 5. Use the MORE softkey on the right menu to select page 3 and then select LED Test ON/OFF to be ON.
- 6. Ensure that the leds on the front panel of the clock source light sequentially from left to right and then back again. Press the LED Test ON/OFF softkey to stop the test.

# **Module Tests**

### **Procedure**

- 1. Select Test from the lefthand softkey menu, and then Test All from the right hand menu.
- 2. A display similar to the following should appear, and each module label should be highlighted as its test is performed. The module tests will take approximately 3 minutes after which the displayed condition of all modules should be *good*.

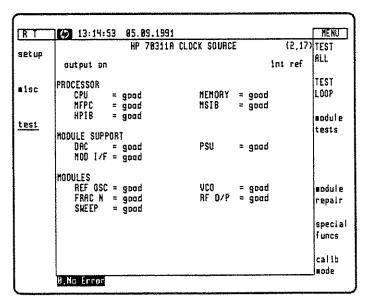


Figure 6-5. Module test display

# **VCO Calibration**

### Introduction

The VCO module can be re-calibrated against internally stored parameters.

- Press the left-menu misc softkey, then the right-menu Cal VCO softkey.
- A display similar to the following will appear and the > symbol will be seen to move from left to right across the screen. On reaching the righthand side, the symbol changes to a and moves towards the left until calibration is complete. Calibration takes approximately six minutes. No errors should have occurred during this time.

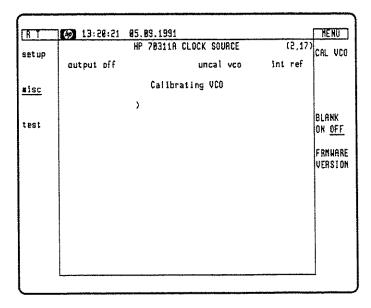


Figure 6-6. VCO Calibration

# Carrier Frequency Accuracy.

## **Specification**

16.09375 MHz to 1.5 GHz for HP 70312A 16.09375 MHz to 3.3 GHz for HP 70311A

## **Frequency Resolution**

Resolution

0.01 Hz.

# Stability (typical)

Using internal reference source

Aging ppm/year after 1 year  $\pm 2$ Temperature ppm, 0 to 45°C  $\pm 6$ 

## Description

The carrier frequency of the clock source is verified with a frequency counter. Various frequencies are checked to ensure that the Clock Source output frequency can be adjusted over the 16 MHz to 1.5 GHz frequency range for the HP 70312A and 16 MHz to 3.3 GHz in the case of the HP 70311A.

## **Equipment**

MMS Display/Mainframe HP 70004A

Frequency Counter HP 5343A

### **Procedure**

1. Connect the equipment as shown.

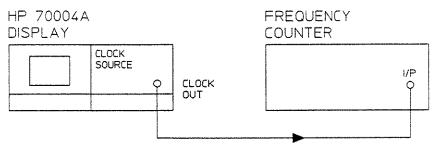


Figure 6-7. Initial Setup

- 2. Press the setup softkey, then set the right-menu OUTPUT ON/OFF softkey to ON.
- 3. Enter each of the following frequencies, ensuring they appear on the display exactly as entered, and record the actual frequency (as read from the frequency counter) in the test record.
  - 515 MHz
  - 750 MHz
  - 1,029,999,999.99 MHz
  - 1.5 GHz
  - 3.3 GHz (HP 70311A only)

All frequencies are typical and may vary in accordance with the reference stability specification.

# Power Level Flatness.

## **Specification**

Output Level  $0dBm \pm 3dB$ .

## Description

The clock source output power is checked for level flatness from 16.09375 MHz to 1.5 GHz (in the case of the HP 70312A) and from 16.09375 MHz to 3.3 GHz (in the case of the HP 70311A).

### **Equipment**

MMS Display/Mainframe HP 70004A
Power Meter HP 435A
Power Sensor HP 8481D

### **Procedure**

1. Connect the equipment as shown.

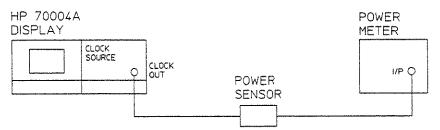


Figure 6-8. Power Level Test setup

- 2. Ensure that the power meter is calibrated as explained in its Operating Manual.
- 3. Enter each of the frequencies shown in the Test Record at the rear of this section and record the power level as read from the power meter.

Any readings outside the permissible limits shown in the test record will necessitate re-calibration of the instrument. This is covered in the Adjustments section of the Service manual.

