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HOW TO USE INSTRUCTION MANUAL

This instruction manual concerns how to operate the frequency measurement/FRQ and integrator function/INTEG which are options for the Digital Power Meter 2533E. Use this manual along with the following instruction manual.

For GP-IB Interface, RS-232-C Interface, Frequency Measurement option: /FRQ and Integrator Function: /INTEG, refer to a separate manual.

| Instrument Name | Instruction Manual No. |
|---|---------------------------|
| Digital Power Meter (Single phase, AC, DC/AC) | IM 2533E-01E |
| Digital Power Meter (Three-phase Three-wire, AC, DC/AC) | IM 2533E-03E |
| Digital Power Meter (Three-phase Four-wire, AC, DC/AC) | |
| Frequency Measurement | IM 2533E-50E |
| Integrator Function | |
| GB-IB Interface | IM 2533E-51E |
| RS-232-C Interface | IM 2533E-70E |

1. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT

The frequency of input connected to the voltage terminal (V1 for triple phase model) or current terminal (A1 for triple phase model) is measured. The measurement range is automatically changed from 2 Hz to 200 kHz.

When the filter is ON, the filter of 500 Hz is effective and high frequency components contained in the frequency measurement signal are eliminated. When/INTEG (integrating function) is provided, D-A output of frequency is obtained also.

1-1. Operation for Frequency Measurement

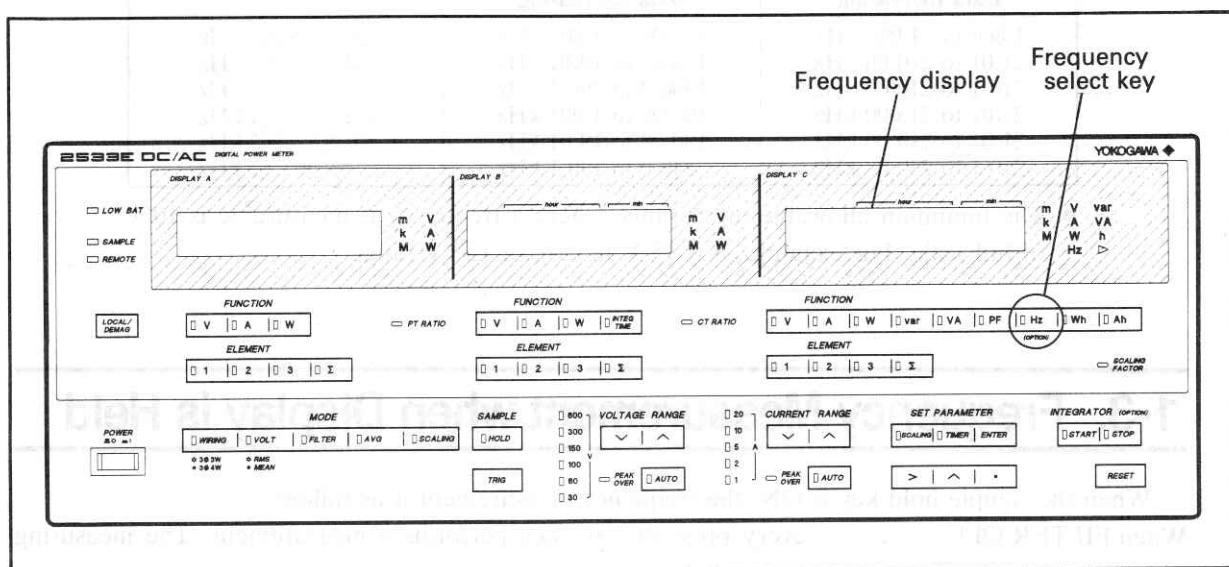


Figure 1-1. Panel for Triple Phase Model.

The frequency can be measured by pressing **[Hz]** key out of the function keys of DISPLAY C in Figure 1-1.

Pressing the **[Hz]** key lights up the lamps for the function key **[V]** and element key **[1]** in case of triple phase model and indicates the frequency of V1 on DISPLAY C. In case of a single phase model, only **[V]** key comes on.

Pressing **[Hz]** again lights up the lamps for **[A]** and **[1]** (for **[A]** only in case of single phase model) and indicates the measured frequency of A1 on DISPLAY C.

During a frequency measurement, pressing another function key (V, A, W, var, VA, PF, Wh, Ah) transfers the control to the corresponding function mode.

- Pressing **[Hz]** key when the element **[2]** or **[3]** of DISPLAY C is selected, the element is **[1]**. During frequency measurement, neither element **[2]** nor **[3]** of DISPLAY C is selectable.

1-2. Frequency Display Range and Display Format

The frequency display range and measurement time are shown in Table 1-1, and the display format is shown in Table 1-2.

Table 1-1. Display Range and Time.

| FILTER Condition | Display Range | Measurement Time |
|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| FILTER ON | 2.00 Hz to 500 Hz | 1.6 s |
| FILTER OFF | 10.00 Hz to 200 kHz | 0.4 s |

Table 1-2. Display Format.

| Measured Data | | Display Format |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Data Increasing | Data Decreasing | |
| 1.800 to 21.000 Hz | 19.000 to 1.800 Hz | ○○.○○○ Hz |
| 21.01 to 210.00 Hz | 190.00 to 19.01 Hz | ○○○.○○ Hz |
| 210.1 to 2100.0 Hz | 1900.0 to 190.1 Hz | ○○○○.○ Hz |
| 2.101 to 21.000 kHz | 19.000 to 1.901 kHz | ○○.○○○ kHz |
| 21.01 to 210.00 kHz | 190.00 to 19.01 kHz | ○○○.○○ kHz |
| 210.1 to 240.0 kHz | 240.0 to 190.1 kHz | ○○○.○ kHz |

- The minimum allowable input range where a frequency is measurable is 10% of full scale. For example, it is 15 V in case of 150 V range.

1-3. Frequency Measurement when Display is Held

When the sample hold key is ON, the frequency measurement is as follows.

When FILTER OFF every press of **TRIG** key performs a measurement. The measuring time is 0.4 s.

When FILTER ON 1.6 s after pressing **TRIG** key, display is carried out.

When the filter is ON, the frequency measurement signal is subjected to a filter of $f_c=500$ Hz (f_c : cutoff frequency), which does not affect measurement of V, A or W. This filter is useful when measuring a frequency of PWM type inverter as shown in Figure 1-2. It eliminates influence by the carrier frequency and permits to measure the fundamental frequency only.

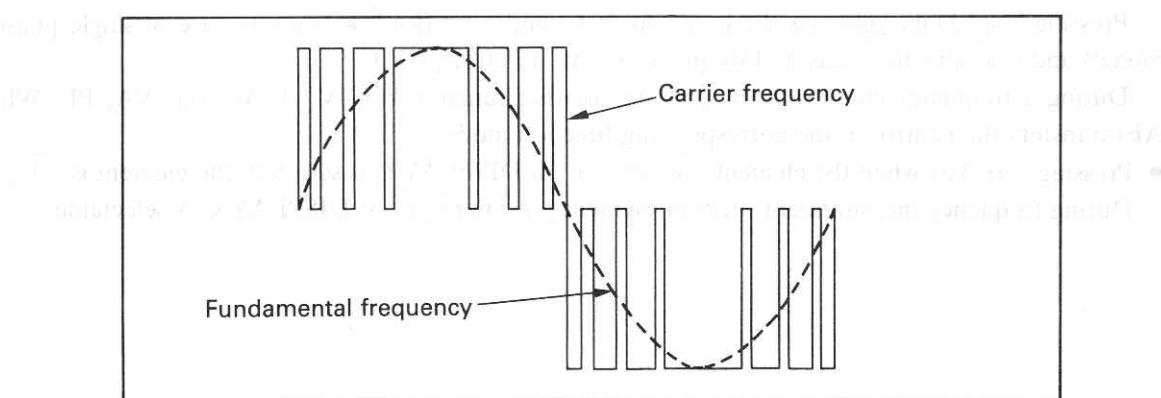


Figure 1-2. Voltage Waveform of PWM Inverter.

2. INTEGRATOR FUNCTION

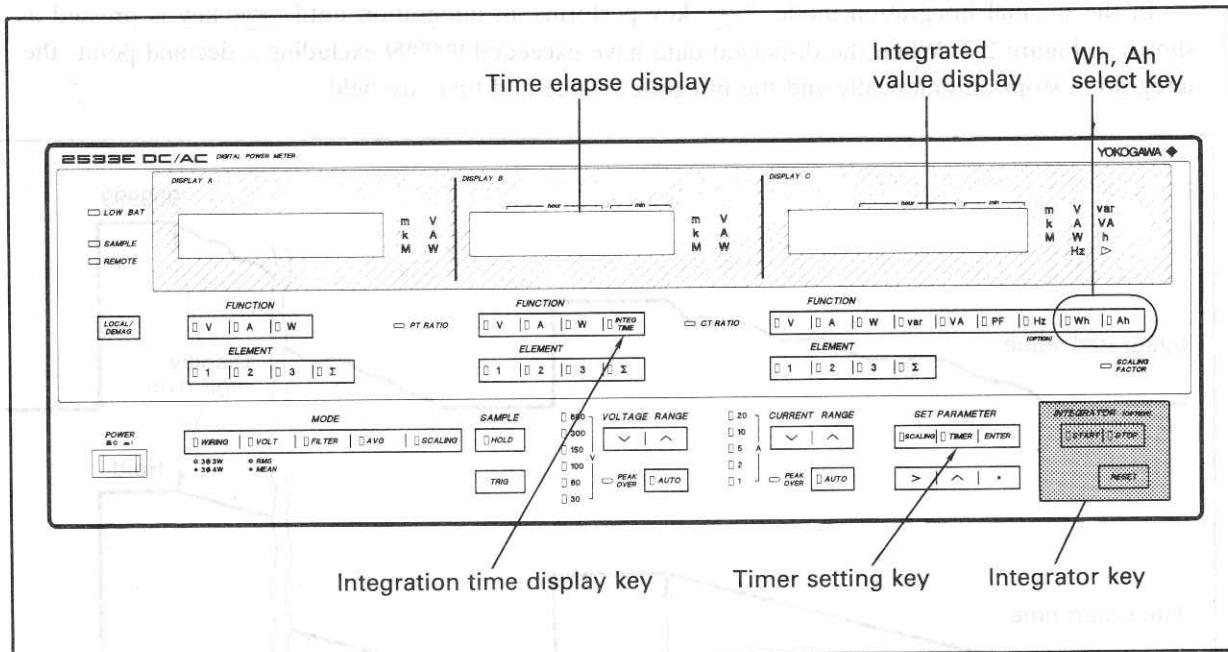


Figure 2-1.

The integrator function carries out an integration of effective power or current. The single phase model can measure Ah and Wh, and the triple phase version can measure Aih, Wih, Σ Ah and Σ Wh. When validating the integrator function, the integrated value is indicated on DISPLAY C, and the lapse of integrating time is indicated on DISPLAY B as shown in Figure 2-1.

The integrated value is usually increasing. When the measured value is negative, however, the integrated value decreases or is a negative value.

The integrator function has 3 different modes given below.

- (1) Manual integration mode
- (2) Standard integration mode
- (3) Continuous integration mode

2-1. Manual Integration Mode

In the manual integration mode, **[START]** key performs an integration until **[STOP]** key is pressed as shown in Figure 2-2. When the displayed data have exceeded 999999 excluding a decimal point, the integration stops automatically and the integrated value and time are held.