# **Spectral Purity (Harmonics and Subharmonics)**

# **Specification**

Table 6-2. Harmonics

Frequency Band	
16 - 3300 MHz (70311A)	<-30 dBc
16 - 1500 MHz (70312A)	<-30 dBc

Table 6-3. Sub Harmonics

Frequency Band	
16 -515 MHz	None
515 - 1030 MHz	<-55 dBc
1030 - 2060 MHz (70311A)	<-40 dBc
2060 - 3300 MHz (70311A)	<-35 dBc
1030 - 1500 MHz (70312A)	<-40 dBc

**Table 6-4. Multiplied Sub Harmonics** 

Frequency Band	
16 - 1030 MHz	None
1030 - 2060 MHz (70311A)	<-40 dBc
2060 - 3300 MHz (70311A)	<-35 dBc
1030 - 1500 MHz (70312A)	<-40 dBc

**Table 6-5. Spurious Noise** 

Frequency Band	at 15 kHz offset
16 - 1030 MHz	<-100 dBc
1030 - 2060 MHz (70311A)	<-94 dBc
2060 - 3300 MHz (70311A)	<-88 dBc
1030 - 1500 MHz (70312A)	<-94 dBc

### **Spectral Purity (Harmonics and Subharmonics)**

# **Description**

Harmonics and subharmonics (including multiplied sub harmonics) are observed directly on an RF spectrum analyzer while the clock source is swept over its frequency range.

# **Equipment**

MMS Display/Mainframe HP 70004A RF Spectrum Analyzer HP 8566B

## **Harmonics**

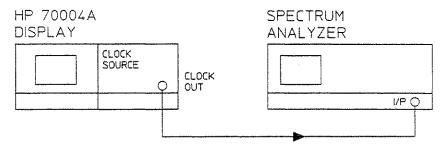


Figure 6-9. Harmonics and Subharmonics Test setup

Note



When using the HP 8566B spectrum analyzer to do harmonic and subharmonic tests, it may be necessary to switch bands during the tests such that the complete span may be swept.

### Procedure

- The equipment is connected as shown in Figure 6-9.
- Select Setup on the HP 70004A display and then setup the conditions given in the first row of Table 6-6, that is, a frequency value of 16.09375 MHz, a frequency step value of 1 MHz and select output ON/OFF to ON.
- 3. Set the spectrum analyzer for a span width of 200 MHz or greater with compatible resolution and display bandwidth smoothing. Set the vertical sensitivity and attenuation to view a 0 dBm signal with at least 40 dB of uncompressed range. Adjust the sensitivity until the Clock Source carrier peak is at a convenient horizontal graticule.
- 4. Use the RPG control knob to increment the output frequency of the clock source to 100 MHz. Observe the fundamental and harmonics of the carrier on the spectrum analyzer. The level of any harmonics should be in accordance with the specifications given in chapter 1.
- 5. Repeat the above procedure for the conditions shown in the following table.

Carrier Frequency Frequency Spectrum Anal. Span Highest Highest Harmonic Actual **Fundamental** Step Level Level 10 - 300 MHz <-30 dBc 16.09375 - 100 MHz 1 MHz 100 MHz - 1.5 GHz 10 MHz 150 MHz - 5 GHz <-30 dBc 1 GHz - 1.5 GHz (HP 70312A) 10 MHz 2 GHz - 5 GHz <-30 dBc 2 GHz - 10 GHz <-30 dBc 1 GHz - 3.3 GHz (HP 70311A) 10 MHz

Table 6-6. Harmonic Test Conditions

# **Subharmonics**

### **Procedure**

- 1. With the equipment still connected as in Figure 6-9, setup the first row of conditions as specified in Table 6-7, that is, output frequency to 16.09375 MHz and frequency step to 1 MHz. Set the spectrum analyzer for a span width of 200 MHz.
- 2. Increment the clock source output frequency and observe the fundamental, subharmonics and multiplied subharmonics (1.5 times the fundamental) of the clock source on the spectrum analyzer.
- 3. Repeat the above procedure for all of the conditions shown in Table 6-7, subharmonic levels should be as specified in Table 6-7.

Table 6-7. Subharmonic test conditions

Carrier Frequency Fundamental	Frequency Step	Spectrum Anal. Span	Highest Subharmonic Level	Highest Actual Level
16.09375 - 100 MHz	1 MHz	0 - 200 MHz	None	
100 - 515 MHz	10 MHz	50 - 800 MHz	None	
515 - 1029 MHz	10 MHz	100 MHz - 4 GHz	<-55 dBc	
1030 MHz - 1.5 GHz	10 MHz	100 MHz - 4 GHz	<-40 dBc	
1.5 - 2060 MHz (HP 70311A)	10 MHz	2 - 6 GHz	<-40 dBc	
2060 - 3.3 GHz 70311A)	10 MHz	2 - 6 GHz	<-35 dBc	

# **Spurious Noise**

### **Procedure**

- 1. With the equipment still connected as in Figure 6-9, setup the first row of conditions as shown in Table 6-8, that is, Carrier Frequency 16.09375 MHz, Frequency step 1 MHz, Span 0 20 MHz.
- 2. Use the display knob to sweep the clock source through its full range. Spurious signal levels should not be above those shown in Table 6-8. Repeat the above procedure for all the conditions shown in Table 6-8.

### Note



Spurious signals should not be confused with harmonically (and sub-harmonically) related outputs. These will normally be of much higher magnitude (-55 to -40 dBc) typically.

Table 6-8. Spurious Noise

Carrier Frequency	Frequency Step	Spectrum Anal. Span	Highest Spurious Level	Highest Actual Level
16.09375 MHz - 1030 MHz	1 MHz	0 - 1030 MHz	<-100 dBc	
1030 MHz - 1.5 GHz	1 MHz	0 - 1.5 GHz	<-94 dBc	
1.5 GHz- 2060 MHz (70311A)	1 MHz	0 - 2.5 GHz	<-94 dBc	
2060 MHz - 3.3 GHz (70311A)	1 MHz	2 - 4 GHz	<-88 dBc	

# Spectral Purity (SSB Phase Noise)

## **Specification**

Table 6-9. Phase Noise

Frequency Band MHz	Offset kHz		
	1	20	100
	dBc/Hz	dBc/Hz	dBc/Hz
16 - 32	-113	-140	-140
32 - 64	-108	-140	-140
64 - 128	-103	-140	-140
128 - 257	-98	-138	-140
257 - 515	-93	-134	-140
515 - 1030	-88	-128	-138
1030 - 2060 (70311A)	-81	-121	-131
2060 - 3300 (70311A)	-75	-115	-125
1030 - 1500 (70312A)	-81	-121	-131

# Description

The single sideband (SSB) phase noise and non-harmonic spurious signals are measured by a system that is specifically designed to measure these parameters-the HP 3048A phase noise measurement system. Measurements are made using a phase detector in a phase lock loop. This method requires a reference signal generator that must have lower phase noise than the source being tested. To this end, an HP 8662A signal generator is used as a reference from 1 kHz out to 20 kHz offset from the carrier and an HP 8642B signal generator is used for frequencies from 20 kHz to 100 kHz offset from the carrier.

# **Equipment**

Phase Noise Test Set	HP	3048A
Signal Generator	HP	8642B
Signal Generator	HP	8662A
MMS Display/Mainframe	НР	70004A

### Note



The following steps are a procedure for making a single-sideband phase noise measurement on a 1GHz carrier. For other frequencies the procedure is similar. If these measurements are to be repeated in the future for this or other clock sources, it will be advantageous to record the entries for each carrier frequency, the test files can then be recalled as needed instead of having to re-enter them each time.

### **Procedure**

1. Connect the equipment as shown.

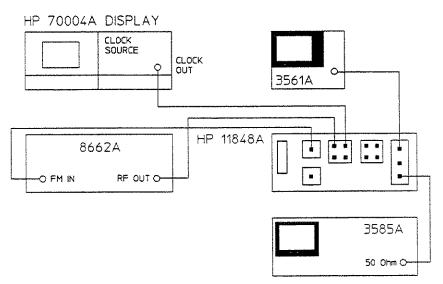


Figure 6-10. Phase Noise Test setup

- 2. Set the clock source under test as follows:-
- 3. Set the OUTPUT ON/OFF softkey to ON.
- 4. Key in 1 GHz.
- 5. Set the HP 3048A to the Main Software Level menu. Refer to Figure 6-11.

MF 3048A PRASE NUISE	SYSTEM MAIN SOFTWARE LEVEL	
TO MAKE A PHASE NOISE MEASO	JREMENT	
1>Define the measurement 2>Measure the noise	tPress	Define Msrmnt
A. using current cal	libr. constantsPress	Repeat Msrmnt
OR B. after generating	new constantsPress	New Marmnt
To describe the system hard	ware configurationPress	System Config
To access the latest graph of	of test resultsPress	Access Graph
To load a typical measurement	nt and its graphPress	<b>Syste</b> m Preset
To perform advanced user one	erationsPress	Spcl Funct'n

Figure 6-11. HP 3048A Phase Noise System Main Software Level

6. On the HP 3048A press the Define Msrmnt softkey to obtain the Measurement Definition menu as in Figure 6-12.

# 

Figure 6-12. Measurement Definition Menu

7. On the HP 3048A press the TYPE/RANGE softkey to obtain the Measurement Type and Frequency Range Specification menu. Set the Measurement Type and Offset Frequency Range as shown in Figure 6-13. When done press the DONE softkey.

MEASUREMENT TYPE:	OFFSET FREQUENCY RANGE:
TO SELECTPress Next Type	ENTER THE FOLLOWING
hase Noise Using a Phase Lock Loop	Start Freq>10
Phase Noise Without Using a PLL	Stop Freq40.E+6Hz
Phase Noise Using an FM Discriminator	Averages4
AM Noise	
Noise Measurement Using HP 3561A Only	<del>-</del>
Baseband Noise Measurement	10.E+9
To return to MEASUREMENT DEFINITION	Press DONE
	399g-p300-ord (86-070)

Figure 6-13. Measurement Type and Frequency Range Specification

8. On the HP 3048A press the Instr. Params softkey to obtain the Source and Interface Parameter Entry menu. Set the parameters and phase detector as shown in Figure 6-14. When done press the DENE softkey.