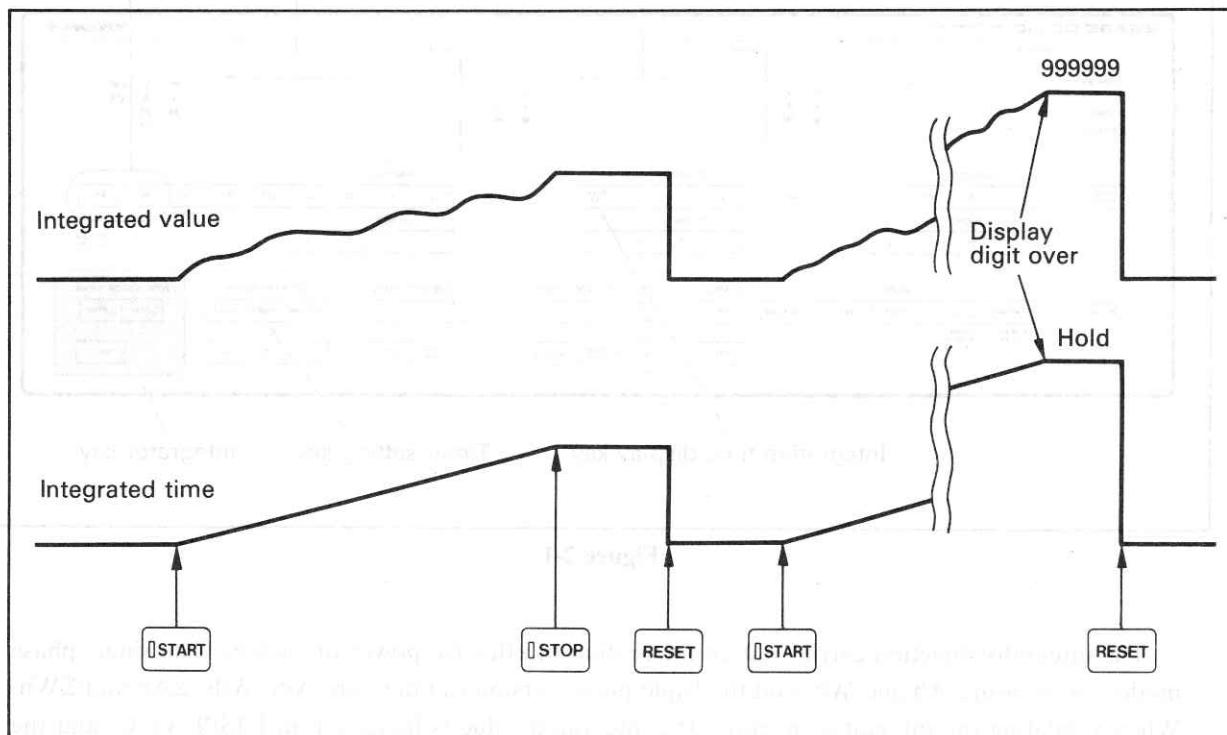


Figure 2-2. Manual integration mode operation

(1) Setting Manual Integration Mode

The manual integration mode is posted when the timer setting on DISPLAY C is $\frac{00000}{\text{hour} \quad \text{min}}$. For the timer setting, refer to **2-8. How to Set Timer** page 2-12.

When the instrument is delivered, the manual integration mode is posted.

(2) Setting Display Resolution

The display resolution of displayed value is changeable as shown in Table 2-1 by setting DIP switches on INTEG board in 2533E. For changing DIP switches, refer to **2-10. Setting Internal Switches** on pages 2-16 to 2-17.

Table 2-1.

| DIP Switches | | Resolution with Respect to Rated Display of W, A | | Min. Integration Time* |
|--------------|-----|--|---|------------------------|
| 1 | 2 | | | |
| ON | ON | 100 Times | Point position and factor are determined within range where rated value of 1 hour does not exceed 2000000 excluding point | 30 min |
| OFF | ON | 10 Times | Point position and factor are determined within range where rated value of 1 hour does not exceed 200000 excluding point | 5 h |
| ON | OFF | 1 Time | Point position and factor are determined within range where rated value of 1 hour does not exceed 20000 excluding point | 50 h |
| OFF | OFF | 0.1 Time | Point position and factor are determined within range where rated value of 1 hour does not exceed 2000 excluding point | 500 h |

* Time when integrated value overflows at 100% input.

When on a single phase model, the voltage range is set at 100 V and the current range at 20 A, the display of the rated effective power is 2000.0 W. (Refer to **2-7. Digital Display** in instruction manual for mainframe 2533E.)

When a resolution of 0.1 W is desired in this case, setting of 1 time in the table suffices (min. integration time is 50 h). When a resolution of 1 W suffices, 0.1 time has only to be set. (Min. integration time is 500 h.)

The elapsing time of the timer stops at 999 h. The unit displayed is mWh, Wh, kWh and MWh according to the decimal point.

The setting of display resolution by DIP switches is effective only in this manual integration mode.

2-2. Standard Integration Mode

The standard integration mode is posted by setting the timer. Setting the timer automatically selects a display resolution and performs a display. As shown in Figure 2-3, at time-out (setting time end), the integration terminates automatically and the integrated value and integration time are held.

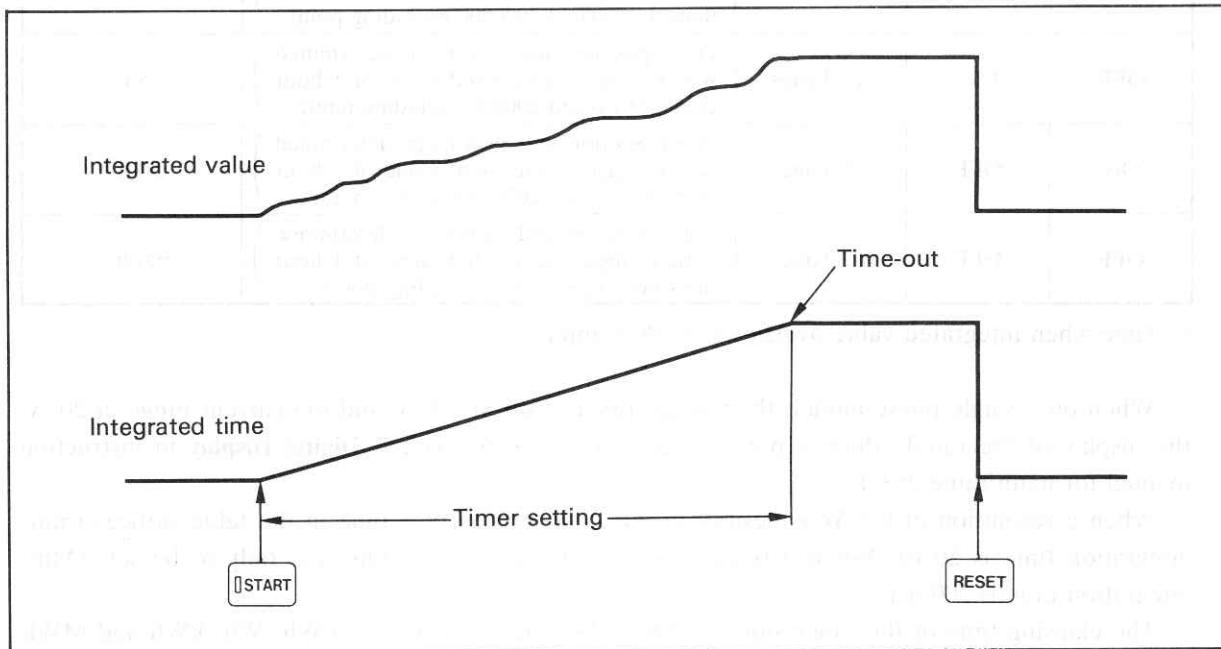


Figure 2-3.

The display resolution is as shown in Table 2-2 according to the timer setting. When the timer is set to 24 hours for example, the display resolution is 0.1 time. Therefore, when a voltage range of 100 V and a current range of 20 A are selected, an effective power of 2000.0 W is displayed, the integrated power is $20000 \times 0.1 = 2000$ W, and the integration is made with a resolution of 1 W.

Table 2-2.

| Timer Setting | Resolution with Respect to Rated Display of W, A | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 00h: 01min to 01 : 00 | 10 Times | (Point position and factor are determined within range where rated value of 1 hour does not exceed 200000 excluding point) |
| 01 : 01 to 10 : 00 | 1 Time | (Point position and factor are determined within range where rated value of 1 hour does not exceed 20000 excluding point) |
| 10 : 01 to 100 : 00 | 0.1 Time | (Point position and factor are determined within range where rated value of 1 hour does not exceed 2000 excluding point) |

During integration, manual stop and start are available. In this case, the integration time is not counted while in stoppage and the actually integrating time only is displayed.

2-3. Continuous Integration Mode

The continuous integration mode is posted by changing over the DIP switch on INTEG board in 2533E and setting the timer. Refer to **2-10. Setting Internal Switches** (page 2-16) as for changing over the DIP switch.

As shown in Figure 2-4, at time-out (set time end) of integration, the integrated value and integration time are automatically reset and an integration is started again. At this time, a service request SRQ (INTEG END) is generated on GP-IB. The display resolution is the same as in the standard integration mode.

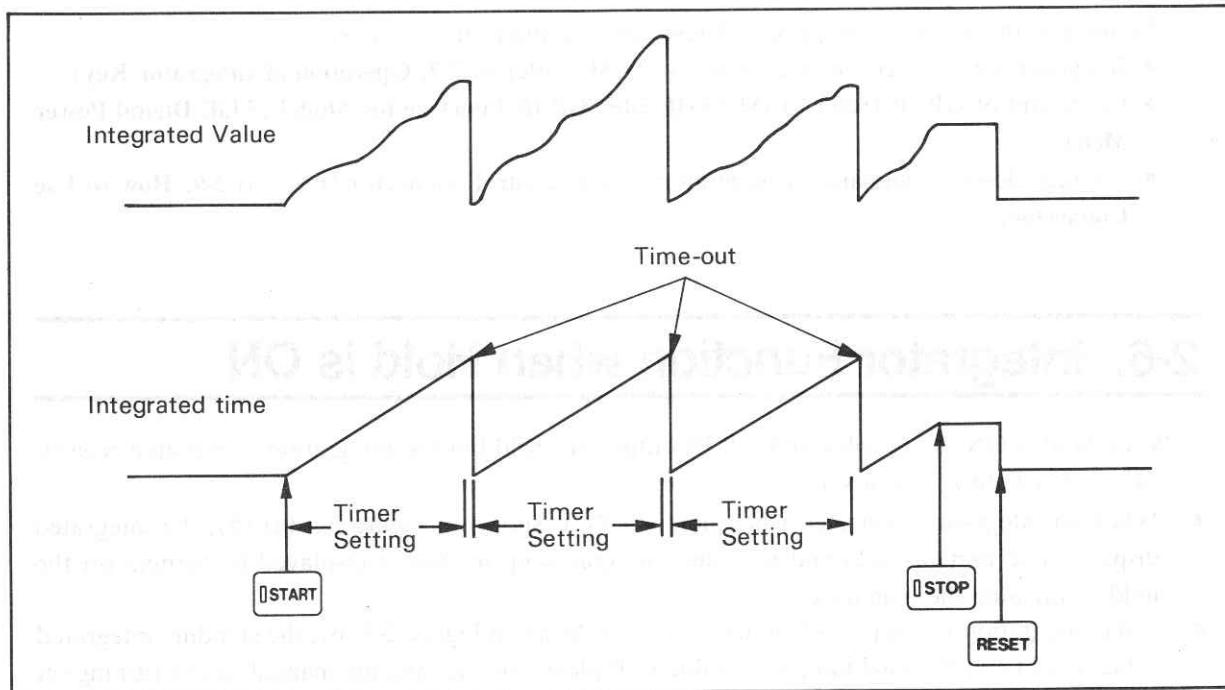


Figure 2-4.

During integration, manual stop and start are available. In this case, the integration time is not counted while in stoppage and the actually integrating time only is displayed.

2-4. Backup at Power Failure

If power has stopped during integration, the integrated value and integrating time are prevented from being destroyed. When power has recovered, the integration remains stopped. After power failure, data are held but restart is not allowed. When performing an integration, press the reset key.

2-5. Integration Start, Stop and Reset

The integration is started, stopped and reset by 3 methods given below.

- Integrator key located on front panel of 2533E (refer to 2-7. Operation of Integrator Key)
- Command of GP-IB (refer to IM 2533E-50E: GP-IB Interface for Model 2533E Digital Power Meter)
- Contact closure command of integrator remote control connector (refer to 2-9. How to Use Connector)

2-6. Integrator Function when Hold is ON

When hold is ON, the display and GP-IB output are held but the integration is executed regardless of whether hold is ON or OFF.

- When an integration is started when hold is ON as shown in Figure 2-5 (a)/(b), the integrated display value remains held and the value integrated up to then is displayed by turning off the hold or pressing the manual key.
- If the integration is stopped when hold is ON as shown in Figure 2-5 (b), the standing integrated value is held and the final integrated value is displayed by pressing the manual key or turning off the hold.
- If power has been suspended while hold is ON, the integrated value and integrating time up to the power failure are displayed. They are not held values. In case of time-out, the integrated value at the time-out is displayed.