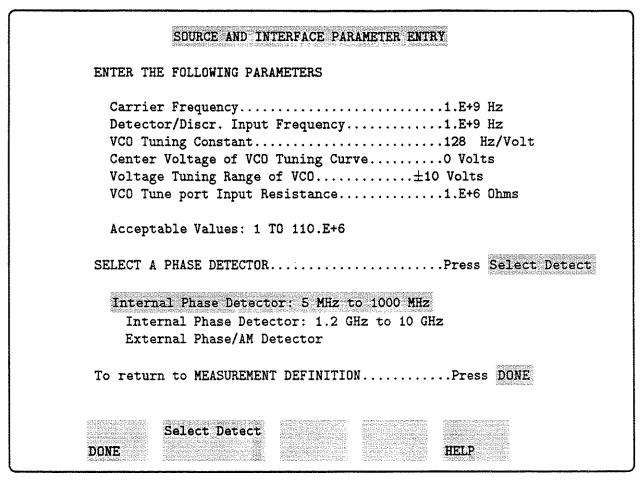


Figure 6-14. Source and Interface Parameter Entry Menu

- 9. On the HP 3048A press the Calibr Process softkey to obtain the Definition of Phase Detector Constant and VCO Tuning Constant menu. Set the method of determining the phase detector and VCO tuning constants and the verification of the phase lock loop suppression as shown in Figure 6-14 (the displayed Computed Constant may be quite different from the one in Figure 6-15, it will be updated later.) When done press the DONE softkey.
- 10. On the HP 3048A press the Source Control softkey to obtain the Source Control for Measurement Using a Phase Lock Loop menu. Set the various devices in the system as shown in Figure 6-16. When done press the DONE softkey.

Figure 6-15. Determination of Phase Detector and VCO Timing Constant

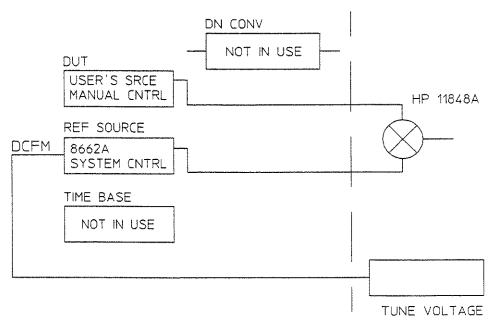


Figure 6-16.
Source control for Measurement Using a Phase Lock Loop Menu

11. On the HP 3048A press the Define Graph softkey to obtain the Graph Definition Menu. Set the graph parameters and graph type as shown in Figure 6-17. Change the title as appropriate for your particular setup. (You may wish to include the serial number of the clock source under test for example.)

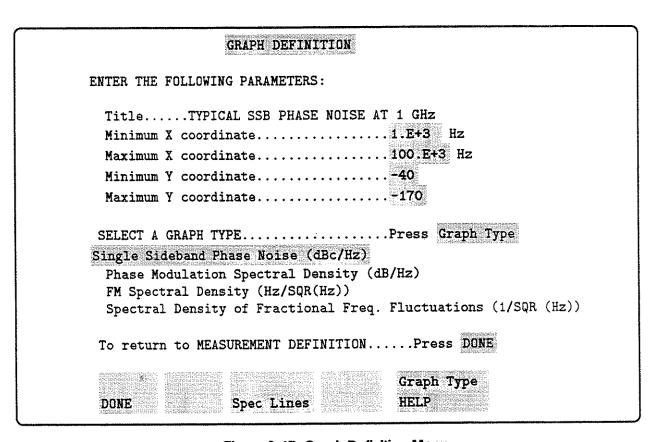


Figure 6-17. Graph Definition Menu

Note

The date, time and carrier frequency information will automatically appear on the measurement result graph.

- 12. When done press the DONE softkey.
- 13. On the HP 3048A press the DONE softkey again to obtain the Main Software Level Menu.
- 14. On the HP 3048A press the New Msrmnt softkey then press the Yes, Proceed softkey.
- 15. When the connect diagram appears on the display, verify that the instrument connections are properly made then press the **Proceed** softkey. The phase noise measurement should proceed without error.
- 16. Steps 5 to 14 should be repeated for the offset frequency range 10 kHz to 100 kHz using the HP 8642B signal generator.

### Spectral Purity (SSB Phase Noise)

Note



At the 20 kHz offset frequency, the phase noise value entered in the performance test results sheet should be the lowest of the two values obtained with the HP 8662A and HP 8642B signal generators.

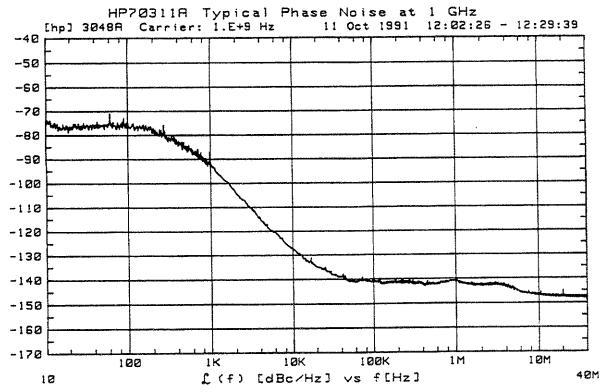
Note



Spurious signals can also be generated by the reference signal generator or may be picked up by interconnecting cables. Figure 6-19 shows a listing of measurement parameters. This listing with the graph itself can be printed by holding down the keyboard's SHIFT key and pressing the Hard Copy softkey.

A plot of typical phase noise is shown in figure 6-18. This plot was obtained using an external precision frequency reference, and EFC control of the reference generator.

If you intend to make measurements of this type frequently, the setup information (carrier frequency, tuning constant, source control etc.) can be easily stored as test files, then loaded as needed. Refer to the HP 3048A Reference Manual for information on storing and loading test files.



### PERTINENT MEASUREMENT PARAMETERS

Measurement Type: PHASE LOCKED K\_VCO Method :COMPUTED

Start Offset Freq: 10 Hz VCO Tune Constant: 11.8 Hz/Volt

Stop Offset Freq:40.E+6 Hz

Minimum Averages: 10 Loop Suppression: NOT VERIFIED

Closed Pll Bandw.: 216.2 Hz Peak Tuning Range: 1.003E+3 Hz

Carrier Frequency: 1.E+9 Hz Peak Tuning Range: 1.003E+3 Hz
Detect. Input Frq: 1.E+9 Hz Assumed Pole : 4.E+3 Hz

Entered K\_VCO : 128 Hz/Volt Dev. Under Test : USER'S SRCE, MAN
Center Voltage : 0 Volts Reference Source : 8662A, SYS, VCO, DCFM

Tune-voltage Rnge: +/- 10 Volts Ext. Timebase : NOT IN USE

Phase Detector : 5 TO 1600 MHz Down Converter : 11729C, SYS

K\_Detector Method: MEASURED HP 11848A LNA : OUT

Detector Constant: 244.7E-3 V/Rad

Figure 6-19. Pertinent Measurement parameters.

# **External Reference Input**

## **Specification**

Input Impedance 50 ohms, AC coupled

Frequency 10 MHz  $\pm 1$  kHz

Amplitude 0.224/2V rms

# Description

A signal generator is used to check the external reference input on the rear panel of the clock source.

### **Equipment**

Signal Generator HP 8662A Cable HP 11500B

Adaptor HP Part Number 1250-0671

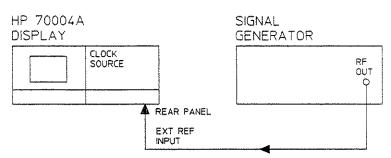


Figure 6-20. Connecting Diagram

### **Procedure**

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 6-20.
- 2. Switch on the power to both the MMS system and to the signal generator.
- 3. Set the signal generator for an output of 10 MHz at 0 dBm.
- 4. Press INSTR PRESET on the display and the display in Figure 6-21 should appear.

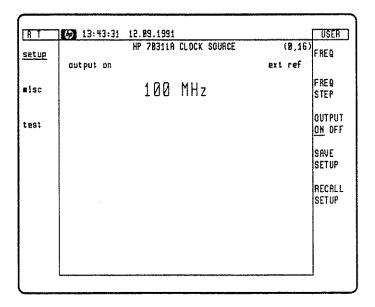


Figure 6-21. Graphics display with External reference

- Ensure that the "ext ref" message is present at the top righthand corner of the display. 5.
- Switch off the function generator. The "ext ref" message should now change to "int ref".

# **Performance Test Record**

Hewlett-Packard Model 70311A/70312A Clock Source

Location:

Serial No ..

Tested by:

Temperature:

Certified by:

Humidity:

Date:

### **Performance Test Record**

Page No.	Test Description	Result		
		Min	Max	Actual
6-3	Operation Verification Test			PASS ( √)
	Performance Tests			` • /
6-7	LED Test			PASS ( √ )
6-8	Module Test			PASS (√)
6-9	VCO Calibration			PASS ( )
6-10	Carrier Frequency Accuracy			, <b>,</b> ,
	515 MHz	514,996,910 Hz	515,003,090 Hz	
	750 MHz	749,995,500 Hz	750,004,500 Hz	
	1,029,999,999 MHz	1029,993,821 Hz	1030,006,180 Hz	
6-12	Power Level Flatness			
	20 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	30 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	40 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	60 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	70 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	120 Mhz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	140 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	250 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	260 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	500 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	530 MHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	1 GHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	1.5 GHz at 0 dBm	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	2.0 GHz at 0 dBm (HP 70311A only)	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	2.2 GHz at 0 dBm (HP 70311A only)	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	
	3.3 GHz at 0 dBm (HP 70311A only)	-3 dBm	+3 dBm	