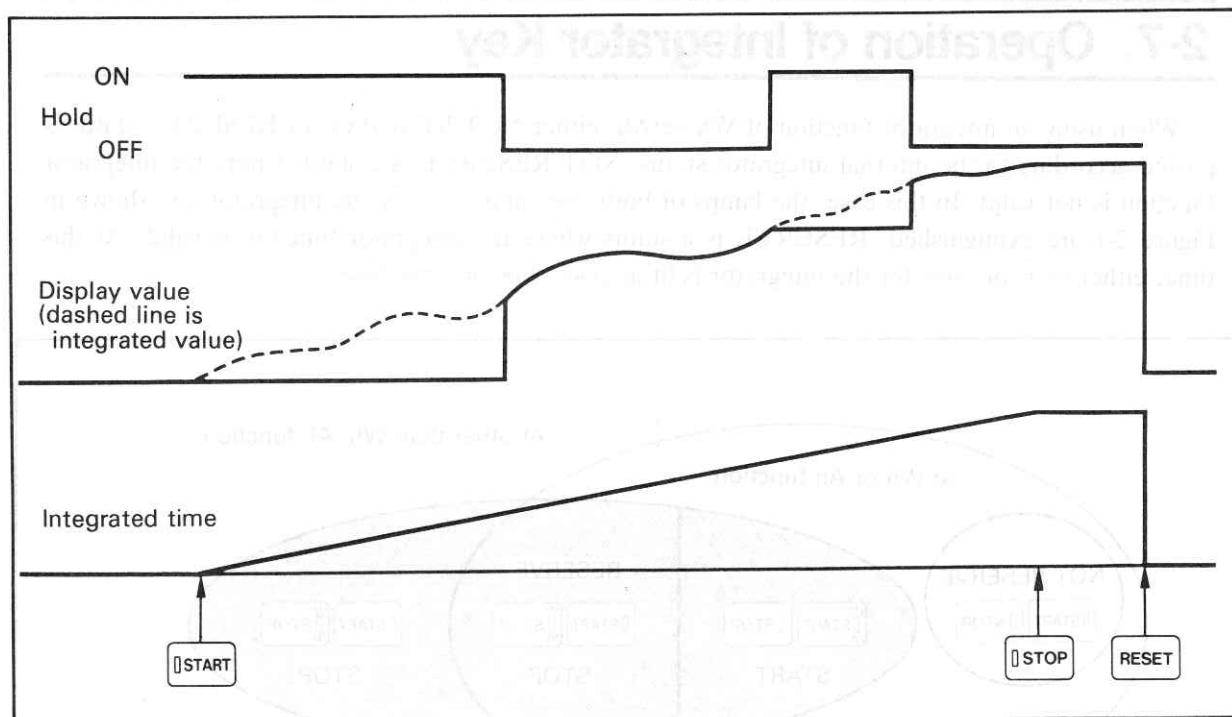


Figure 2-5 (a).

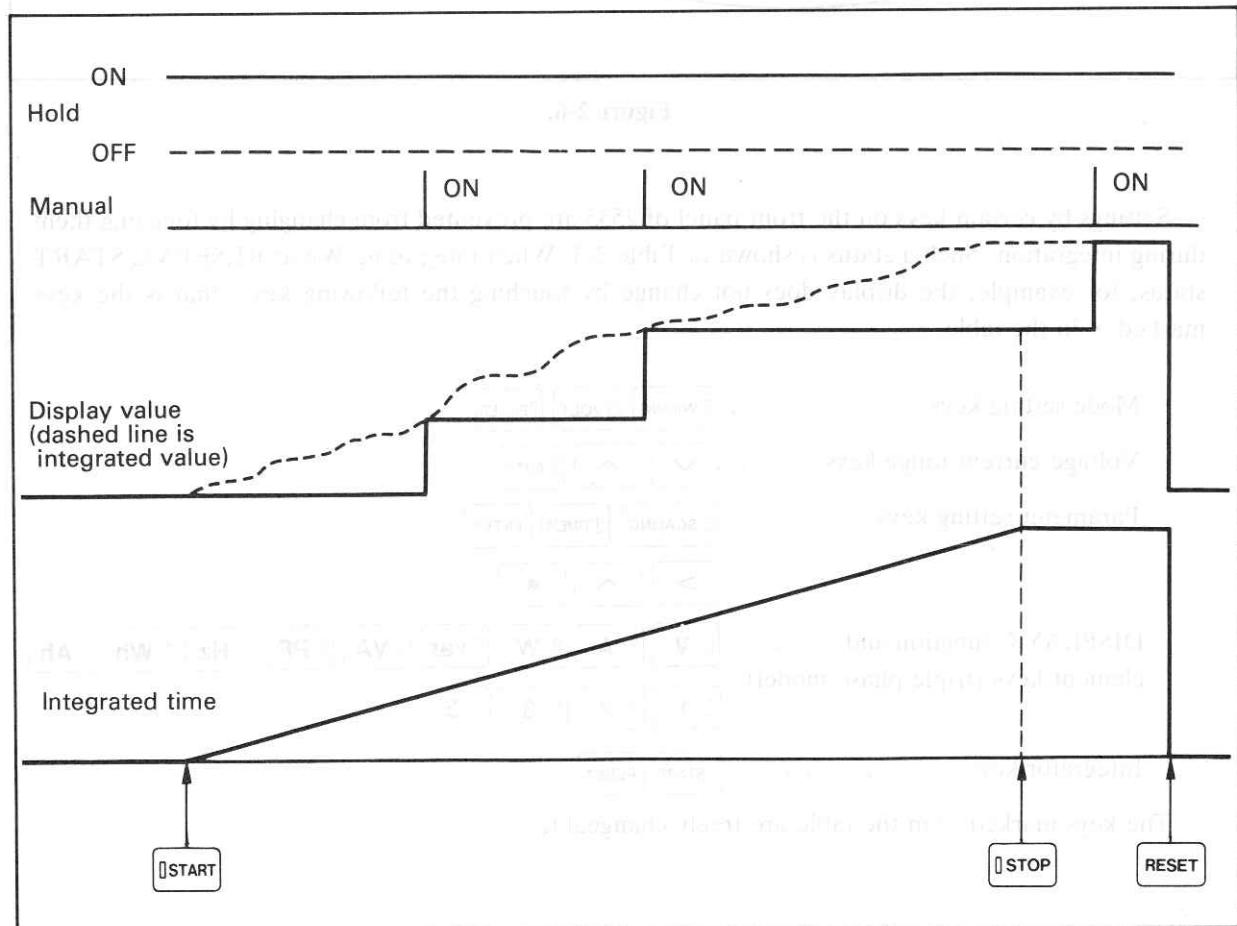


Figure 2-5 (b).

2-7. Operation of Integrator Key

When using an integrator function of Wh or Ah, either NOT RESERVE or RESERVE status is posted according to the internal integrator status. NOT RESERVE is a status where the integrator function is not valid. In this case, the lamps of both **[START]** and **[STOP]** for the integrator key shown in Figure 2-1 are extinguished. RESERVE is a status where the integrator function is valid. At this time, either **[START]** or **[STOP]** for the integrator is lit as **[START] [STOP]** OR **[START] [STOP]**.

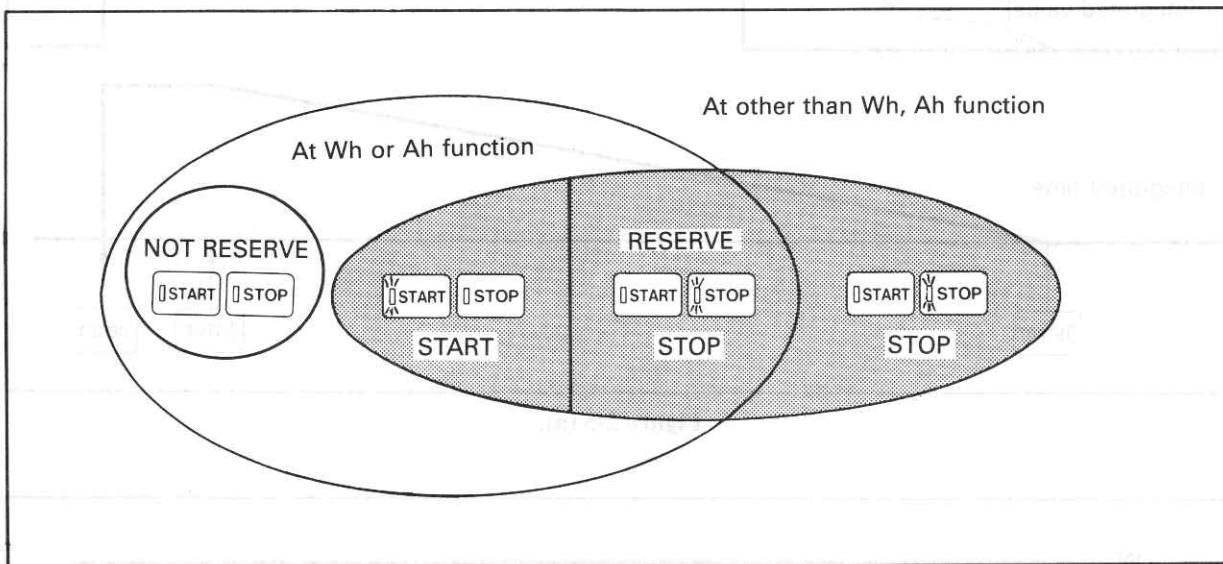


Figure 2-6.

Settings by certain keys on the front panel of 2533 are prevented from changing by touching them during integration. Such a status is shown in Table 2-3. When integrating Wh at RESERVE START status, for example, the display does not change by touching the following keys, that is the keys marked \times in the table.

| | | | |
|--|------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Mode setting keys | [WIRING] | [VOLT] | [FILTER] |
| Voltage/current range keys | [▼] | [▲] | [AUTO] |
| Parameter setting keys | [SCALING] | [TIMER] | [ENTER] |
| | [>] | [^] | [■] |
| DISPLAY C function and element keys (triple phase model) | [V] | [A] | [W] |
| | [var] | [VA] | [PF] |
| | [Hz] | [Wh] | [Ah] |
| | [1] | [2] | [3] |
| | [Σ] | | |
| Integrator keys | [START] | [RESET] | |

The keys marked \circ in the table are freely changeable.

Table 2-3. Triple Phase Model.

| Key | Status | At Wh or Ah Function | | | At other than Wh, Ah Function | |
|--|---------|----------------------|---------|------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| | | NOT RESERVE | RESERVE | | RESERVE | NOT RESERVE |
| START | STOP | STOP | STOP | STOP | STOP | STOP |
| MODE | WIRING | ○ | X | X | X | ○ |
| | VOLT | ○ | | | | |
| | FILTER | | | | | |
| | Avg | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| | SCALING | | | | | |
| | HOLD | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| SAMPLE | TRIG | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| VOLTAGE RANGE | ▼ | ○ | | | | |
| | ▲ | ○ | X | X | X | ○ |
| CURRENT RANGE | AUTO | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| SET PARAMETER | SCALING | ○ | X | X | X | ○ |
| | ENTER | | | | | |
| | > | ○ | | | | |
| | ^ | | | | | |
| | ■ | | | | | |
| | TIMER | ○ | X | X | X | X |
| | ENTER | | | | | |
| | > | | | | | |
| | ^ | | | | | |
| | ■ | | | | | |
| FUNCTION ELEMENT of DISPLAY A, DISPLAY B | | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| FUNCTION ELEMENT of DISPLAY C | | ○ | X | ○ | ○ | ○ |
| INTEGRATOR | START | ○ | X | ○ | X | X |
| | RESET | | | | | |
| | STOP | X | ○ | X | X | X |
| | | | | | | |

Single phase model is not provided with WIRING and DISPLAY A, B and C ELEMENT keys.

Typical Operation for Integration

Figures 2-7 and 2-8 exemplify an operation by changing to other function keys during integration. In the figure, (a) indicates a case where the key is locked midway whereby starting is impossible, and (b) indicates a case where an integrator function is available by correct keying.

- If the peak over lamp of voltage and current ranges has illuminated, starting is not allowed.
- In case of peak over or overrange during integration, the integration is pursued as data of up to 150%.

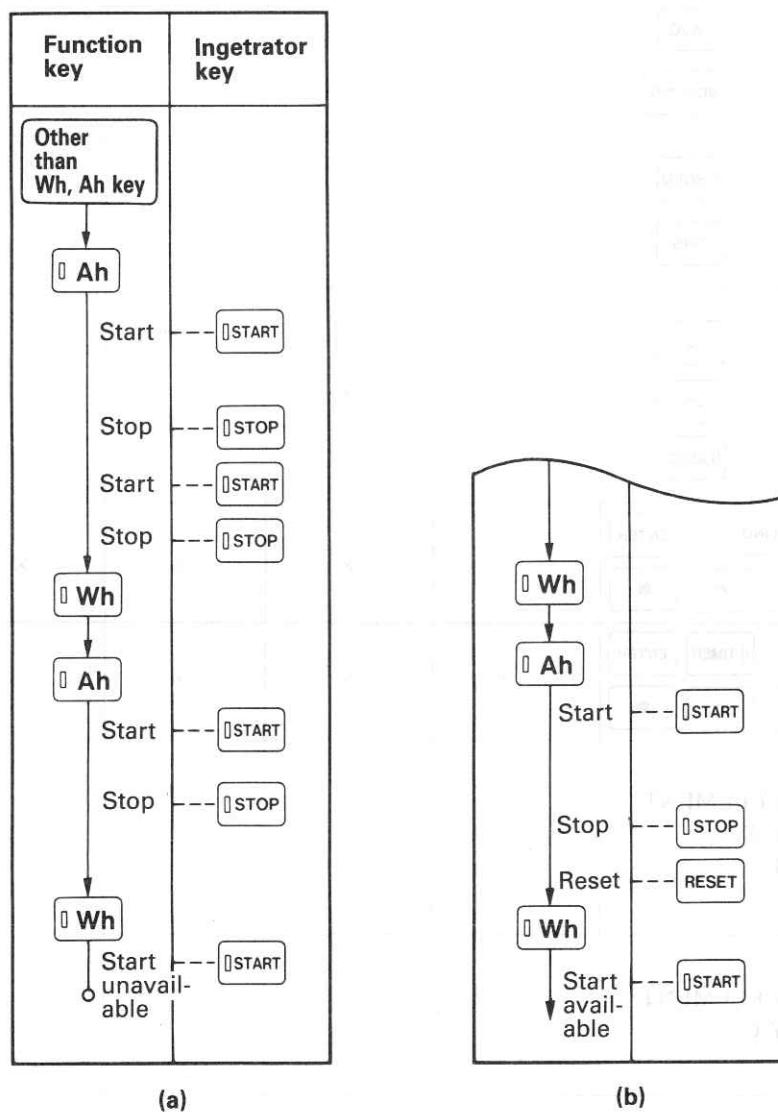


Figure 2-7.

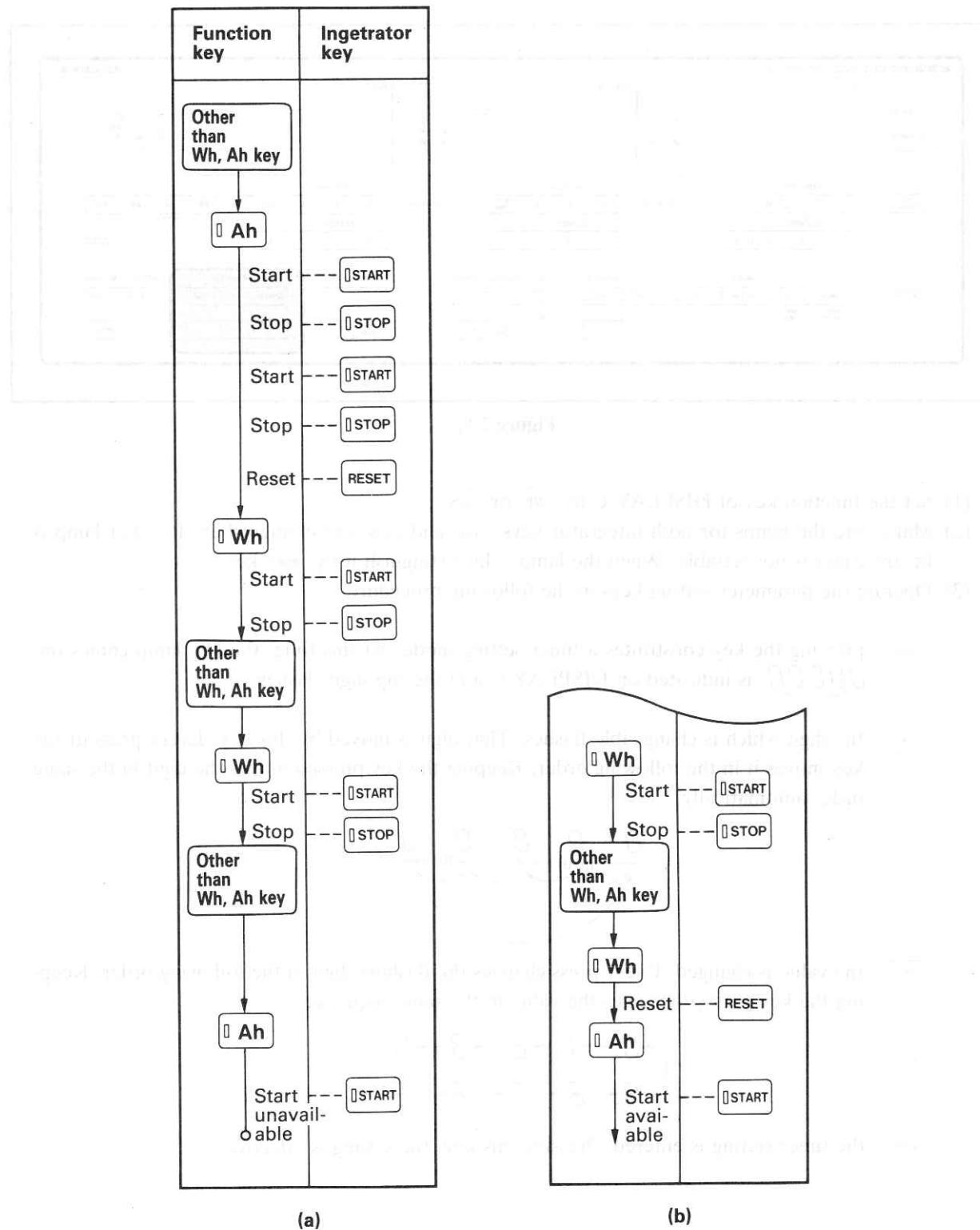


Figure 2-8.

2-8. How to Set Timer

The timer is set by parameter setting keys marked  in Figure 2-9.

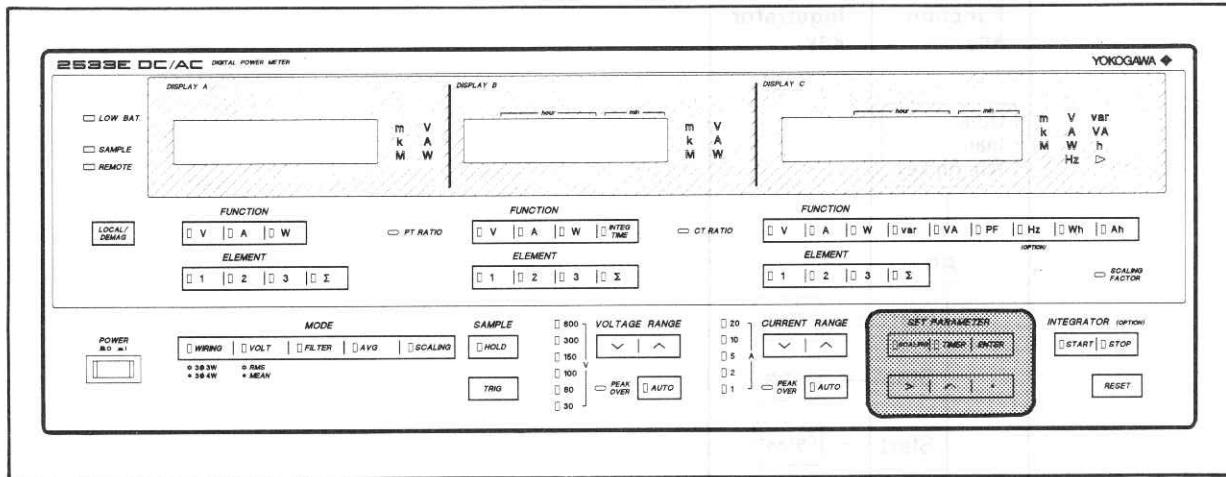
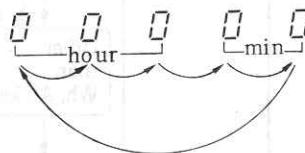


Figure 2-9.

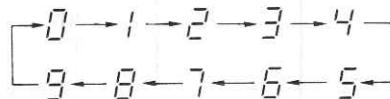
- (1) Set the function key of DISPLAY C to  or .
- (2) Make sure the lamps for both integrator keys  and  are extinguished. If either lamp is lit, the timer is not settable. When the lamp is lit, extinguish it by  key.
- (3) Operate the parameter setting keys in the following procedure.

 : pressing the key constitutes a timer setting mode. At this time, the key lamp comes on,  is indicated on DISPLAY C and the top digit flashes.

 : the digit which is changeable flashes. That digit is moved by this key. Every press of the key moves it in the following order. Keeping the key pressed moves the digit in the same order automatically.



 : the value is changed. Every press changes the flashing digit in the following order. Keeping the key pressed changes the value in the same sequence.



 : the timer setting is entered. Pressing this key, the setting is effective.

2-9. How to Use Connector

The integrator function provided performs the following through an integrator remote control/analog output connector.

- 1) Start, stop and reset of integrator function by external signal (refer to 2-9-1.)
- 2) Analog output of Wh, Ah, Hz, VA, var, PF in display mode of DISPLAY C (refer to 2-9-2.)

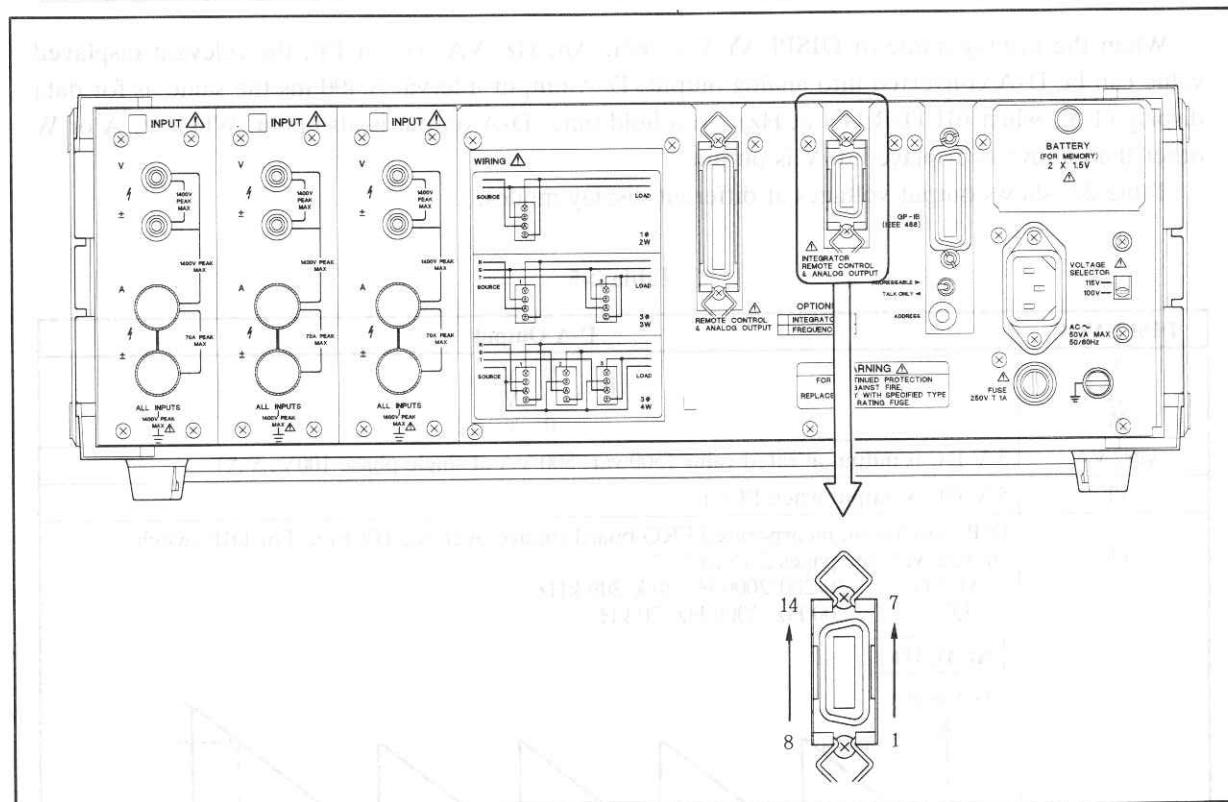


Figure 2-10.

Table 2-4 shows connector pin numbers.

Table 2-4. D-A OUTPUT & INTEG. CONTROL INPUT.

| Pin No. | Signal Name | Pin No. | Signal Name |
|---------|-------------|---------|--------------|
| 1 | DIG. COM | 8 | + 5 V |
| 2 | DIG. COM | 9 | |
| 3 | EXT. START | 10 | EXT. STOP |
| 4 | EXT. RESET | 11 | |
| 5 | INTEG. BUSY | 12 | 100Hz OUTPUT |
| 6 | ANALOG COM | 13 | ANALOG COM |
| 7 | D-A OUT | 14 | |

2-9-1. EXT. START, EXT. STOP and EXT. RESET Signals

When controlling Wh or Ah integrator function by an external signal, the pulse width of the external signal must be 20 ms or more.