### **Performance Test Record**

# **Performance Test Record (continued)**

Page No.	Test Description		Result	
			Max	Actual
6-13	Spectral Purity (Harmonics)			
6-15	Harmonics			
	HP 70312A only			
	16 to 1500 MHz < -30 dBc		-30 dBc	
	HP 70311A only			
	16 to 3300 MHz < -30 dBc		-30 dBc	
6-16	Subharmonics			
	16 to 515 MHz (None)			
	515 to 1030 MHz		-55 dBc	
	1030 to 1500 MHz		-55 dBc	
	1500 to 3300 MHz (HP 70311A)		-55 dBc	
6-17	Spurious Noise			
	0 to 1030 MHz		-100 dBc	
	1030 to 1500 MHz	-	-94 dBc	
	1500 to 2060 Mhz (HP 70311A)		-94 dBc	
	2060 to 3300 MHz (HP 70311A)		-88 dBc	•
6-18	SSB Phase Noise			
	Frequency Offset			
	24 MHz 1 kHz		-113 dBc	
	24 MHz 20 kHz		-140 dBc	
	24 MHz 100 kHz		-140 dBc	
	48 MHz1 kHz		-108 dBc	
1	48 Mhz20 kHz		-140 dBc	
	48 MHz100 kHz		-140 dBc	
	96 Mhz1 kHz		-103 dBc	
	96 Mhz20 kHz	<u> </u>	-140 dBc	·
	96 MHz100 kHz		-140 dBc	
	192 MHz1 kHz		-98 dBc	
	192 MHz20 kHz		-138 dBc	
	192 Mhz100 kHz		-140 dBc	
	384 MHz1 kHz		-93 dBc	
	384 MHz20 kHz		-134 dBc	
	384 MHz100 kHz	**************************************	-140 dBc	
	768 MHz1 kHz		-88 dBc	
	768 MHz20 kHz		-128 dBc	
1	768 MHz100 kHz		-138 dBc	

# **Performance Test Record**

# Performance Test Record (continued)

Page No.	Test Description	Result	
	HP 70311A only		
	1536 MHz1 kHz	-81 dBc	
	1536 MHz20 kHz	-121 dBc	
	1536 MHz100 kHz	-131 dBc	
	3072 MHz1 kHz	-75 dBc	
	3072 MHz20 kHz	-115 dBc	
	3072 MHz100 kHz	-125 dBc	

# **Error Messages**

# **Error Messages**

Each error message is comprised of an error number and an error description. The format of error messages is :

<error number>, "<error description>"

The errors are grouped into classes of error numbers as defined below.

### The Error Queue

As errors are detected they are placed in an error queue. The queue is first in, first out. When all errors have been read from the queue, further error queries return: 0, No error.

If the error queue overflows, the last error in the queue is replaced with the error: -350, Too many errors. On queue overflow the least recent errors remain in the queue and the most recent error is discarded. The queue has space for 12 errors.

If one or more permanent error conditions occur, successive error queries will return the error messages, followed by: 0, No error. Further error queries will repeat the sequence of permanent error messages followed by: 0, No error. This sequence informs the user that the whole error queue has been read but the error conditions still exist.

### No Error

0, No error

#### Command Errors

An error number in the range [-199, -100] indicates that an IEEE 488.2 syntax error has been detected by the instrument's parser.

- -100, Command error
- -101, Invalid character
- -102, Syntax error
- -103, Invalid separator
- -104, Data type error
- -108. Parameter not allowed
- -109, Missing parameter

- -110, Command header error
- -111, Header separator error
- -112, Program mnemonic too long
- -113, Undefined header
- -114, Header suffix out of range
- -120, Numeric data error
- -121, Invalid character in number
- -123, Exponent too large
- -124, Too many digits
- -128, Numeric data not allowed
- -140, Character data error
- -141, Invalid character data
- -144, Character data too long
- -148, Character data not allowed
- -150, String data error
- -151, Invalid string data
- -158, String data not allowed

### **Execution Errors**

An error number in the range [-299, -200] indicates that an error has been detected in the instrument's execution control block.

- -200, Execution error
- -222, Data out of range

# **Device-Specific Errors**

An error number in the range [-399, -300] indicates that the instrument has detected an error which is not a command error, an execution error, or a query error.

- -300, Device-specific error
- -350, Too many errors

### **Query Errors**

An error number in the range [-499, -400] indicates that the output queue control of the instrument has detected a problem with the message exchange protocol.

> -400. Query error

-410,Query interrupted

-420.Query unterminated

Query deadlocked -430.

Query unterminated after indefinite response -440,

### **Hardware Failure Errors**

An error number in the range [100, 500] indicates that the instrument has detected an internal fault condition. The error messages are listed in Appendix B.

## **Grouping of Error Messages**

For the purpose of slaving the clock source to other instruments, the error messages may be divided into three groups: controller induced errors, user induced errors and instrument induced errors.

### Controller Induced Errors

These are caused by errors in the syntax of commands given to the instrument.

-199 to -100 All command errors

-499 to -400 All query errors

### **User Induced Errors**

These are caused by command data which is outwith the operating range of the instrument.

Data out of range (execution error) -222

### **Instrument Induced Errors**

These are caused by errors detected in the instrument's hardware/firmware.