2-9-2. D-A Output

When the display mode of DISPLAY C is Wh, Ah, Hz, VA, var or PF, the relevant displayed value can be D-A converted into analog output. D-A output interval is 400 ms the same as for data display (1.6 s when FILTER ON at Hz). At a hold time, D-A output is also held. When V, A or W other than above is displayed, 0 V is output.

Table 2-5 shows output voltages at different display modes.

Table 2-5.

| DISPLAY C | D-A Output | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|---------------|--------|----------------|----------|-----------------|
| V | 0 V | | | | | | | | |
| A | 0 V | | | | | | | | |
| W | 0 V | | | | | | | | |
| var, VA | 5 V DC is output at rated value (500 var, 500 VA at single phase 100V, 5 A) | | | | | | | | |
| PF | 5 V DC is output when PF=1 | | | | | | | | |
| Hz | <p>DIP switches on incorporated FRQ board change over AUTO/FIX. For DIP switch changeover, see pages 2-16 to 2-17.</p> <p>AUTO 20/200/2000 Hz/20 k/200 kHz FIX 200 Hz, 2000 Hz, 20 kHz</p> <p>At AUTO</p> <p>At FIX</p> | | | | | | | | |
| Ah Wh | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Resolution at display of rated W, A</td> <td>Data output as 5V</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 times</td> <td>1 hour rating</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1 time</td> <td>10 hour rating</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.1 time</td> <td>100 hour rating</td> </tr> </table> | Resolution at display of rated W, A | Data output as 5V | 10 times | 1 hour rating | 1 time | 10 hour rating | 0.1 time | 100 hour rating |
| Resolution at display of rated W, A | Data output as 5V | | | | | | | | |
| 10 times | 1 hour rating | | | | | | | | |
| 1 time | 10 hour rating | | | | | | | | |
| 0.1 time | 100 hour rating | | | | | | | | |

- D-A output is developed up to $\pm 150\%$ when the rated value is 100%.

| | |
|-------------|--------|
| Beyond 150% | 7.5 V |
| 150% | 7.5 V |
| 100% | 5.0 V |
| 0% | 0 V |
| -100% | -5.0 V |
| -150% | -7.5 V |
| Below -150% | -7.5 V |

- An error is output at +7.5 V.
- Figures 2-11 and 2-12 are time charts for D-A output.

When hold is ON, D-A output corresponds to display. When the display data are renewed by manual start, D-A output is renewed at the same time.

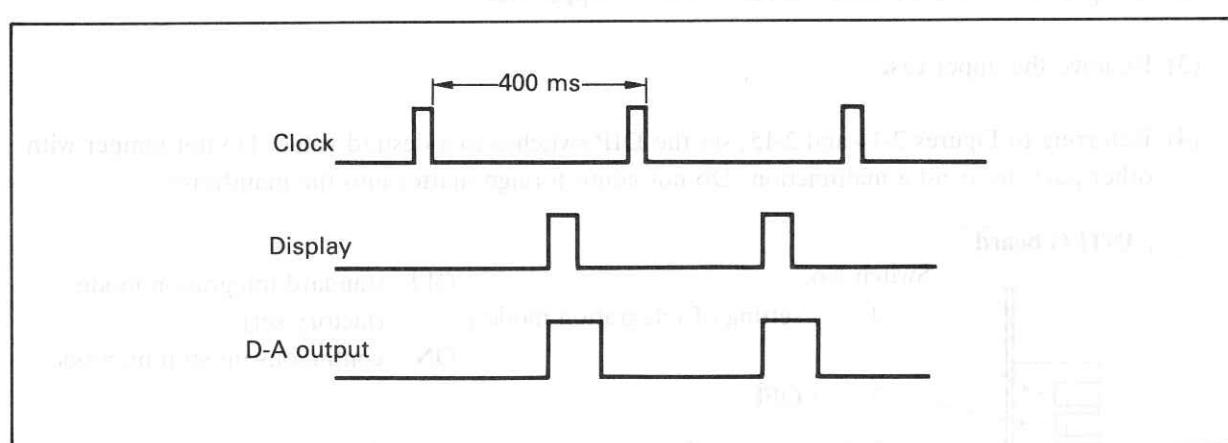


Figure 2-11. When hold is OFF.

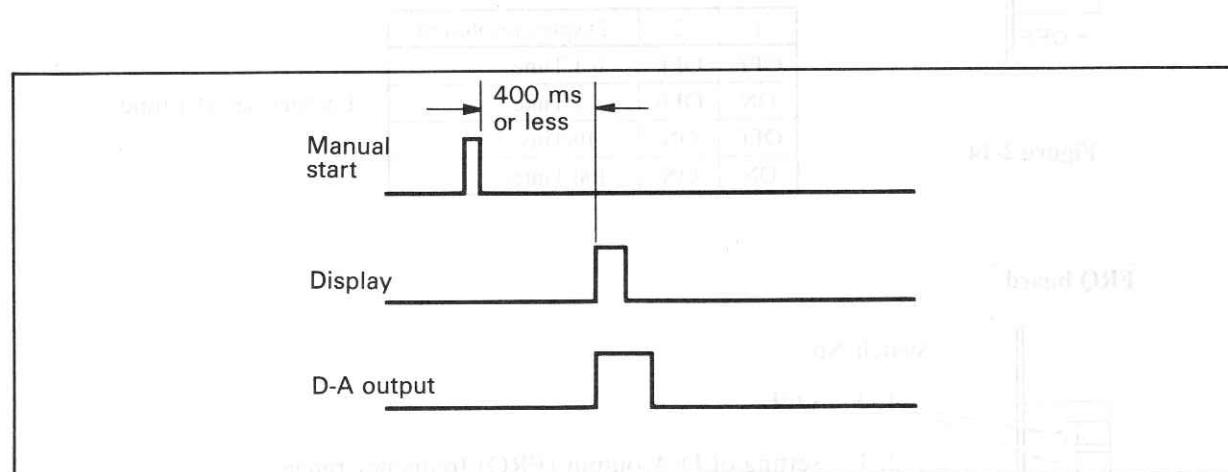


Figure 2-12. When hold is ON.

2-10. Setting Internal Switches

Setting the DIP switches on INTEG and FRQ boards in 2533E performs the following.

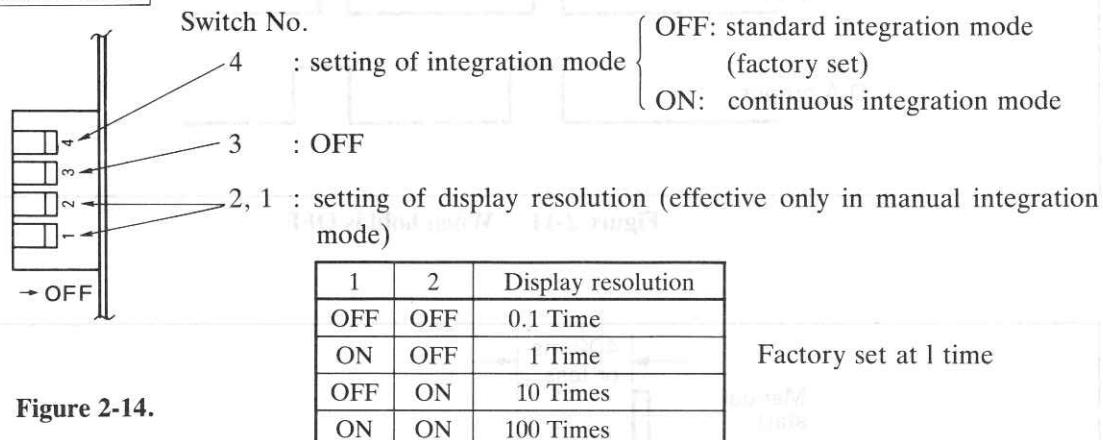
- INTEG board • Setting display resolution
- Setting continuous integration mode
- FRQ board • Setting AUTO/FIX of D-A output (Hz)

INTEG and FRQ boards are installed when designating optional/INTEG and /FRQ, respectively.

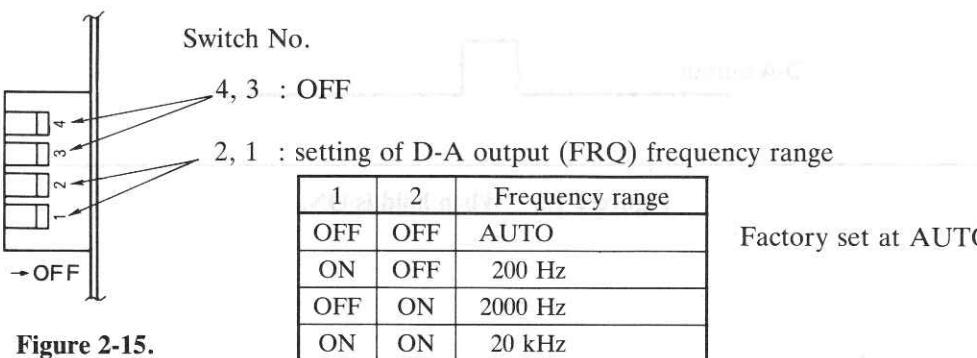
Switch Setting Procedure

- (1) Disengage the power cord from 2533E. Remove the rubber cover from the side front of 2533E (see Figure 2-13.). When a fixture is attached, remove it by a screwdriver referring to Figure 2-6 in the instruction manual of the mainframe.
- (2) Using a screwdriver, loosen 4 screws from the upper case.
- (3) Remove the upper case.
- (4) Referring to Figures 2-14 and 2-15, set the DIP switches to a desired value. Do not tamper with other parts to avoid a malfunction. Do not admit foreign matter into the mainframe.

INTEG board



FRQ board



- (5) After the DIP switches are set, mount the upper case, tighten the screws and mount the rubber cover or fixture.

Thus, the internal switches have been set.

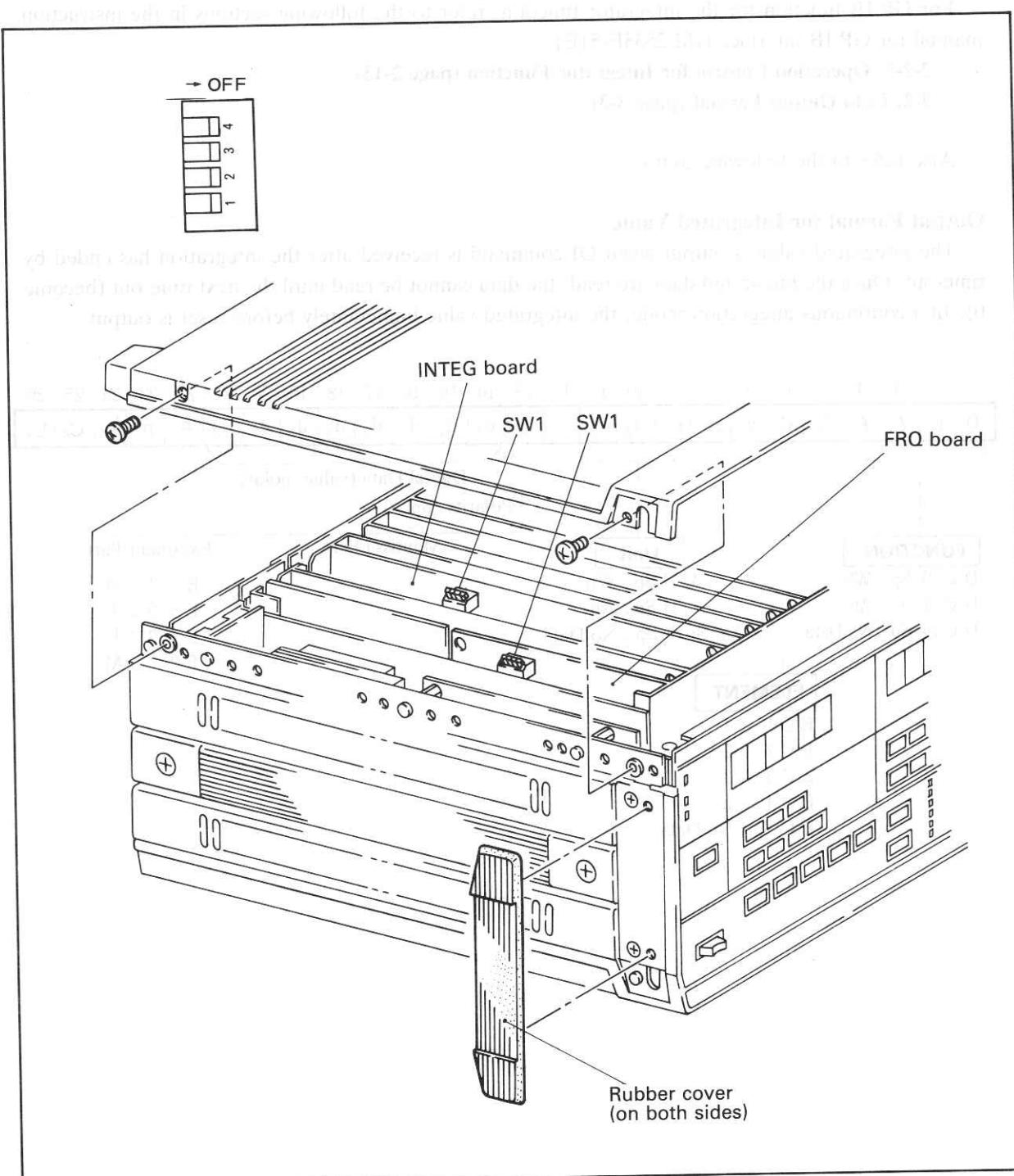


Figure 2-13.

2-11. Integrator GP-IB

For GP-IB function for the integrator function, refer to the following sections in the instruction manual for GP-IB interface (IM 2533E-51E).

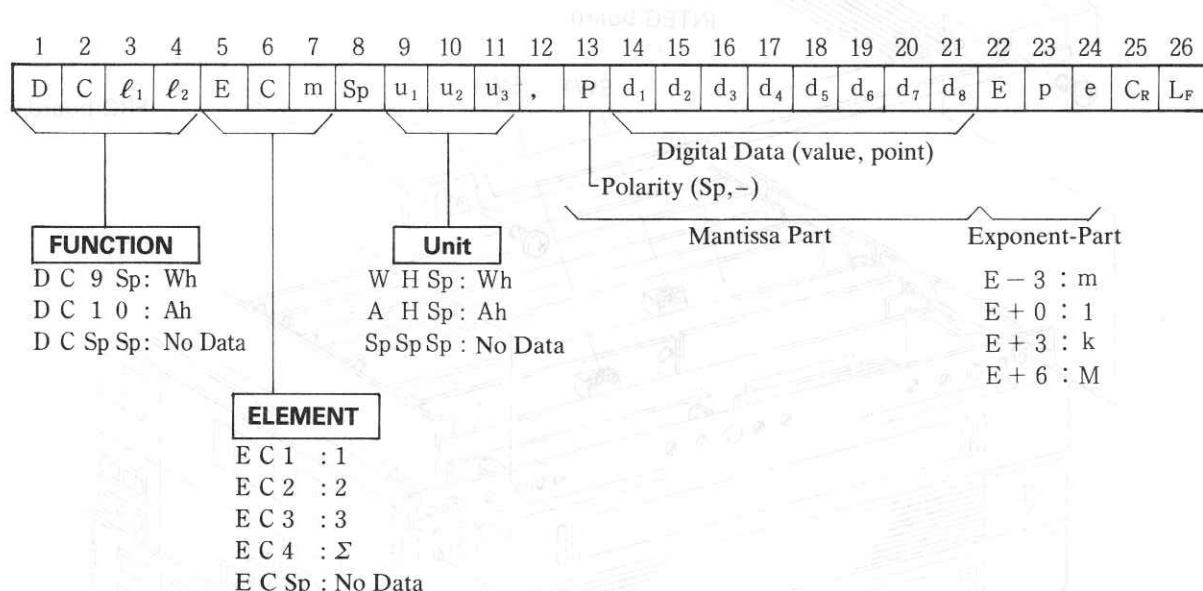
2-2-7. Operation Control for Integrator Function (page 2-13)

3-2. Data Output Format (page 3-3)

Also refer to the following items.

Output Format for Integrated Value

The integrated value is output when OI command is received after the integration has ended by time-out. Once the integrated data are read, the data cannot be read until the next time-out (become 0). In a continuous integration mode, the integrated value immediately before reset is output.



3. REFERENCE INFORMATION

Error Codes

The table below indicates error numbers displayed by self-test when turning on power and error codes output by GP-IB interface.

Error Code Lists

| Error No. | Error Contents | Operation of 2533E |
|---|---|--|
| Self-test, Initial Set when Turning on Power | | |
| 001 | RAM (U4) is faulty | <i>Err 001</i> is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held |
| 002 | ROM (U2) is faulty | <i>Err 002</i> is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held |
| 003 | ROM (U3) is faulty | <i>Err 003</i> is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held |
| 004 | Board combination error A-D converter board is absent or input board combination is erroneous | <i>Err 004</i> is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held |
| 005 | Internal switch setting error (1, 2 turned ON) | <i>Err 005</i> is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held |
| 006 | On triple phase model internal switches are set to 3 voltages, 3 currents measurement | <i>Err 006</i> is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held |
| For GP-IB | | |
| | A-D end | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> At HOLD, A-D End SRQ is delivered |
| | INTEG end | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INTEG End SRQ is delivered |
| | INTEG Busy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INTEG Busy Status is set |
| | INTEG Ready | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> INTEG Busy Status is reset |
| 100 | Command error (undefined command is received) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) When OE command is received, ERR 100 $(C_R)(L_F)$ is sent |
| 101 | Parameter <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Parameter is beyond specified range DISPLAY and mode combination error | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) When OE command is received, ERR 101 $(C_R)(L_F)$ is sent In case of combination error, lamp of designated function flashes |
| 102 | It is attempted to set timer or scaling at integration reserve status | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) When OE command is received, ERR 102 $(C_R)(L_F)$ is sent |

| Error No. | Error Contents | Operation of 2533E |
|------------------|--|--|
| For GP-IB | | |
| 107 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • While message (setting information, error No.) is output, A-D start is executed from GP-IB controller at sample HOLD status • A-D conversion start is executed by "ST", "TRG" while not at HOLD status • It is attempted to set range in auto range mode • It is attempted to set timer while timer or scaling is set • It is attempted to set scaling while timer or scaling is set | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) • When OE command is received, ERR 107 $(C_R \parallel L_F)$ is sent |
| 110 | It is attempted to start while integrator is reserved in another mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) • When OE command is received, ERR 110 $(C_R \parallel L_F)$ is sent |
| 111 | It is attempted to start integration when measurement data corresponding to integration mode have overflowed | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) • When OE command is received, ERR 111 $(C_R \parallel L_F)$ is sent |
| 112 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is attempted to start integration while integration is in progress • It is attempted to start integration when not in integration mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) • When OE command is received, ERR 112 $(C_R \parallel L_F)$ is sent |
| 113 | Integration stop by integration over | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) • When OE command is received, ERR 113 $(C_R \parallel L_F)$ is sent |
| 114 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is attempted to reset integration while integration is in progress • It is attempted to reset integration when not in integration mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) • When OE command is received, ERR 114 $(C_R \parallel L_F)$ is sent |
| 116 | It is attempted to reset integration when display is not in integration mode | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service request SRQ is generated (syntax error) • When OE command is received, ERR 116 $(C_R \parallel L_F)$ is sent |

| Error No. | Error Contents | Operation of 2533E |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Processing error | | |
| 103 | Result of scaling factor computation overflows display digits | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> “(B) 888888” is indicated on corresponding display Service request SRQ is generated (OVER) When OE command is received, ERR 103 (C_R) (L_F) is sent |
| 104 | Measured data over (input of A-D converter exceeds 140% of rated range) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> “99999” is indicated on corresponding display Service request SRQ is generated (OVER) When OE command is received, ERR 104 (C_R) (L_F) is sent |
| 105 | No measurement data | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (--) ----- is indicated on corresponding display Service request SRQ is generated (OVER) When OE command is received, ERR 105 (C_R) (L_F) is sent |
| 106 | Voltage peak value over (voltage peak value exceeds 250%) of rated range | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Voltage PEAK OVER lamp comes on Service request SRQ is generated (OVER) When OE command is received, ERR 106 (C_R) (L_F) is sent |
| 108 | Current peak value over (current peak value exceeds 350%) of rated range | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Current PEAK OVER lamp comes on Service request SRQ is generated (OVER) When OE command is received, ERR 108 (C_R) (L_F) is sent |
| 109 | Frequency data are under | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> “9999999” is indicated on DISPLAY C Service request SRQ is generated (OVER) When OE command is received, ERR 109 (C_R) (L_F) is sent |
| Hardware Error | | |
| 200 | A-D converter error | “Err 200” is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held. A-D board is faulty. |
| 201 | Integrator error | “Err 201” is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held. INTEG board is faulty. |
| 202 | Frequency measuring section error | “Err 202” is indicated on DISPLAY C and control is held. FRO board is faulty. |
| Data Setting Error | | |
| | Scaling factor set value is beyond setting range (0.0001 to 10000) | “(B) 888888” is indicated on relevant display section and entire display flashes |
| | Timer set value is beyond setting range (00 h: 01 min to 999 h: 00 min) | “(B) 888888” is indicated on relevant display section and entire display flashes |

4. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS AND ELECTRONIC PARTS LIST

INDEX

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List of abbreviations

| | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------------|-------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|
| AC | alternating current | IC | integrated circuit | RTD | resistance temperature |
| ADPTR | adapter | IND | inductance, induction | RTRY | detector |
| AL | aluminum | ISLN | isolation | SEG | rotary |
| AMP | amplifier | ISOL | isolator | SHLD | segment |
| ASSY | assembly | JIS | Japanese industrial | Si | shielded |
| BAT | battery | JUMP | standard | SKT | silicon |
| BFR | buffer | L | jumper | SNSR | socket |
| BUZ | buzzer | LCD | inductor | SPLY | sensor |
| CAP | capacitor | LED | liquid crystal display | STAB | supply |
| CAR | carbon | LSI | light-emitting diode | STD | stabilizer |
| CBL | cable | MDL | large-scale integrated | STEPG | standard |
| CCT | circuit | MET | circuit | SVO | stepping |
| CER | ceramic | MOD | module | SW | servo |
| CHP | chopper | NOM | metal (lized) | SYN | switch |
| CNTR | counter | VAL | modulator | Ta | synchronous |
| COAX | coaxial | OPT | nominal value | TC | tantalum |
| COM | common | OSC | optical | TEMP | thermocouple |
| COMP | composition | PB | oscillator | TERM | temperature |
| CONN | connector | PBA | printed board | TGL | terminal |
| CONV | converter | PEC | printed board assembly | THERMO | toggle |
| CT | current transformer | POLYE | photoelectric cell | THMS | thermostat |
| DC | direct current | POLYS | polyester | UJT | theristor |
| DET | detector | POT | polystyrene | VAR | unijunction transistor |
| DSPL | display | PT | potentiometer | WW | variable |
| ELECT | electrolytic | PWR | potential transformer | XDCR | wire wound |
| EXT | external, extension | RAM | power | XFMR | transducer |
| FET | field effect transistor | RBN | random access memory | XSTR | transformer |
| FLEX | flexible | RECP | ribbon | XTAL | transistor |
| FLM | film | RECT | receptacle | ZNR | crystal |
| FLTR | filter | RES | rectifier | | |
| FXD | fixed | RGLTR | resistor | | |
| Ge | germanium | ROM | regulator | | |
| GEN | generator | | read only memory | | |
| GND | ground | | | | |

Example

CONN : multi = multi connector
 CAP : fxd Al elect = Fixed aluminum electrolytic capacitor
 CAP : fxd polye film = Fixed polyester film capacitor
 RES : fxd car film = Fixed carbon film resistor
 RES : var ww = Wirewound variable resistor
 SW : rtry = rotary switch

NOTES

- Components — especially ICs — which are equivalent to components shown in the schematic diagrams and parts list, but manufactured by other manufacturers, can in general be used in the instrument.
- Subject to change without notice; changes may be made to improve the instrument's performance.