-200 Execution error

All device-specific errors -399 to -300

100 to 500 All hardware failure errors

# Power-on / Reset Conditions

### Initial Power-on or NVM RAM Error

This condition occurs when the instrument is powered up for the very first time, or when the contents of the non-volatile RAM memory have previously been lost. The condition can be caused by a battery failure, the installation of a new revision of firmware, or the replacement of the processor board.

- a. The operating frequency is set to 100 MHz.
- b. The RF output is turned ON.
- c. The RF output blanking is turned OFF.
- d. The 10 instrument state storage registers are all set to 100 MHz frequency, 1 MHz step size, RF output ON, RF output blanking OFF.
- e. The device status registers are initialized to the values given in Table 5-1.
- f. The VCO loop is recalibrated.
- g. The error message queue is cleared.
- h. The EEPROM data may also be initialized, as described in the following paragraph.

### Power-on after an EEPROM Error

This condition occurs if an EEPROM checksum error is detected when the instrument is powered up. The condition can be caused by powering up the instrument for the very first time, or the replacement of the processor board.

- a. The calibration of the internal reference oscillator and output level control are set to the default values stored in ROM memory.
- b. The other power-on conditions are as described in the previous and next paragraphs.

### Normal Power-on

This condition occurs when the instrument is powered up after previous normal operation.

- a. The operating frequency and the 10 instrument state storage register values are preserved through a power fail.
- b. The RF output ON/OFF state is preserved through a power fail.
- c. The Service Request Enable Register and Standard Event Status Enable Register are cleared if the power-on-status-clear flag is true, otherwise they are preserved through a power fail.
- d. The enable states of all status registers apart from the Service Request Enable Register and Standard Event Status Enable Register are preserved through a power fail.
- e. The Standard Event Status Register is cleared.
- f. The error message queue is cleared.

### **Instrument Reset**

This condition occurs when a \*RST command is received, a SYSTem:PRESet command is received, or when the front panel PRESET key is operated.

- a. The operating frequency is set to 100 MHz.
- b. The frequency step size is set to 1 MHz.
- c. The RF output is turned ON.
- d. The RF output blanking is turned OFF.
- e. Any currently running self tests are turned off.

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# Hardware Error Messages

There are three groups of hardware errors; fatal hardware, non-fatal and soft errors.

Fatal hardware errors are caused by hardware failures in the instrument. They cause any self-tests to stop immediately. An associated bit is set in the Hardware Fail Status register; the DDE bit is set in the Standard Event Status register and a message is put into the error message queue.

Non-fatal hardware errors are caused by transient or correctable hardware errors in the instrument. Any self-tests, apart from the loop test, continue to run to check for further errors. The error reporting is the same as for fatal errors.

Soft errors are caused by lack of calibration of a module or transient errors. The DDE bit is set in the Standard Event Status register and a message is put into the error message queue. Subsequent self tests of the uncalibrated module will not show an error condition.

## Hardware Errors

- 100, Cpu condition code
- Cpu register bit/decode error 101.
- 102, Cpu move instruction error
- 103, Cpu math instruction error
- Cpu bit manipulation error 104,
- Cpu program control error 105,
- Cpu data bus error 106,
- 107, Cpu address mode error
- 108. Cpu noise test error
- 109, Cpu ram check error
- Cpu hi ports data bus error 110,
- Cpu lo ports data bus error 111.
- Cpu bad led status latch 112,
- Ram U25 data error 120.
- 121, Ram U25 addr error
- 122. Ram U26 data error
- Ram U26 addr error 123,
- Ram U27 data error 124,
- 125, Ram U27 addr error
- Ram U28 data error 126,
- Ram U28 addr error 127,

1		
.*	190	Dam II16
~	130,	
at a	131,	
** 	132,	Rom bad datecodes
	140,	Nvm battery error
ms.	150,	Eerom bad control latch
er <sup>e</sup>	151,	Eerom verify error
es. St	152,	Eerom cycle error
	153,	
my Se	r	
	160,	Mfp bad mfp controller
eng. Per	161,	Mfp aer verify error
	162,	Mfp ddr verify error
n. S	163,	
··· <sub>v</sub>	164,	-
	165,	
······································		- ·
	166,	Mfp imrb verify error
***	167,	Mfp tadr verify error
A.	168,	
· .	169,	- ·
, of	170,	<del>-</del>
per l	171,	Mfp timer a, count too slow
٠٠.	172,	Mfp timer a, int pending error
	173,	Mfp timer a, reload error
e of	174,	Mfp tbdr verify error
	175,	
. 0	176,	
er <sub>s</sub>	177,	
	178,	
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of a		<del>_</del> _
	180,	Mfp timer b, reload error
	181,	Mfp tddr verify error
	182,	Mfp tcdcr verify error
	183,	
•••	184,	
••	185,	
	186,	
		<del>_</del>
	187,	Mfp timer d, reload error
-	188,	Mfp uart tx error
e art	189,	
4.	190,	<del>-</del>
unt.	191,	<del>.</del>
• •	192,	
***	192,	
	139,	with nois noto error
en e	200,	Msib bad msib controller