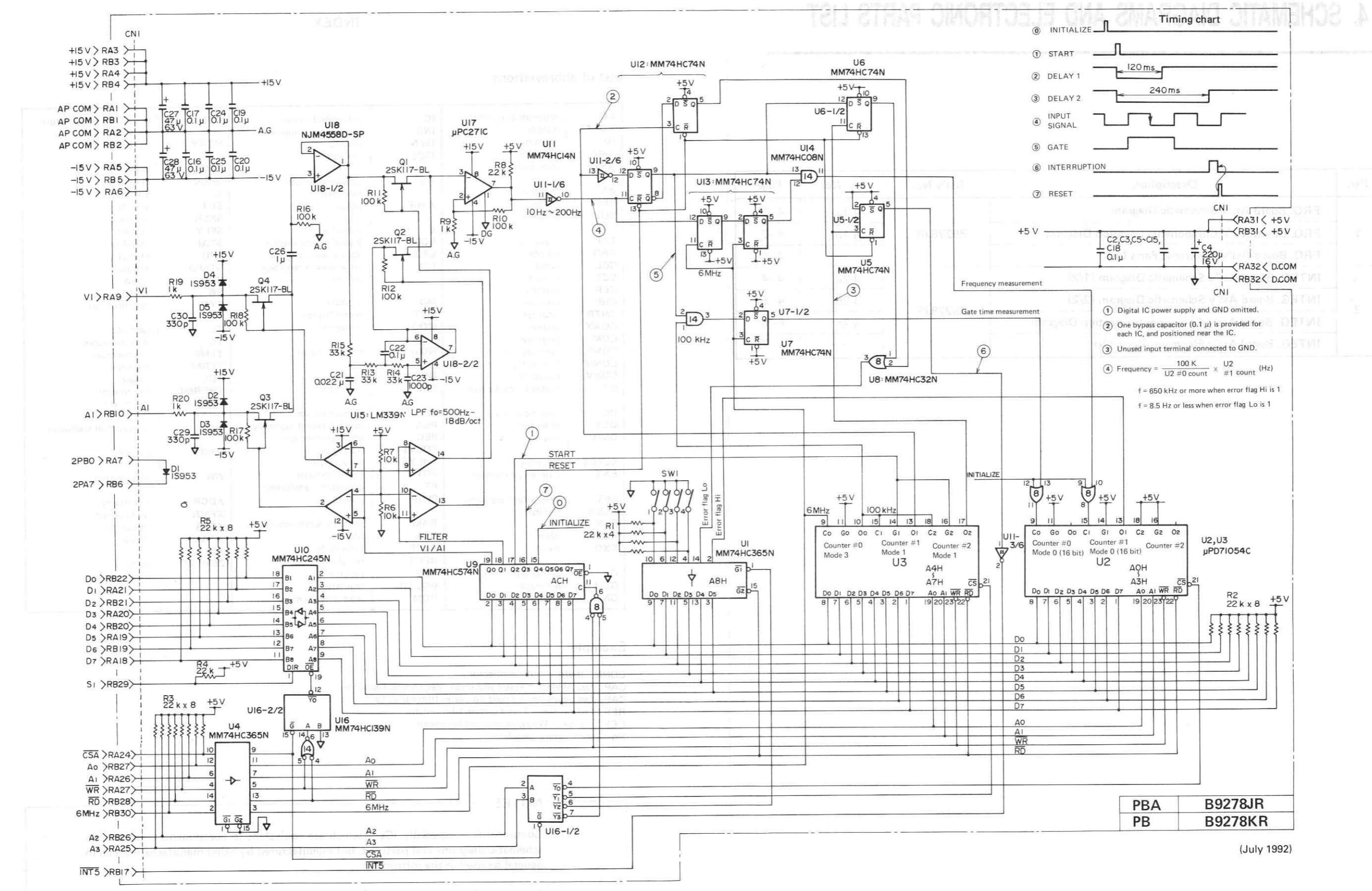
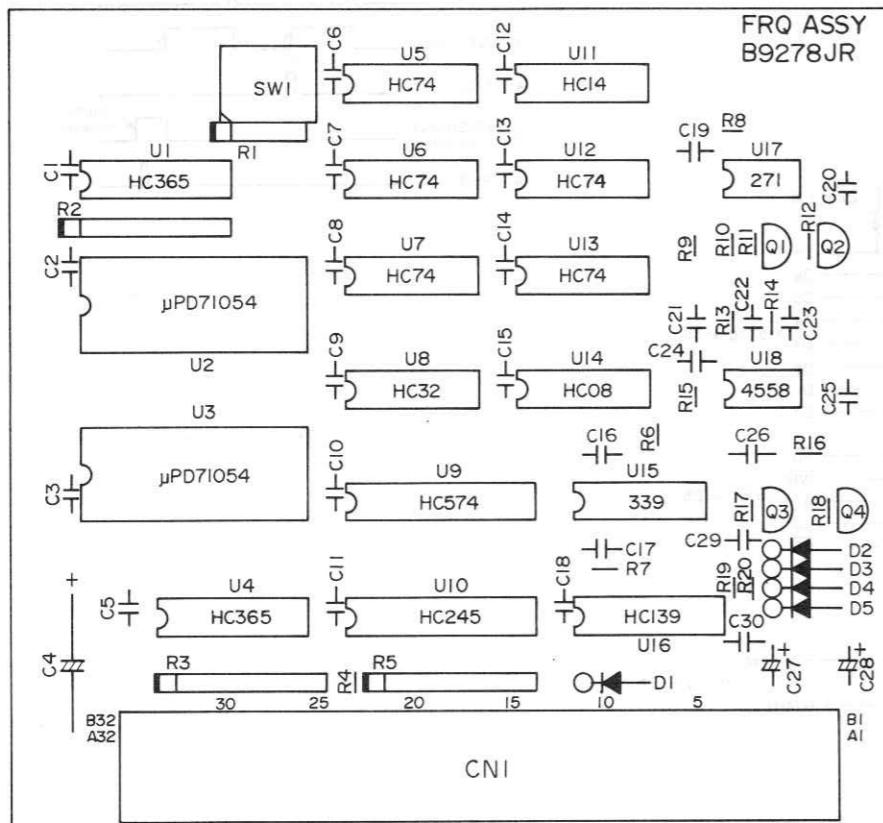


Figure 4-1a. FRQ. Board Ass'y: B9278JR Schematic Diagram.



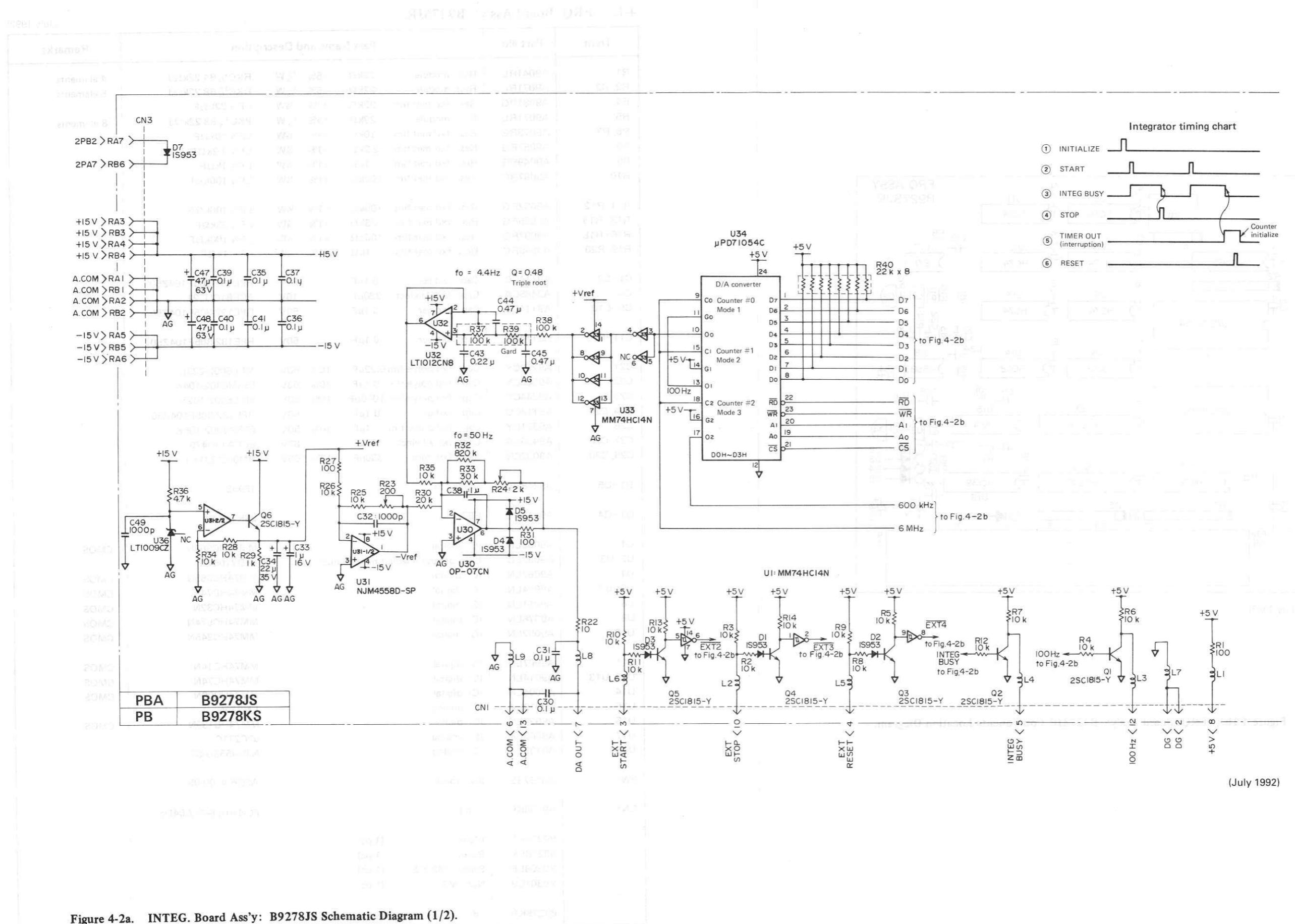


Figure 4-2a. INTEG. Board Ass'y: B9278JS Schematic Diagram (1/2).

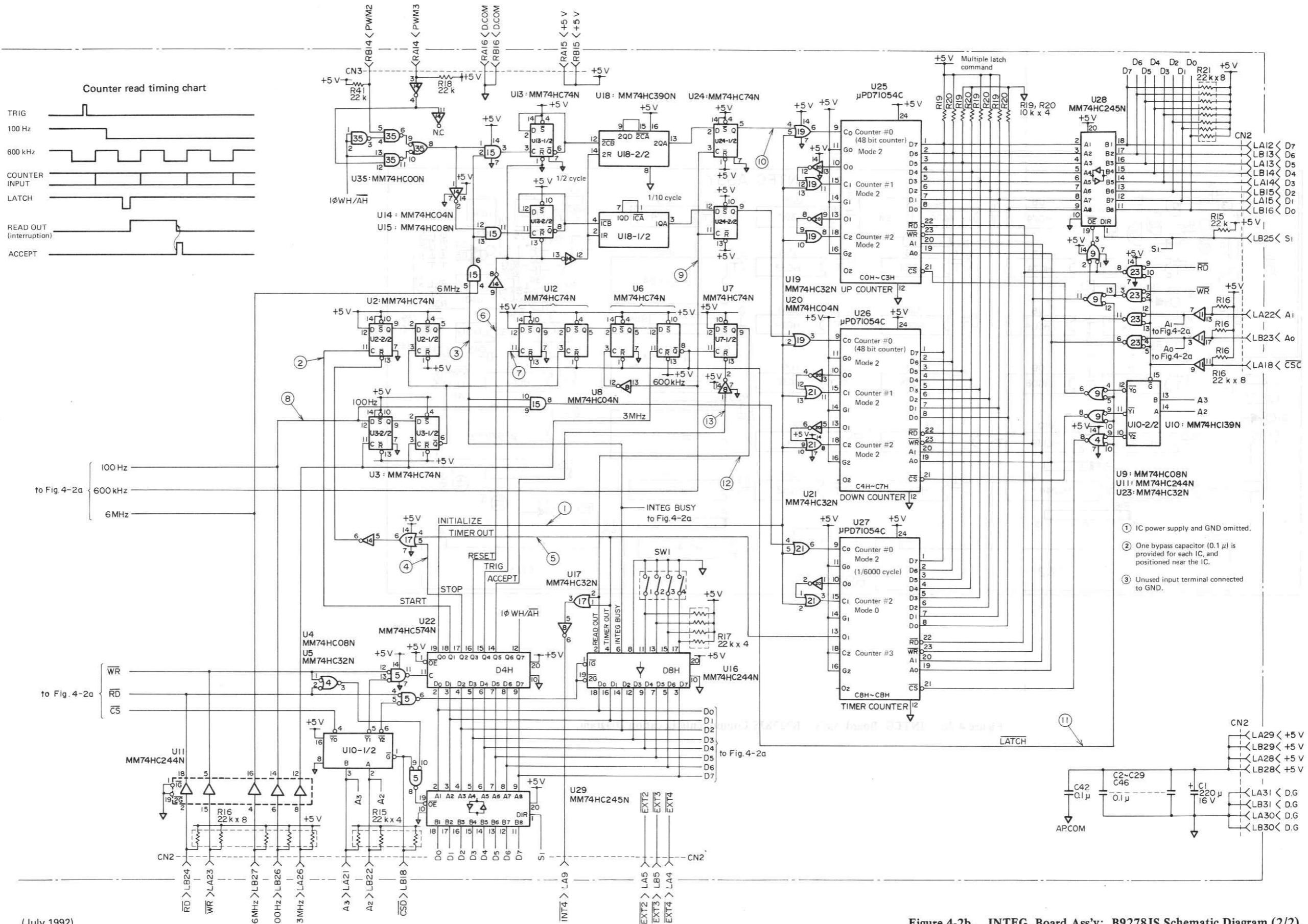


Figure 4-2b. INTEG. Board Ass'y: B9278JS Schematic Diagram (2/2).

(July 1992)

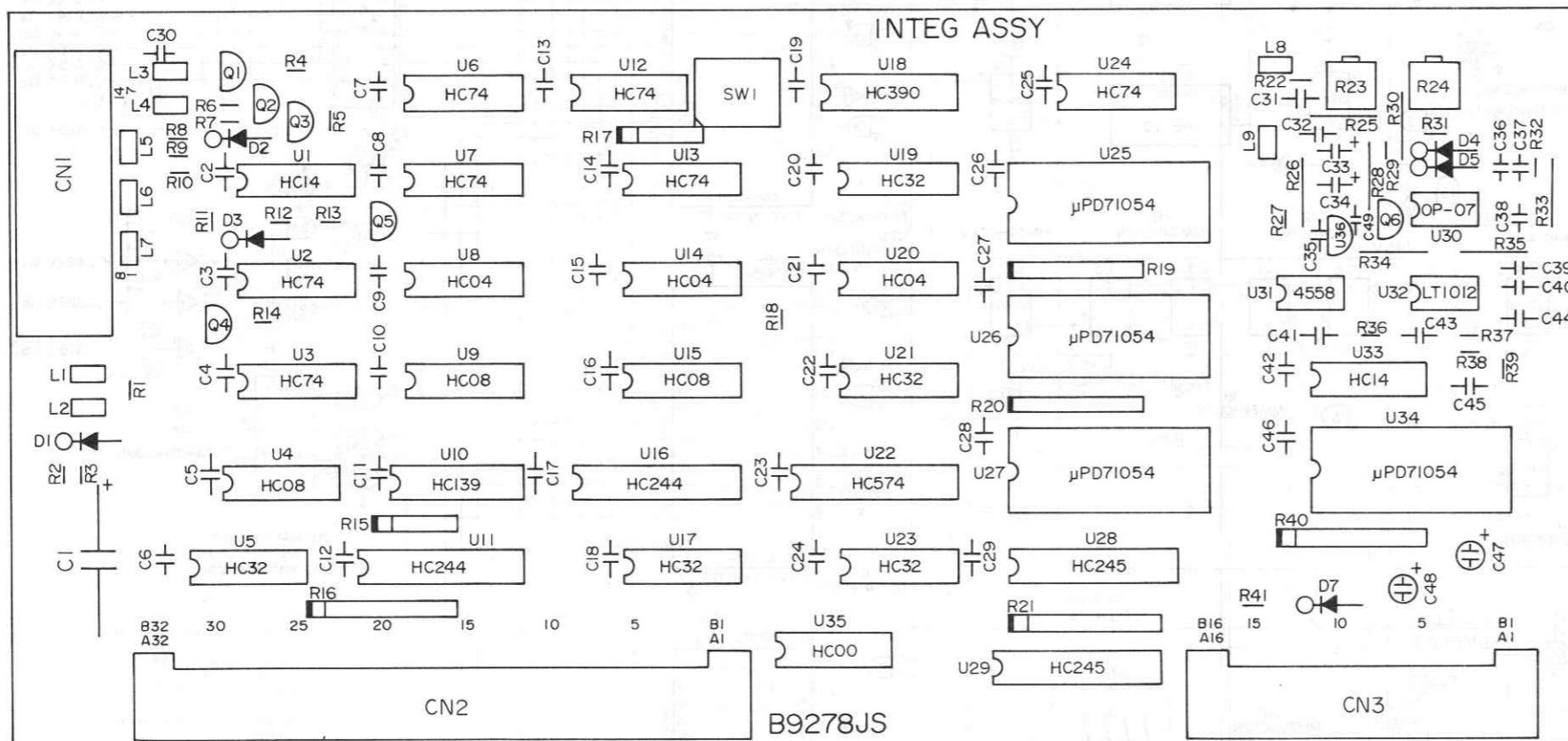


Figure 4-2c. INTEG. Board Ass'y: B9278JS Components Location Diagram.

4-2. INTEG. Board Ass'y: B9278JS.

(July 1992)

| Item | Part No. | Part Name and Description | | | | | | Remarks |
|----------|----------|---------------------------|--------|-------|------|--------------------|------------|---------|
| R1 | A9025RG | Res: fxd met film | 100Ω | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 100ΩF | | |
| R2~R10 | A9073RG | Res: fxd met film | 10kΩ | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 10kΩF | | |
| R11~R14 | A9073RG | Res: fxd met film | 10kΩ | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 10kΩF | | |
| R15 | A9041RL | Res: module | 22kΩ | ±5% | 1/8W | RKC1/8 B8 22kΩJ | 4 elements | |
| R16 | A9071RL | Res: module | 22kΩ | ±5% | 1/8W | RKC1/8 B8 22kΩJ | 8 elements | |
| R17 | A9041RL | Res: module | 22kΩ | ±5% | 1/8W | RKC1/8 B8 22kΩJ | 4 elements | |
| R18 | A9081RG | Res: fxd met film | 22kΩ | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 22kΩF | | |
| R19, R20 | A9115RL | Res: module | 10kΩ | ±5% | 1/4W | RKC1/4B4S 10kΩJ | 4 elements | |
| R21 | A9071RL | Res: module | 22kΩ | ±5% | 1/8W | RKC1/8 B8 22kΩJ | 8 elements | |
| R22 | A9001RG | Res: fxd met film | 10Ω | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 10ΩF | | |
| R23 | A9543RV | Res: var cermet | 200Ω | ±20% | 1/4W | GF06X1 200Ω | | |
| R24 | A9544RV | Res: var cermet | 2kΩ | ±20% | 1/4W | GF06X1 2kΩ | | |
| R25, R26 | A9653RK | Res: fxd met film | 10kΩ | ±0.1% | 1/4W | CFA10kΩBT1 | | |
| R27 | A9025RG | Res: fxd met film | 100Ω | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 100ΩF | | |
| R28 | A9653RK | Res: fxd met film | 10kΩ | ±0.1% | 1/4W | CFA10kΩBT1 | | |
| R29 | A9049RG | Res: fxd met film | 1kΩ | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 1kΩF | | |
| R30 | A9656RK | Res: fxd met film | 20kΩ | ±0.1% | 1/4W | CFA20kΩBT1 | | |
| R31 | A9025RG | Res: fxd met film | 100Ω | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 100ΩF | | |
| R32 | A9119RG | Res: fxd met film | 820kΩ | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 820kΩF | | |
| R33 | A9670RK | Res: fxd met film | 30kΩ | ±0.1% | 1/8W | CFA30kΩBT1 | | |
| R34, R35 | A9653RK | Res: fxd met film | 10kΩ | ±0.1% | 1/4W | CFA10kΩBT1 | | |
| R36 | A9065RG | Res: fxd met film | 4.7kΩ | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 4.7kΩF | | |
| R37~R39 | A9097RG | Res: fxd met film | 100kΩ | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 100kΩF | | |
| R40 | A9071RL | Res: module | 22kΩ | ±5% | 1/8W | RKC1/8 B8 22kΩJ | 8 elements | |
| R41 | A9081RG | Res: fxd met film | 22kΩ | ±1% | 1/4W | LF1/4 22kΩF | | |
| C1 | A9465CA | Cap: fxd Al elect | 220μF | | 16V | ECEB1CU221 | | |
| C2~C10 | A9114CC | Cap: fxd cer | 0.1μF | | 50V | RPE132-305F104Z50 | | |
| C11~C20 | A9114CC | Cap: fxd cer | 0.1μF | | 50V | RPE132-305F104Z50 | | |
| C21~C30 | A9114CC | Cap: fxd cer | 0.1μF | | 50V | RPE132-305F104Z50 | | |
| C31 | A9114CC | Cap: fxd cer | 0.1μF | | 50V | RPE132-305F104Z50 | | |
| C32 | A9244CY | Cap: fxd polye film | 1000pF | ±10% | 50V | MFL5002-102K | | |
| C33 | A9233CT | Cap: fxd Ta elect | 1μF | | 16V | CS90E-1V-1R000-R58 | | |
| C34 | A9441CA | Cap: fxd Al elect | 22μF | | 35V | ECEA1VU220 | | |
| C35~C37 | A9114CC | Cap: fxd cer | 0.1μF | | 50V | RPE132-305F104Z50 | | |
| C38 | A9371CY | Cap: fxd polye film | 1μF | ±10% | 50V | 553M5002 105K | | |
| C39, C40 | A9114CC | Cap: fxd cer | 0.1μF | | 50V | RPE132-305F104Z50 | | |
| C41, C42 | A9114CC | Cap: fxd cer | 0.1μF | | 50V | RPE132-305F104Z50 | | |
| C43 | A9367CY | Cap: fxd polye film | 0.22μF | ±10% | 63V | 553M6302 224K | | |
| C44, C45 | A9369CY | Cap: fxd polye film | 0.47μF | ±10% | 63V | 553M6302 474K | | |
| C46 | A9114CC | Cap: fxd cer | 0.1μF | | 50V | RPE132-305F104Z50 | | |
| C47, C48 | A9455CA | Cap: fxd Al elect | 47μF | | 63V | ECEA1JU470 | | |
| C49 | A9244CY | Cap: fxd polye film | 1000pF | ±10% | 50V | MFL5002-102K | | |

4-2. INTEG. Board Ass'y: B9278JS. (continued)

| Item | Part No. | Part Name and Description | | | Remarks |
|----------|----------|----------------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------|
| L1~L9 | A9100MC | FLTR | | ZBF253D-01 | |
| D1~D5 | A9248HD | Diode: Si | | 1S953 | |
| D6 | | | | | not assigned |
| D7 | A9248HD | Diode: Si | | 1S953 | |
| Q1~Q6 | A9340HQ | XSTR | | 2SC1815-Y | |
| U1 | A9007LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC14N | CMOS |
| U2, U3 | A9014LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC74N | CMOS |
| U4 | A9004LN | IC: digital | | MM84HC08N | CMOS |
| U5 | A9011LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC32N | CMOS |
| U6, U7 | A9014LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC74N | CMOS |
| U8 | A9003LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC04N | CMOS |
| U9 | A9004LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC08N | CMOS |
| U10 | A9027LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC139N | CMOS |
| U11 | A9051LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC244N | CMOS |
| U12, U13 | A9014LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC74N | CMOS |
| U14 | A9003LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC04N | CMOS |
| U15 | A9004LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC08N | CMOS |
| U16 | A9051LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC244N | CMOS |
| U17 | A9011LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC32N | CMOS |
| U18 | A9068LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC390N | CMOS |
| U19 | A9011LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC32N | CMOS |
| U20 | A9003LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC04N | CMOS |
| U21 | A9011LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC32N | CMOS |
| U22 | A9076LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC574N | CMOS |
| U23 | A9011LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC32N | CMOS |
| U24 | A9014LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC74N | CMOS |
| U25~U27 | A9052LC | LSI: programmable timer, counter | | μPD71054C | |
| U28, U29 | A9052LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC245N | CMOS |
| U30 | A9200LA | IC: analog | | OP-07CN | |
| U31 | A9195LA | IC: analog | | NJM4558D-SP | |
| U32 | A9188LA | IC: analog | | LT1012CN8 | |
| U33 | A9086LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC14N | |
| U34 | A9052LC | LSI: programmable timer, counter | | μPD71054C | CMOS |
| U35 | A9001LN | IC: digital | | MM74HC00N | |
| U36 | A9211LA | IC: analog | | LT1009CZ | |
| SW1 | A9130SS | Sw: toggle | | DNP-4 | |
| CN1 | A9636KC | Conn | | 57LE-40140-7700-D12 | |
| CN2 | A9708KP | Conn | | PCN10A-64P-2.54DS | |
| CN3 | A9709KP | Conn | | PCN10A-32P-2.54DS | |
| B9278DZ | | Plate (1 pc) | | | |
| Y9310JB | | Screw: M3 X 10 (2 pcs) | | | |
| Y9308LB | | Screw: M3 X 8 (2 pcs) | | | |
| B9278KS | | PB (1pc) | | | |