- 201, Msib module at address 31
- Msib external loop broken 202,
- 203, Msib test pkt lost
- 204. Msib test pkt type error
- Msib test pkt size error 205,
- 206, Msib test pkt data error
- 210, Hpib bad hpib controller
- Hpib bad hpib data lines 211,
- 212, Hpib bad atn line
- Hpib bad srq line 213,
- Hpib bad eoi line 214,
- Hpib bad ren line 215,
- 216, Hpib bad ndac line
- Hpib bad int line 217,
- Hpib bo int error 218,
- 219, Hpib source handshake error
- 230,Voltmeter mux. error
- Voltmeter dc gnd error 231,
- 232,Voltmeter rms gnd error
- Voltmeter reference error 233,
- Cal dac dc gnd error 234.
- 235, Cal dac reference error
- Cal dac 0V, dc vco o/p error 236,
- Cal dac +3V, dc vco o/p error 237,
- Cal dac 0V, dc nf o/p error 238,
- Cal dac 0V, ac nf o/p error 239,
- Cal dac +3V, dc nf o/p error 240,
- 241, Cal dac +3V, ac nf o/p error
- 242, Cal dac -3V, dc nf o/p error
- 243,Cal dac -3V, ac nf o/p error
- Psu + 5V error 250.
- 251, Psu +10V error
- 252, Psu +15V error
- Psu +38V error 253,
- Psu 5V error 254,
- 255, Psu -15V error
- 260, Modif serial control latch error
- Modif serial latch error 261,
- 262, Modif serial clock error
- Modif serial data error 263,
- 264,Modif parallel bus latch error
- Modif parallel bus buffer error 265,
- 266, Modif parallel bus data error
- 270. Ref. osc latch error

271, Ref. osc dac error 272, Ref. osc o/p disable error 273, Ref. osc o/p enable error 280, Vco communication error 281, Vco mux. error 282, Vco mux. gnd error 283,Vco 0V fm drive, dc error Vco 0V fm kv, ac error 284, 285, Vco 0V fm kv, dc error Vco ext discr. error 286,287, Vco 0V pl drive, dc error 288, Vco 0V vco tune, dc error 289, Vco 0V pretune dac, dc error 290, Vco 0V pretune dac, ac error Vco pretune dac mid range error 291, 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 0 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 1 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 2 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 3 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 4 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 5 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 6 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 7 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 8 292, Vco pretune dac error bit 9 293, Vco pretune dac max error 294, Vco pretune dac max, filter error 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 0 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 1 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 2 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 3 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 4 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 5 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 6 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 7 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 8 295, Vco osc rf o/p error bit 9 296, Vco pl rf error bit 0 296, Vco pl rf error bit 1 296, Vco pl rf error bit 2 296, Vco pl rf error bit 3 296.Vco pl rf error bit 4 296, Vco pl rf error bit 5 296, Vco pl rf error bit 6 296, Vco pl rf error bit 7 296, Vco pl rf error bit 8 Vco pl rf error bit 9 296,

- 297, Vco low pretune mixer offset error
- 298, Vco low pretune mixer zero error
- Vco high pretune mixer offset error 299,
- 300, Vco high pretune mixer zero error
- 301, Vco t\_comp +ve offset error
- 302, Vco t\_comp -ve offset error
- Vco +ve lna fll kd 1 error 303.
- Vco +ve lna fil kd 2 error 303,
- Vco +ve lna fil kd 3 error 303,
- Vco -ve lna fll kd 1 error 304.
- Vco -ve lna fll kd 2 error 304,
- Vco -ve lna fll kd 3 error 304,
- 305, Vco lna o/p +ve polarity error
- 306,Vco lna o/p -ve polarity error
- 307, Vco slow integrator error
- Vco phase dac 0V, dc error 308,
- Vco phase dac 0V, ac error 309,
- Vco phase dac mid range error 310,
- 311, Vco phase dac error bit 0
- Vco phase dac error bit 1 311,
- Vco phase dac error bit 2 311,
- Vco phase dac error bit 3 311,
- 311, Vco phase dac error bit 4
- Vco phase dac error bit 5 311,
- Vco phase dac error bit 6 311,
- Vco phase dac error bit 7 311,
- 312. Vco phase dac max error
- 313, Vco phase dac pretune error
- 314, Vco +3V fm drive, dc error
- Vco fm kv fm mode off error 315,
- Vco fm kv fm mode 40 dB error 316,
- Vco fm kv fm mode 20 dB error 317.
- 318, Vco fm kv fm mode 0 dB error
- 319, Vco 0V fm fll, dc error
- Vco 0V fm fll, ac error 320.
- 321, Vco fm dac error bit 0
- Vco fm dac error bit 1 321.
- 321,Vco fm dac error bit 2
- Vco fm dac error bit 3 321,
- 321, Vco fm dac error bit 4
- Vco fm dac error bit 5 321,
- 321, Vco fm dac error bit 6
- 321, Vco fm dac error bit 7
- 322, Vco fm dac max error
- 323, Vco fm fll polarity error
- Vco fm fll off error 324.
- Vco fll lock kv error 325,
- Vco fil lock lna error 326.

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